



IT IS OUR FATHER WHO WRITES:
ORDERS FROM THE MONASTERY OF APOLLO AT BAWIT

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It is our Father who Writes: Orders from the Monastery of Apollo at Bawit

by S.J. Clackson

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American Society of Papyrologists Cincinnati, Ohio LARGE NISAW BX 138 .839 CS3 2008

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This book is dedinurses of the Brid Cambridge, and i Helena Earle, Ca

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This book is dedicated to the staff of Oncology Unit, Addenbrooke's Hospital, Cambridge, the doctors and nurses of the Bridge Street Surgery, Cambridge and the palliative care team of the Laurels Surgeries, Cambridge, and in particular the following individuals:

Helena Earle, Caroline Stephens, Pat Westcott, Charles Wilson, Simon Woods.

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Christ's College, Cambridge, for financial assistance in the publication of this volume.

Preface
This edition was comcancer and given were cause temporary men (ditto!). The reader very for in a publication of fellow countrymen very (1904-1952) and P.E. of my imminent deal highly-enjoyable life distractions which humpublished which is unpublished which in

She had planned to or her commentary and much Sarah's work, Sarah's unincorporat was written by Sarah Schmelz compiled title texts, Charles Ci Richter, Alan Bown

James Clackson

Oxford University.

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#### **Preface**

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This edition was completed under rather unusual circumstances: in May 2003 I was diagnosed with terminal cancer and given weeks or perhaps months to live. It was predicted that the metastases in my brain could cause temporary memory loss (nothing new there!) and perhaps other elements of weird brain pattern (ditto!). The reader will undoubtedly find discrepancies and omissions in addition to those usually allowed for in a publication of this nature, given the Weltanschauung produced by such a diagnosis. Unlike my fellow countrymen who were extinguished with little or no notice, *P.Michael*.'s David Stewart Crawford (1904-1952) and *P.Bal*.'s Paul Eric Kahle (1923-1952), I was given the doubtful luxury of some forewarning of my imminent death. I must admit, however, that I continued to prioritise my husband, James, and our highly-enjoyable lifestyle over work-related issues. Our cat, Nantucket, and friends provided many distractions which have resulted in the sizeable body of papyrological transcriptions made by me but left unpublished which is now accessible through the benevolence of the Archive of the Griffith Institute, Oxford University.

[The above preface was practically the last work Sarah was able to do on this book. In preparing it for publication I have been conscious that this edition will fall short of the standard that she would have liked. She had planned to do substantial work on the Introductory Chapter, and would doubtless have amplified her commentary and made improved readings on a number of the texts. I have tried to keep this book as much Sarah's work, unfinished though it is, as possible. Wherever I have added material, usually to convey Sarah's unincorporated notes on a text, I have done so in square brackets [], and anything not so enclosed was written by Sarah herself. I was greatly helped in the preparation by a number of individuals. Georg Schmelz compiled the indexes, Anne Boud'hors, Paul Dilley, Terry Wilfong and Petra Sijpesteijn checked the texts, Charles Crowther scanned the plates and Anne Boud'hors, Dominique Bénazeth, Sebastian Richter, Alan Bowman and others took time to answer questions of detail.

James Clackson]

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## PART I

## INTRODUCTION

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I.1 Struct

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#### **OVERVIEW OF THE TEXTS**

Documents edited here are concerned with the day-to-day administration of an Egyptian monastery in the 8th century. Most of the documents can be linked with the Monastery of Apollo at Bawit, and they contribute to the growing body of documentation from this important monastery which has been published within the last decade.<sup>1</sup>

The central core of this volume is formed by the orders issued by a monastic superior, probably the head of the monastery himself, to various subordinates. Thirteen of these texts have been published previously (9, 11, 16, 26, 29, 37, 48, 49, 51, 52, 55, 60, and 88). In addition, associated texts written earlier on the same piece of papyrus as the orders are also published. They are predominantly letters and contracts, mostly now in a very fragmentary state. Two papyri have *Our father*-formula texts on both sides (2/3 and 7/8).

#### I.1 Structure of the orders

Most of the orders begin with the standard formula πενειωτ πετεγλί μπαφηρε 'It is our father who writes to his son'. This is found in 71 texts edited here, and also in some related unpublished papyri which could not be included in this edition. It is henceforth referred to as the 'Our father-formula'. Some texts record variants of this formula πενειωτ ετεγλί or πετεγλί (No. 35); πενειωτ πεκεγλ(ε)ι (Nos. 40 and 42); and No. 22, NN πεπροιστος πετεγλί.

All of the texts are short, usually under ten lines long although they range from three (No. 32) to at least nineteen (No. 50) lines long. All are written on papyrus, except for No. 49 which was written on an ostracon (this text survives only in a transcription made by Jean Clédat). Apart from four or five of the texts, the documents take up just one side of the writing material (exceptions: Nos. 15, 25, 37, 47, and 62 (?)). The texts are written across or parallel to the papyrus fibres in fairly equal proportion, and in many instances the papyrus has already been used at least once, see I.12. Some of the texts can be grouped together because they involve the same addressees, scribes or signatories.

All of the documents contain the **Opening fomula** or a variant of it. Orders for payment, invoices and receipts generally follow the format given below (compare the homogeneous format of the *aparchê* collection documents discussed at *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 20). For conciseness only standard Sahidic forms are used below and the texts should be referred to individually for variants.

Opening formula	пенеішт петсглі мпафнре (/инафнре/other) $\mathrm{NN}^2$
Introduction	$\mathbf{x}$ $\mathbf{\varepsilon}$ (арі тагапн) $^3$
A) Order for payment	T1 <sup>4</sup> commodity (Total/Résumé of commodity and value) <sup>5</sup>
B) Invoice	$\epsilon$ ic aitnooy=6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For references to recent work, see *O.BawitIFAO* and Clackson 2004 and 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, and 25 are addressed to 'brothers of the poll-tax', and No. 37 is addressed rather elaborately to [π]εμμέριτ που πρεσφωριότερος. The elegant hand in which this text is written suggests that the scribe was used to composing less mundane works than a simple order for payment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Be so kind (ἀγάπη)' in Nos. **26**, **37** and **49**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Give'; No. 37 has the optative form μαρογτι 'let them give'. In a couple of instances, τι may be preceded by τεγνογ εκαχι τιπιττακιον 'As soon as you receive this note' (No. 40 (πενειωτ πεκεγαει formula) and possibly No. 31).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>This is always written in Greek, see Nos. 16, 38, 39, 40 and 41.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Here is (the commodity ) I have sent ...' in Nos. 54 and 55.

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C) Receipt	EIC A4-/AYEI ETOOT $(T)^7$
Date (and scribe)	A) (month) x (day) x indiction $x^8$ (+ NN ἔγραψα)
	B) μηνί x (day) x indiction $x^{10}$ (+ NN ἔγραψα) <sup>11</sup>
	C) μηνί x (day) x indiction x NN <sup>12</sup>
	D) ἐγράφη (month) x (day) x indiction x <sup>13</sup> NN <sup>14</sup>
	E) ἔγραψα NN (month) x (day) x indiction x <sup>15</sup>
Signatory	NN (τι) cτοιχει <sup>16</sup>

Two texts (Nos. 26 and 27) replace the signatory with three crosses. Four texts are inscribed on the back with a docket (Nos. 15, 25, 47, 62), and another may have had an address or a docket (No. 37). It is not always easy to tell whether a document had a signatory which was later lost, or never had a signatory at all.

#### I.2 Provenance

Out of the 71 *Our father*-formula texts edited here, five are the result of official excavations. Four were found by Jean Clédat at the Monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit; two of these, both belonging to the Louvre, have already been published: No. 9,<sup>17</sup> and No. 49, the only ostracon with the formula discovered to date.<sup>18</sup> Three Coptic papyri from the site preserving possibly four *Our father*-formula texts are now in the Ismailia Museum, of which Jean Clédat was the first director (Nos. 13, 36, and unpublished Ismailia Museum inv.1138).

The provenance of No. 9 has implications for other *Our father*-formula documents. It is addressed to 'the brothers of the poll-tax', as are other texts (see **Table 2**), and is signed by Keri (the Coptic form of Cyrus) as are others, including No. 13, which was probably excavated at Bawit by Clédat. A signatory called Daniel, who occurs in another document addressed to the brothers of the poll-tax (No. 14), is also found in three other *Our father*-formula texts, Nos. 15, 16 and 17. His signature differs from that of Daniel who occurs as a signatory in a papyrus excavated at Wadi Sarga, No. 60 (*P.Sarga* 175). Although very fragmentary, this order for payment may partially preserve the formula (TENEIDET TETC221 ...]).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Here is/are x, I have received it/them' (literally 'it has/they have come into my hands') in Nos. 1.3-4, 4.2 and 4, 12.4, 15.2. For this formula, see *CPR* IV indices, p. 187 (ει ετοοτ<sup>=</sup>).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Nos. 29, 30, 32, 35, and 44.

 $<sup>^{96}</sup>$ NN I have written' in Nos. **5** (which frames the date with a pair of crosses), **9**, **15**, **16**, and **28**. In No. **12** εγρ<sup>α</sup> may be interpreted as ἐγράφη 'it was written', because the scribe's name is in the genitive case as though διά 'through' precedes it, compare *P.Bal*. 148.4. See also the transcription note to No. **9**.4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>Nos. 21 and 51.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> NN I have written' in Nos. 25 and 47; and in Nos. 11 and 18, both of which frame the date with a pair of crosses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> In the month of x (day) x indiction x NN' in Nos. 1 and 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> It was written (month) x (day) x indiction x' in No. 38.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>144</sup>It was written (month) x (day) x indiction x NN' in No. 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> I wrote NN (month) x (day) x indiction x' in No. 39.

<sup>16.</sup> I agree', ατοιχε and ατοιχι are the most common spellings of στοιχεῖν in the texts. Three texts signed by Georgios (I.11)—Nos. 18.5, 19.6, and possibly also 20.6—record ατοιχεγε. Gignac (1981) does not record any examples of the interchange between -έω and -εύω exhibited in this variant.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>Boud'hors 1995: 29-30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>It is possible that another ostracon excavated at Bawit, O.Bawit 82, also began with this formula.

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may be edes it, On examination of the holdings of the manuscripts from the excavations at Wadi Sarga now in the collections of the British Museum and British Library, I found No. 60 to be the only attestation of the Our father-formula. 19 Kahle's statement (P.Bal., p. 22, n. 2; recently cited in P.Köln IX, p. 205, n. 8) that 'It he opening phrase πενειωτ πεταλι (et sim.) indeed occurs several times at Wadi Sarga' should therefore be revised. Whereas I previously posited Aphrodito as the provenance of some unpublished Our father-formula texts (Clackson 1993: 68; cited in P.Köln IX, p. 204), I now withdraw this suggestion as having no secure foundation from the evidence I have assembled to date (2002).

A provenance of the monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit may also be assigned with confidence to other texts. No. 43 is written on the back of a document issued by a monk to [(the dikaion of?) the monastery] of the holy Apa Apollo (No. 77). No. 57 is a reproduction of P.Mon.Apollo 59a. This document consists of two texts: one with the Our father-formula; the other was issued by the archimandrite of a monastery of Apa Apollo on behalf of its dikaion. Both texts are written in the same hand and may have designated the same addressee, George. This papyrus may be connected with Bawit if a text written on its other side, P.Mon. Apollo 54, is indeed written in the same hand as P.CtYBR inv. 2334 (unpublished) which mentions mayhr, possibly to be interpreted as the place name Bawit rather than 'the monastery' (II-AYHT).

The place names and monasteries mentioned in the Our father-formula texts suggest a place of origin in the Hermopolite nome (see I.13). It should be noted that some of the place names, such as Pmanallou, Pmanlouga and Pmanranê (O.Bawit 21-23), are only otherwise attested in the ostraca excavated at Bawit which now belong to the Louvre. No. 26 mentions Toyagep which may be a place name and is only otherwise attested in an inscription on a wooden lintel believed to have come from Bawit.

#### I.3 Date

None of the texts bear a year date. Editors of Our father-formula texts have assigned dates ranging from the 6th-8th century CE. Palaeographical analysis of the texts suggests that they date to the 7th-8th century, more usually the 8th century.

#### I.4 Previous opinions on this formula

Walter Ewing Crum assumed 'from internal evidence' that No. 4 was from Wadi Sarga,20 and subsequently published it together with the Greek and Coptic texts excavated at the site (P.Sarga 174). As this text contains no place or personal names which might suggest this provenance, it may be concluded that it was the Our father-formula, which also occurs in P.Sarga 175 (No. 60), which caused Crum to form this assumption. Crum (P.Sarga, p. 22) suggested that the signatory in P.Sarga 175 may be the archimandrite Daniel who occurs in P.Sarga 87 and 161.

As already mentioned above, Kahle noted that the Our father-formula and variants occur 'several times' in texts from Wadi Sarga, although, as has just been demonstrated above, it only occurs in one British Library text excavated there. He did not, however, assume that three Michigan texts, Nos. 1, 4, 14, have this provenance, but remarked that the formula was quite common in unpublished financial documents from Ashmunein in the British Museum (P.Bal., p. 185, §155), specifying BM (now BL) Or. 6201B (146) (which does not bear this formula), 6201B (179) (read 6201A (179)), and 6201B (211).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>I am grateful to Morris Bierbrier, and to the staff of the British Library Oriental and India Office Collections for facilitating my study of the unpublished Coptic texts from Wadi Sarga in the British Museum (ostraca) and British Library (papyrus and vellum mss.: BL Or. 9035 (1-164)).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>See *P.Sarga*, p. 142.

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Drawing on Kahle's analysis, Beatrice Klakowicz (1981: 47) remarked (erroneously?) that the formula occurs in texts from the region extending from Asyut to Abydos. Anneliese Biedenkopf-Ziehner (1983: 44, 226, Tab. V Nr. A 2) has analysed the NN πετσ2λι π/ε-NN type of introductory epistolary formula and found that it occurs in 4th–7th or 8th century texts from Ashmunein to the Theban region. In the list of texts she consulted for her study, none bear the *Our father*-formula. Reference should also be made to some noteworthy 'Melitian' NN πετσ2λι documents from the 4th century, *P.Lond.* VI 1920, 1921, 1922, and another document of similar date which may also be Melitian, *P.Neph.* I 15.

Most recently, Gesa Schenke has suggested that neneror in the *Our father*-documents may be a personal name, Peneiot (*P.Köln* IX, p. 204–205). This hypothesis is disproved if, as I believe, the signatures at the end of some of the documents preserve the names of some of the men who bore the title 'our father' (I.11).

#### I.5 Analysis of the texts

A possible function of the *Our father*-formula texts is as the type of document employed by the head of the monastery's office when addressing short orders to internal monastery staff. The head of the monastery is designated as neneur 'our father'. His personal authorisation is sometimes attested by his signature but this is lacking in many documents (see I.11). This indicates that, although documents beginning with this formula were associated with his authority, they did not necessarily require the head's presence in order to be issued by his staff. The documents can be divided into three groups: orders for payment or invoices involving a range of commodities; documents relating to poll-tax administration; and a variety of orders and other documents, some of which are now too fragmentary for their purpose to be ascertained.

No. 54 uses the QINE  $\overline{\text{NCA}}$ - 'enquire after' formula which is found at the beginning of numerous ostraca belonging to the Louvre which were excavated at Bawit. This formula may also have occurred in No. 47 in which a scribe is ordered to 'enquire after' half a solidus of wine from an unspecified source and not to entrust it to a certain Phoibammon who is described as a wretch  $(\tau\alpha\lambda\alpha'i\pi\omega\rho\sigma\varsigma)$ . It may be that on receipt of Nos. 47 and 54 the scribe would fill out an ostracon (using the *shine nsa*-formula) with the request for the commodity, and hand it to a person who would be responsible for the delivery. In No. 47, Phoibammon may have earned himself a bad reputation as a delivery man, hence the warning not to use him.

Further connections between documents with the *Our father*-formula and the Bawit monastery of Apa Apollo may be provided by a couple of documents. The first of these is No. **24** which is addressed to Apa Petros the steward (οἰκονόμος), and signed by Theodoros. The steward is to give a certain Ammone some clothes in payment for collecting *aparchê* (cωκ απαρχη). [See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 17-23 for *aparchê* collection at Bawit.] The other *Our father*-formula document which may be connected with the Bawit monastery of Apa Apollo, is No. **57** (*P.Mon.Apollo* 59a), mentioned above (**I.2**), which throws light on the context in which *Our father*-formula documents were produced. Firstly a fragment of papyrus, one side of which had previously been used for a letter (*P.Mon.Apollo* 54), was inscribed with the *Our father*-formula and the beginning of the name of the person addressed (re-) (*P.Mon.Apollo* 59a). Then the scribe abandoned this text in favour of a new one (*P.Mon.Apollo* 59b), written around *P.Mon.Apollo* 59a. However, instead of writing 'our father' (πενείωτ), he wrote παικαίον νηπονολημοίος για απαλαρολού είτουτη [Ν]απα Σαχαρίας παρχημανα αλού παραλημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού παρχημανα αλού του για βαρλημος παρχημανα αλού παρχ

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>I am grateful to Dr Monika Hasitzka for informing me about this text in advance of publication.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>Note that I stated in *P.Mon.Apollo* that *P.Mon.Apollo* 54 was written after *P.Mon.Apollo* 59.

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the intended addressee of *P.Mon.Apollo* 59a. Very little of the rest of this document is preserved and so its purpose remains obscure. Judging from the format, it may have been a scribal exercise, possibly executed by someone connected with the office of the head of the monastery. Nevertheless, it is clear that *P.Mon.Apollo* 59b is an official type of document and therefore intended for quite a different purpose from the short and informal *Our father*-formula text, *P.Mon.Apollo* 59a. Possibly the scribe was more familiar with composing these short documents and automatically wrote the opening formula without thinking of the context.

The fact that only one of the *Our father*-formula documents (No. 37) has something resembling an address written on the back supports the idea that they were not intended for use outside the monastery. Only two of the documents, Nos. 54 and 55, may be interpreted in such a way as to suggest otherwise. Both are invoices, one for oil, the other for oil and lead. 'Our father' notifies his addressees that he has sent the item(s) to them which may indicate that he is in a distant place from them. However, it is probably the case that the head of the monastery is the only person authorised to organise the requisition of supplies from external sources. He is responsible for sending someone out for the supplies and is notified when they arrive. Then an invoice for the goods is issued from his office to the person destined to take charge of them. In No. 55 he includes the message that he is about to send someone out 'about the pitch' which suggests that his addressee has notified him that fresh supplies are needed. In No. 54 a consignment of lead and oil has been delivered by 'the sailors of Enoch' from whom they must be fetched. The sailors may have been attached to the monastery or may have been local people who worked for the monastery (see note to No. 54.7).

It is striking that, apart from one ostracon (No. 49), the *Our father*-formula texts are written on papyrus whereas the *shine nsa*-formula texts from Bawit are all ostraca. This might suggest that the former were to be preserved for a longer period than the latter, because papyri need less storage space than ostraca and are more durable. Papyrus is also a much more 'user-friendly' writing material than potsherd, and its use might also indicate the higher status of the office from which the *Our father*-formula documents were issued in relation to offices which used ostraca. Another factor to be considered is the possibly confidential nature of some of the texts inscribed on the papyri which were to be reused for *Our father*-formula documents (see I.12). Presumably they would have belonged to the monastery's archive and so might contain important financial or other details. Unauthorised people could not be allowed to have access to legal documents, for example, fragmentary though they might be.

#### I.6 Similarities with other types of Coptic documents

The Our father-formula tax receipts can be compared with the NN πεταγλι-formula, including tax receipts which are issued and signed by people in positions of authority such as the superior of a monastery, a βοηθός, or a priest. A dêmosion receipt with this formula, issued by Peter the proestôs, No. 22, is included here because of compelling evidence linking it with the Bawit Our father-formula texts. Published NN πεταγλι-formula tax receipts include P.Bal. 132–134, 136, 145–147, CPR IV 10; and P.Mich. inv. 4556 (Heisler 1984: 125).

Two NN πετσ2λι-formula texts, *P.CrumST* 329–330, bear similarities to No. **52** (*P.Köln* IX 386), in that both contain the injunction λλλ μπρλμελει 'but do not be negligent!' with which this text ends.

There are also similarities of format between some of the *Our father*-formula texts and documents beginning with the NN negceal-formula (*P.Sarga* 87, 89, 182, 184); and with the NN egceal formula (*P.Sarga* 185 and 187).

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#### I.7 Poll-tax documents

At least a dozen texts are concerned with poll-tax contributions of monks from the monastery, as well as outsiders, including monks of at least one other monastery.<sup>23</sup> The term for poll-tax used in these texts is ἀνδρισμός, which is typical of tax receipts from the Hermopolite; the more usual διάγραφον is found in texts from the Theban region.<sup>24</sup> Ten orders are issued directly to 'the brothers of the poll-tax': from these texts it can be seen that they were responsible for the administration of the handling of these tax payments from contributors both from within the monastery and outside in other monasteries and settlements (Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 25).<sup>25</sup> Their job was to keep a record of who had paid, including assessing payments made in kind, as well as noting who did not have to pay, and enforcing payment. The issuer of the documents is the person who determines who should and should not pay poll-tax. One document concerned with poll-tax payment, No. 12, is addressed to an individual, a rug-dealer, who may have paid his tax with two rugs. It is highly likely that he was a monk, probably belonging to the Apollo monastery.

The poll-tax payments recorded in these texts are half a solidus (in No. 4 represented by four sacks) and one solidus (Nos. 1 and 25). In all but one of the texts (No. 25), the tax is paid in kind, with sacks, rugs or wine. In No. 14 an unspecified number of people have made a payment of one solidus of wine, possibly for poll-tax.

Three documents are issued by 'our father' Keri in order to prevent people, who are presumably monks belonging to his monastery, from being held liable for tax payment by the brothers of the poll-tax (Nos. 5.2, 9.2, 11.3). The word which I interpret as 'hold liable' is (A)MAZE which is also found in other tax documents from the monastery (P.Mon.Apollo, p. 24). The term has a range of meanings listed by Crum (Dict., p. 10a, AMAZTE): 'seize, arrest' as well as 'be in possession of'. In No. 9 the head waives the tax liability of Iohannes whom he refers to as 'his man'. As head of the monastery, he had the power to exempt someone from a tax payment because he was ultimately responsible for his monastery's taxes.

In No. 5, Phoibamon TATIMAN[N] EPIP 'of the piggery' is not given the title 'brother' or 'monk' and so could be one of the lay people connected with the monastery. In only one document, No. 11, is the person whose liability is waived specified as a monk, and he is described as being from the monastery (TOOY) of Phoou. It may be that this monk is now residing in the monastery from which this document is issued but that he is given an epithet involving his former institution for the purpose of identification. However, it is also possible that the monastery issuing this document is responsible for collecting the taxes of monks from the monastery of Phoou. A similar role is played by the Apa Apollo monastery when it administers the collection of aparchê for other monasteries as well as itself.

#### I.8 Addressees

Many of the addressees (see **Table 2**) have the monastic title Papa (πλπλ: Nos. **18**, **20**, **28**, **45**, **46**, **47** and possibly **64**) or Apa (λπλ: Nos. **16**, **24**, **37**, **40**, **48**). One man is titled πρεσβύτερος (No. **37**). Other titles

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>These texts were discussed briefly by Clackson 2004 and 2007.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup>On the poll-tax in late Byzantine and early Arab Egypt, see Poll 1999, esp. table 1, and p. 252 n. 84.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup>For poll-tax in the Arab period, see Simonsen 1988: 10-12, and chapter 9, esp. pp. 98-99 and 101; *P.Bal.*, p. 43, and Husselman 1951: 332-338.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup>A payment of one solidus is recorded in seventy-nine of the one hundred and three Coptic poll-tax ostraca from Medinet Habu analysed in Simonsen 1988: 101–102, although payments could range from a third of a tremissis to two solidi depending on an individual's assessment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup>Not including Apa Noc in No. 49.

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or occupations assigned to addressees are that of oil-dealer (see below), rug-dealer (No. 12), woollengarments-seller (\$\psi\$ Noerrow No. 44), and sah (\$\cap\$), literally 'writer', (Nos. 15, 47, 50, 58). No. 15 is addressed to a sah and a builder.

Apart from the poll-tax documents described above, only two documents are addressed to bodies of people:<sup>28</sup> one to 'Apa Victor and the brothers' (No. 16), and one to the 'brothers of the *pistikos*' (No. 17). The title πιστικός is found in Greek and Coptic papyri dating from the 3rd-8th century. *CPR* II mentions that this title also occurs in K2568, and has been interpreted generally as a confidential agent (in, for example, *P.Monac*. 8.2, 4; p. 93), corresponding to the Arabic *amîn* (in, for example, *P.Bodl.Arab*. II l. 12, *P.Heid.Arab*. I, p. 50); as a spokesman for the Arab administration on tax-collection (in, for example, *SPP* X 29), and as a ship's master (in, for example, *P.Lond*. IV 1341.12). Kahle equated this title with the Coptic Φλλιογ, and identified a specifically taxation-related usage in Coptic texts, see 25.4. In *P.Lond*. IV 1600 this title appears to be applied to a woman.

Four orders for payment in wild chickling, barley, wheat and a commodity measured in artabas are addressed to an oil-dealer named Papa Shenoute.<sup>29</sup> That this is the same man in all three texts is confirmed by the fact that two of them are signed by a man named Georgios. It would be difficult to identify this Shenoute with Shenoute the builder, the addressee in No. 15.

Two orders for payment in wine, Nos. 39 and 40, are addressed to Simothe/Simothi, who is given the title Apa in the latter document.

Two documents are addressed to a person from Pmanle (Nos. 23 and 29).

#### I.9 Scribes

A number of different scribes feature in the texts (see **Table 3**), and there may be a few instances of the same scribe writing more than one document. Victor appears to have written Nos. **15** and **16**. There appear to be two or three scribes called Georgios: one wrote Nos. **3**, **4**, and probably **2**, whilst another was responsible for No. **9** and perhaps Nos. **6** and **8**. It may be that No. **5** was written by this George (although issued on the same day as No. **4** which I have assigned to the other Georgios!). It may also be that No. **5** was written by a third scribe called George. The scribe Anoup, who wrote No. **25**, may also have written No. **18**. A scribe called Ioanes is named in No. **36**, which was excavated at Bawit by Clédat. Nos. **14** and **28** were written by two different scribes with the name Elias.

#### I.10 Dates recorded in the documents

The dates recorded in the poll-tax documents are given in Table 1.

#### I.11 Signatories

At least nine different signatories appear in the texts. Germanos (No. 21), Petre (No. 22), Phib (No. 23), and Theodorus (No. 24) occur once each; two are signed with the triple cross (中中) of an illiterate signatory (Nos. 26 and 27); and one has a subscription resembling a monogram (No. 48). [SJC thought it possible that the signatories always signed with a different pen.] Other documents have no signatory, and it seems that signatories were not required for orders involving low-cost commodities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup>No. 19 may also have been addressed to more than one person.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup>Nos. 18, 20, 28, and 46.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup>Both documents were written in Choiak albeit in different years; they employ different abbreviations for Choiak but this need not necessarily disprove that they were written by the same scribe.

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Twenty documents bear the signature of Georgios, Keri,<sup>31</sup> or Daniel.<sup>32</sup> The signatures of Keri and Daniel (see **I.1** for their significance in assigning a provenance to the texts) are written in a large, inexpert majuscule which appears crude in contrast with the scribal hands.<sup>33</sup> The signature of Georgios is written in a flamboyant hand and appears in three orders for payment (Nos. **18**, **19**, and **20**). His signature is made all the more distinctive by the unusual form of στοιχεῖν he employs, cτοιχεγε, see **I.1**. It may be that this Georgios also signs at least a dozen unpublished documents from the BL Or. 6201 series, and possibly P.Camb. UL Green 14.<sup>34</sup> In these texts, however, he uses the forms cτοιχεῖ, cτοιχὶ and cτηχε but never cτοιχεγε.

A striking sequence emerges on analysing the dates of the documents in which these three signatories appear. Georgios is attested for indiction-years 6 and 7;<sup>35</sup> Daniel is attested for indiction-years 8 and 9; and Keri is attested for indiction years 11-13.<sup>36</sup> If these dates can be relied upon, and the identification of these signatories as heads of the monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit is correct, the *Our father*-formula documents may preserve the names of three successive heads of the monastery.<sup>37</sup> It may be a coincidence of the preservation of the dated documents, but the sequence is noteworthy. Another 'coincidence' which should be considered is that Georgios and Daniel are named as archimandrites of an Hermopolite monastery of Apa Apollo in *P.Mon.Apollo* 25 and 26.

#### I.12 Documents written on 'recycled' papyri

Many Our father-formula texts are written on papyrus which has already been inscribed. Earlier texts include letters (Nos. 1, 6, 17, 19, 20, 21, 41, 50, 51, 71), a legal document concerning the dikaion of a monastery (No. 4), and an order for payment (No. 28) which may be another Our father-formula text. Fragments of protocols may be found in Nos. 18, 35, 68, and possibly 64. Some of the papyri may originally have been much larger and bear only a fraction of their original text. Two of the papyri were originally inscribed with a Greek text (Nos. 32 and 45). The following contain text which is too damaged or fragmentary for its content to be determined: Nos. 12, 31, 38, 56, 61, and 62.

One text (No. 57) is inscribed on a fragment of papyrus which has already been used once before and which is used again when the second text proves unsuitable; see I.5 for an analysis of this text.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup>A further two *Our father*-formula documents signed by Keri are now in the collection of the Äg. Inst. Köln: P.Colon. 10.229, 10.040. Leslie MacCoull also informs me that there is a Keri text in the collection of the Scriptorium (formerly at Grand Haven MI, now moved to Orlando FL where it joins The Holy Land Experience).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup>The ends of eighteen documents are not preserved: Nos. **33**, **39**, **42**, **45**, **46**, **49**, **50**, **56**, **57**, **61**, **62**, **64**, **65**, **66**, **68**, **69**, **70**, **71**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup>Compare the signature of Enoch in *P.Sarga* 167(?), 169, 170, 171, 173, 176, and 182.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup>In his transcription of this text, Paul Kahle noted that the hand of Georgios was the same as the one found in 'BL Or. 6201 AB' which suggests that he believed that the same Georgios signed the BL Or. 6201 series texts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup>No date is recorded in Nos. 13 and 20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>Note also that Phib is attested as a signatory for year 11 in No. 23, and Theodorus for year 12 in No. 24, but these documents may date to other indiction cycles.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup>Although Daniel appears to have been the head for only a period of two years, the same cannot definitely be claimed for Georgios and Keri.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup>See note on the preservation of No. 29.

#### I.13 Place names in the texts

#### Introduction

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This section collects place names mentioned in the texts. Of the names which can be read with certainty, three can be securely located within the Hermopolite nome: Pmanle (Nos. 23.2 and 29.2); Taparoou (No. 20.3) which is very near to Titkooh; and Tepôt (No. 84.3). If Thershê (No. 25.3 and 9) is correctly identified as el-Bersha, this was situated just south of Antinoe which is itself mentioned in two texts (Nos. 12.5, 88.2). Texts with no secure location include Ehbooue (e2800ye, No. 51.3) and Teusia (Teycla, No. 53.3), which is also found in two shine nsa-formula ostraca which may be from Bawit.

A number of place names begin with TIMA N/M- 'the place of ...' The Coptic term MA generally means 'place', but can have specific meanings such as 'world', 'dwelling-place', 'chamber, (monk's) cell', 'temple, shrine or monastery' (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 15), or 'part, district'.<sup>39</sup> Most of the places which incorporate TIMA N/M- have yet to be located although a number of them may have been located in the Hermopolite nome (see individual entries). It may be that such names were common in Middle Egypt.<sup>40</sup> Eight place names of this sort are found in the *shine nsa*-formula ostraca from Bawit in the Louvre, five of which are analysed in this section (Pmanallou, Pmanbête, Pmanle, Pmanlouga and Pmanranê).<sup>41</sup> Pmanshôlk is mentioned in a document excavated at Bawit (No. 36); it literally means 'the place of weaving/stitching' and may be compared with TIMANECAGYT 'the place of the weavers', attested an order excavated at Bawit (No. 13.2).<sup>42</sup> A number of place names with the TIMAN- prefix are also recorded in *etmoulon*-ostraca.<sup>43</sup> [SJC wondered whether many of these names can be taken literally as names of places somewhere in the extensive Bawit site: e.g. 'the piggery' rather than Pmannerir.]

In some instances it is not possible to determine whether something which looks like a place name should in fact be translated literally. A good example of this is Teshnê (Nos. 19.3, 28.2,), which literally means 'the garden'; there is also Tnocnshnê (No. 53.2), literally 'the big garden'; and Touasher (No. 26.6-7), which can be interpreted as 'the carpentry workshop'. There is also uncertainty as to whether some epithets constitute a person's place of origin or their job title, for example, TATIEROORE (No. 44.5) which literally means 'the one of the grape'.

#### Antinoe ANTINOOY No. 12.5; No. 88.2

Antinoe, the capital of the Antinooupolite nome just across the Nile from Ashmunein.

#### Ehbooue 62800ye No. 51.3

Ehbooue is a newly attested place name. It may be made up of a construct form of ε2ε 'ox & cow' (Crum, *Dict.*, p. 64a) and a variant of κοογ 'heap, tumulus' (Westendorf *KH*, pp. 29 and 496), which occurs in πκοογ and other place names.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup>Crum, *Dict.*, р. 153а ма.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>Megally 1991: 2273 attempts to analyse place names beginning with Man-, although more than the three place names she lists are now attested; see Timm pp. 1963-1984 and add ΠΜΑΝΒΙΣ (O.CrumST 319, see Crum, Dict., p. 48b ΒΙΣ) and the place names mentioned in two papyri from Aphrodito: Pmanbkrre in P.Lond. IV 1419.1286 (probably to be interpreted as a form of ΠΜΑΝΒΡΡΕ 'the place of Brre', see Crum, Dict., p. 43a βρρΕ); and ΠΜΑΝΔΑΒΗC in P.Lond. IV 1619.6, 7, 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup>The other three are Pmankuriakos, Pmannôhe and Pmanpaêse.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup>Note also the unpublished P.Mich. inv. 3553 which mentions someone from πμαη] Φακ and someone from πμαη] φακ and someone from πμαη] εταψτ.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup>See Shelton 1990: 112–113, and *O.Mich.Copt.*, p. 256, noting that on p. 258 the Ashmunein area is suggested as a possible provenance for these ostraca.

Monastery of Jeremias of Pmanbête мо́м їєрєміас папманвитє No. 14.3–4 See below for Pmanbête as a place name.

#### Monastery of Phoou τοο{ο}γ Νφοογ Νο. 11.2

Phoou may be a variant of the Hermopolite nome place name  $\phi_0 \gamma_0 \gamma_0 / \Phi_0 \hat{v}_0^{4}$  which was located in the Patre ano toparchy to the north of Ashmunein. The Coptic form of this place name is found in wine-delivery documents from Wadi Sarga, which is attested in the Patre and toparchy of the Hermopolite nome. A Greek papyrus dating to the 6th century, *P.Giss.* 56 (II. 2, 10), mentions a monastery, name now lost, in  $\Phi_0 \hat{v}$ , which may be identified with  $\Phi_0 \hat{v}$ .

#### Monastery of Stephen ΘεΝΗΗΤΕ ΝΟΤΕΦΝ No. 63.3

A monastery of Stephanus is to be found in a 5th-century Greek document, *P.Amst.* I 81, from which its geographical location cannot be ascertained.<sup>47</sup> For the meaning of 26N66Te, see Coquin 1993: 663.

#### Peloole πελοολε No. 44.5

This literally means 'the grape'. A place called πελογολε is assigned to the Hermopolite nome in a 6th–7th-century Greek papyrus, P.Vindob. G 1530 l.5, and a hamlet of this name may also occur in an 8th-century Greek tax list from Aphrodito, *P.Lond.* IV 1479.1276.<sup>48</sup>

The name πελοολε may also be rendered as Palali, a place in the Faiyum which is mentioned in *P.Brook.* 25.26.<sup>49</sup> There are at least four other attested place names involving ελοολε.<sup>50</sup>

#### Phoiele poi eae No. 81.3

Literally 'the field of Le', see Pmanle.

#### Pmanallou IIMANAAAOY No. 49.6

'The place of Allou'. This place is mentioned as a source of wine in three *shine nsa*-formula Louvre ostraca from Bawit. It also occurs in an unpublished papyrus, BL Or. 6201B (200), which is signed by Georgios (see I.11). It may be identified with λλογ (*CPR* XII 30.23), and a Θαλλοῦ in the Hermopolite nome. The suppression of the suppression of the Hermopolite nome.

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equivalent of  $\lambda \epsilon$  production. <sup>54</sup> Production. <sup>54</sup> Production. <sup>54</sup> Production. <sup>54</sup> Production. <sup>55</sup> Production. <sup>56</sup> Pro

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mentioned in the variants).<sup>64</sup> It is Ashmunein.<sup>65</sup> Phoiele (

<sup>S4</sup>Timm p. 197. W.E. Crum, P.Sarg

<sup>55</sup>Edited in Brov <sup>56</sup>No plate was

<sup>57</sup>See Heuser pp <sup>38</sup>Edited in Mac

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<sup>61</sup>Champollion

<sup>®</sup>Clédat 1904-6 <sup>®</sup>O.Bawit 1 not

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup>See Timm p. 1932 'Phouey'; and Drew-Bear 1979: 315-316  $\Phi\beta\hat{v}$ , and p. 320  $\Phi(v)$ ς which occurs in a 7th-century Greek text from the Hermopolite nome, *SPP* X 25 B.20. Note that this papyrus also mentions Τεπωτ (A.27), a place name which occurs in No. **84**.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup>P.Sarga 233, 234, 259, 289, 290, 318, 319, 371. Correct Drew-Bear 1979: 316 from P.Sarga '317' to '371'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup>See BL I, p. 462 and II, pt 2 p. 66 for this dating.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup>See Timm pp. 1424-1425 'Kloster des (hl.) Stephanus'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup>See Calderini *Diz.geogr*. IV p. 91 'Πελόολε' and Timm p. 1887 'Peloole'; this place name is not recorded in Drew-Bear 1979.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup>See Μαγδώλον Παλαάλι in Calderini *Diz.geogr*. III p. 221 and Timm pp. 1644-1646 'Miktaal'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup>Crum, *Dict.*, р. 55а єхоолє.

 $<sup>^{51}</sup>$ The personal name λλλογ occurs as 'Αλλοῦ in Greek papyri dating from the 1st–5th centuries, see NB and Foraboschi Onomasticon.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup>O.Bawit 18–20.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup>See Timm pp. 2611-2613 'Thallou'.

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#### Pmanbête пманвите No. 14.4 (Monastery of Jeremias Papmanbête)

The word bette is listed in Crum, *Dict.*, p. 45b with the meaning 'scale-like plate (of metal)', the equivalent of λεπίς in Numbers 16:38. This may indicate that Pmanbête was at one time a place of metal-production. Pmanbête is only otherwise mentioned in a *shine nsa*-formula ostracon excavated at Bawit (*O.Bawit* 75) and in P.Meyer inv. 14, a wine account which mentions πηλ μπλης, πηλ ηράνε, and possibly πηλ ηφως, all of which occur in the *shine nsa*-formula ostraca from Bawit.

#### Pmancanah simanganas No. 31.6

'The place of Canah'. Ganar means a 'maimed, crooked person' (Crum, *Dict.*, p. 824a). Could this be a specific part of the monastery where cripples are housed and possibly cared for? The word also occurs as a personal name in various forms (for example, Ganar, Kanar, Kάναχ) in Coptic and Greek documents, for including the Greek text written on BL Or. 6050.18 (Coptic text = P.Lond.Copt. I 1079). It takes the form Kαναχ in a 7th-century Greek document, P.Princ. III 140. Pmancanah is also attested in a transcription made by Crum ('Ex-von Scherling 70', see P.Mon.Apollo, p. 14) in which he also listed папарні and припоур $\Gamma$ .

#### Pmanle IMANAE No. 23.2; IMANAE No. 29.2

The word  $\lambda \varepsilon$  (also  $\lambda\lambda\gamma$ ) in this place name may be interpreted as the name of a type of textile (Crum, *Dict.*, p. 145a  $\lambda\lambda\lambda\gamma$ , Cerny *CED*, p. 346 Man-). Another possible etymology involves  $\lambda\lambda\lambda\gamma$  'anyone, thing, something' (Crum, *Dict.*, p. 146a) and, indeed, Champollion pointed out that the Arabic version of this place name, 'Maoudhî el-Aschia', translates as 'lieu des choses'. However, he considered that this resulted from a mistake on the part of the Arabs and favoured the etymology involving the textile. It may be that this was part of the monastery where textiles were made.

An inscription from Bawit mentions Manahy,<sup>62</sup> and timanae is the place name most often mentioned in the Louvre ostraca from Bawit,<sup>63</sup> where it is named as a source of old wine (HPIT NATIAC and variants).<sup>64</sup> It is possibly to be identified with Mallawi which is about five kilometres south-east of Ashmunein.<sup>65</sup>

Phoiele ( $\phi$ oi  $\varepsilon$ a $\varepsilon$ ) 'the field of Le' may involve the same word a $\varepsilon$  as this place name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup>Timm p. 1973 'Pma n-Bête' does not attempt to decipher the name; the reference to 'Pap.Michigan, Inv. Nr. 578 (= W.E. Crum, *P.Sarga* 174:3f.)' should be corrected to 'P.Mich. inv. 1520', and the name 'Psashe' to 'Prashe'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup>Edited in Browne 1980: 205–206.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup>No plate was published with this text but this restoration appears to me to be possible for  $\pi MA NO$ . in l. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup>See Heuser pp. 21, 33 and 69; and Till 1962: 118; and *CPR* XII 32.15 GANGE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup>Edited in MacCoull 1994: 139-140 (on p. 141 the name GANA2 is erroneously cited as being in l. 14).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup>See note to the re-edition of this text in Worp 1990: 109.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup>For etymologies of Manaay, see Timm pp. 1542-1543 'Mallawî' and Kessler 1981: 87.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup>Champollion 1814 vol. 1: 283.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup>Clédat 1904–6: 47 No. 32; it also mentions Porf, Timm p. 2000 'Pôrf'.

<sup>63</sup> O. Bawit 1 note to 11. 3-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup>O.Bawit 1-11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup>The entry for Timm pp. 1542-1543 'Mallawî' gives the spellings μανλάγ and μαλλέγει. μάνλη is found in a graffito from Bawit, see Clédat 1904–6: 47 No. 32.

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<sup>8</sup>Calderini Di <sup>8</sup>See Timm <sub>I</sub>

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\*Timm p. 28

#### Pmanlouga пманаоуга No. 49.5

Literally 'the place of Louga (= Luke)'. 66 This place name is not otherwise attested. 67

#### Pman[n]erir TIMAN[N]EPIP No. 5.3

Literally 'the place of the pigs'. If this is a place name, it is not otherwise attested, and it may be better to interpret it just as 'the piggery'.

#### Pma npleebeiôhe TIMA NITAGEBEIO2E. No. 62.3

#### Pmanranê пманранн No. 49.4

'The place of Ranê' is mentioned in three Louvre ostraca from Bawit as a source of old wine. The name PANH/PANE can be connected with Middle Egypt, but is not listed in Heuser. 99

#### Pmansike Imancike No. 16.3-4

This may be interpreted literally as 'the mill', or as a place name, Pmansike, <sup>70</sup> which Crum suggests may be an equivalent of CIKEΦC in *P.Ryl.Copt.* 193.1. <sup>71</sup> [C]NHY NITHANCIKE 'brothers of the mill/Pmansike' also occur in an unpublished Coptic receipt, BL Or. 6201B (202) (cited in Crum, *Dict.*, p. 328b), a text featuring the signatory Georgios.

#### **Posh** ποφ Nos. **15**.4 and **63**.1<sup>72</sup>

Posh may only be attested in one published text, *CPR* II 15, an 8th-century papyrus, which mentions Neaemπωω N(π)atoyeω 'the men of Posh in Patouhô' (II. 2 ff.).<sup>73</sup> This context suggests that a Posh was located in the Hermopolite nome, in the area of present day Taha. Alternatively, ποω may be a scribal error for πτοω 'the region' in this text.

A possible Arabic equivalent for Coptic ποφ might be Bûsh, which is the name of a place located east of the Faiyum. <sup>74</sup> See also the discussion of the name Taposh at *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 84.

#### Taparoou Tahapooy No. 20.3

The proximity of the village of Taparoou to Titkooh is illustrated in the *Life of Phib* when Apa Apollo and Apa Papohe are related to have stopped at a monastery near Taparoou on their way from the Monastery of Apa Pamin (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 8) and Titkooh.<sup>75</sup> This place name also occurs in Greek

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup>A form of this name using  $\Gamma$  instead of  $\kappa$  (eg. λογκλc) is not recorded in Heuser, although on p. 119 he lists  $\lambda$ ογ $\Gamma$  as a name of 'unsicherer Herkunft'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup>See *O.Bawit* 81 n. to l. 6.

<sup>68</sup>O.Bawit 21-23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup>See the note on O.Bawit 21.3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup>See Timm p. 1983 'Pma n-Sike' correcting 'BM, London, Nr. 6201 B und C' to 'BL Or. inv. No. 6201 B'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup>See Drew-Bear 1979: 249 cikeωc, making the same correction as in the note above: '6201 B et C' should be '6201 B'; also πμαπείκε should read πμαπείκε.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup>See now Gomaa 1991: 95 Bus + 31 and 221 Taha Bus.

 $<sup>^{73}</sup>CPR$  II 15 is cited in Timm p. 1798 'Osh' as though the initial π- should not be read as part of the place name; Pnianoup PNΦΦ) 'the man from Ôsh', who is recorded as a witness in BL Or. 6204, is also cited here.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup>Timm pp. 455-457 'Bûsh'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup>Orlandi and Campagnano 1975: 32.

papyri;<sup>76</sup> in two *shine nsa*-formula ostraca;<sup>77</sup> two unprovenanced, unpublished Coptic papyri (BL Or. 6201B (52) and P.Camb. UL Michael. 822/4); and possibly in an inscription from Bawit.<sup>78</sup>

**Tbershê** тверфн No. **25**.3, 9

This may possibly be identified with el-Bersha, on the right bank of the Nile, just south of Antinoe.<sup>79</sup>

**Τερότ** τεπωτ Νο. **84**.3

A place of this name is attested in the Hermopolite nome in two Greek papyri of the 4th century and 7th century respectively, 80 but its location is uncertain. A  $\tau \acute{o}\pi o \varsigma$  and a  $\mu \eta \chi \alpha v \acute{\eta}$  with this name have also been assigned to the Aphrodito area and the Apollonopolite nome respectively. 81

Teshnê тефин Nos. 19.3; 65.4; 78.2; and No. 23.3 (in пажфин)

Literally 'the garden'. 2 John Shelton (1990: 113) interpreted τεωνιμίη *P.Sarga* 355–357 as a personal rather than a place name because it follows διά. πατεωνιμία used to mean 'gardener' in John 20:15. 3

Teusia Teycia No. 53.3

Literally 'the estate (οὐσία)'. This is another place from which wine is requisitioned in two *shine nsa*-formula ostraca which may be from Bawit, *O.Mich.Copt.* 17, 21. It may be equated with one of two attested place names: Teusion is mentioned on a tomb stone from Antinoe, <sup>84</sup> and Tousia in Coptic texts from Bawit, <sup>85</sup> Wadi Sarga and elsewhere. <sup>86</sup>

Tnocnshnê thog nanh No. 53.2

In this text this may simply be translated 'the big garden', seeing as George is expected to supply fodder which may well be supplied by a monastic garden. It may also, however, be a place name, see **Teshnê** above. TNO6 NØNH occurs as a source of milk (2λ ΠΕΡΦΤΕ ΝΤΝΟ6 ΝΦΝΗ) in a P.Camb. UL Green text,

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup>Calderini Diz.geogr. IV p. 358 'Ταπαρώου', adding the occurrence in P.Rain.Cent. 103 l.3 (5th century).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup>O.Mich. inv. 25292, edited in *O.Mich.Copt.*, p. 244, No. 18.2 (noting that Green 1983 equates παροογ in this text with the place name παλαγ); and an ostracon in an Austrian private collection, edited in Stewart 1984: 105-106 ostracon 2. Both of these references should be added to Drew-Bear 1979: 266 'ταπαροογε' and Timm p. 2510 'Taparôou'. Bowman 1983: 465 noted the possible reference to this place name in *PSI* 304.11. See also Timm pp. 2076-2077 'Ptoou n-Taparooue', and 1845-1846 'Paroou' n. 1, noting that Shelton, 1990: 114, interprets παροογ in *P.Sarga* 355–357 as a personal name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup>Maspero and Drioton 1931—43: 129, No. 448.2, апа тауріне ¬тапр... which is interpreted as 'Apa Taurinus de Tapr...' in a list of saints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup>Timm pp. 692-696 'Dêr al-Barša'.

 $<sup>^{80}</sup>$ Timm pp. 2587-2588 'Tepôt'; and Drew-Bear 1979: 280 'Τεπῶτ'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup>Calderini Diz.geogr. IV p. 393–394 'Τεπωτ'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup>See Timm pp. 2606-2607 'Tešnê' for other texts involving this place name, adding *P.Bal.* 115.6, and Crum's speculation in *P.Ryl.Copt.*, p. 89 n.6 that *P.Lond.Copt.* I 1014.4 тсімзінн may also be a form of it. It should also be noted that *CPR* II 130 was re-edited as *CPR* IV 118 and so the passage cited in n. 1 should be expanded and corrected to фої єфхумоутє єроч же тефин 2 N NE[...].

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup>See Crum, *Dict.*, p. 572a фин, where this text is also cited. Wietheger 1992: 287 interprets this title when патефин оссигѕ in inscriptions from the Monastery of Jeremias at Saqqara.

<sup>84</sup>Timm p. 2609 'Teusiôn'.

<sup>85</sup>Clédat 1904-6: 47 No. 32.

<sup>86</sup>Timm p. 2839 'Tousia'.

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along with πMA NNO26 (which is mentioned in *shine nsa*-formula ostraca from Bawit, see Pmanbête above), and πMA NCNHY.

Touasher Toyagep No. 26.6-7

Literally 'the carpentry workshop', 87 but possibly a place name. This is also found on a wooden lintel, Cairo Egyptian Museum CE 35 017, which is believed to have come from Bawit, 88 and which mentions NEIOTE NTOYAGEP MN NECHHY THPOY NTOYAGEP 'the fathers of Touasher and all the brothers of Touasher'.

### **Incomplete place names**

φοι ΝΑ[...] No. **64**.4 Literally 'the field of A(-)'. (ε)τ[...] πρωμετ[...] No. **72**.1.

### I.14 Commodities specified in the texts

### **Comestibles**

Aracus see Wild chickling

Barley ειωτ, κριθή

In No. 20 barley is measured by the artaba; and in No. 29 it is destined for the office of the notarius.

### Bdellium λελω26

The word AEAG2E may be translated as 'bdellium', the gum of the Commiphora tree (see Crum, *Dict.*, p. 142a AIAOO2E). It is mentioned in No. **50** (see commentary for further information) and in three unpublished texts from the BL Or. 6201 series, BL Or. 6201A (9, 149), and 6201B (15).

#### Bread oeik

In No. 35 Gomet N2004  $\overline{\text{Noe}}[1]\kappa$  'three days' (worth) of bread' are specified and in No. 37 'handfuls' (TOPE) of bread. 'Handfuls' are also the measure used for bread in No. 36.

#### Fish TEBT

In No. **26** one *lakon*-measure of fish is valued at  $^{13}/_{24}$  solidus. Dried fish and salted fish were found during the excavations at Bawit, see Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: xii, 44 respectively. Krause (1988: 119 and n. 115) notes the occurrence of monks in the 8th- and 9th-century documents from Bawit bearing the title 'fisherman'.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup>The interpretation of this word as 'carpentry workshop' follows Westendorf KH, p. 282 'Abteilung des Klosters: *Tischlerei* (?)' (Crum, *Dict.*, p. 503b does not supply a translation). Tait 1982: 221 cites this meaning of ογλωρερ in supporting the derivation of demotic *wyhy* (a type of tool) from *whrj.t* 'Tischlerwerkzeug' (Erman and Grapow Wb. I, 355, 13).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Described and transcribed in Maspero 1907: 45-47 col. D II. 3-7, pl. 16 (correct the reference given by the original editor of No. **26** to this inscription to read 'Ég.' instead of 'Ep.'). On this and other wooden lintels from Bawit, see Krause 1988.

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Garum xip

Eight *lakon*-measures of garum are specified in No. 38. <sup>89</sup> Garum was found in jars during the excavations at Bawit, see Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: xv. See also MIFAO 12, p. 117 L. 8 for xip; and Clédat 1999 index p. 437 for ταριχεῖον. It is possible that  $\pi_{\text{CAN}}$ xip, 'the garum-dealer', is to be reconstructed as the occupation of *psah* Pamoun in an inscription from the entrance to the Bawit monastery, Clédat 1999: 9 (Υλ2 ΠλΜΟΥ(Ν) Π[]C[]xip). For the use of the title *sah*, literally 'scribe', see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 31.

The papyri attest to the important role played by processed fish products in the Egyptian diet (Curtis 1991; elsewhere the medicinal used of fermented fish products is discussed). According to Shenoute's Canons, xip was one of the many foodstuffs forbidden to healthy monks (Layton 2002: 42–43, 45, where xip (NTBT) is interpreted as 'brined anchovies'). At the Monastery of Jeremias at Saqqara, where fish paste was found during excavations (Quibell 1912: 27, No. 1887), there was a monk who styled himself 'the father of the garum cell' (ΠΙΦΤ ΝΤΡΙ ΝΕΧΙΡ; Quibell 1912: 99, No. 319.10). There may have been a similar set-up at the Monastery of Thomas at Wadi Sarga: P.Sargu 87.3–4 is a request for garum addressed to Apa Iohannes of 'the pickle store (?)' (MA N[.]ΠΧΙΡ).

Greens oyoote

No. 32 specifies that just 'a few greens' (ογκογι ογοοτε) are to be paid, compare O.Crum 371.5, P.Mon.Epiph. II 249v° (εις πκογϊ νογατ[ε]) and O.CrumST 299 (εις πικογϊ νογοτε). Men who may be from Teshnê are ordered to give greens and other items to men who may belong to a shaliou in No. 19 (ογοτε 1. 3).

Lachanon (sesame) xxx

Roger Bagnall (2000) has suggested that the generic term for 'garden herbs, vegetables', λάχανον, may also have the more specific usage to mean 'sesame', a commodity otherwise curiously infrequently attested in the papyri. Such an interpretation would make sense in No. 32, where, in addition to 'a few greens' (ΟΥΚΟΥΙ ΟΥΟΟΤΕ), ΟΥΚΟΥΙ λΑΧ is also to be paid; λΑΧ may therefore be interpreted as λάχανον or as λαχανόσπερμον 'vegetable seed'. The former can be used for the dried as well as the fresh form of this commodity, and it may be applied to the seed as well as the plant (Bagnall, 1993: 27-28).

Oil NES

In No. 37 oil is measured by the sextarius (xecthc); in two other texts the *lakon*-measure is used: No. 54 (a full *lakon*-measure) and No. 55.

Wheat coyo

Four artabas of wheat are to be paid in No. 18. In *P.Mon.Apollo* 34 a debt of one solidus owed to a monk of the Monastery of Apa Apollo is to be repaid in wheat and *lachanon*-oil.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup>For garum, see Drexhage 1993. Garum is also measured in AAK(ON) measures in an unpublished Coptic document, P.Camb. UL Michael. 960 ll. 3, 4, 6, and 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup>For previous opinions on the interpretation of the term, see, van der Veen 1998: 228. For use of sesame in Egypt, see Serpico and White, 2000: 397–398.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup>This is suggested in the *ed. pr.* of No. **32** following *CPR* IV 86.4 (bis), and *P.Sarga* 370 where AAXANOCCHEPMA in I. 4 is abbreviated to AAX/ in I. 7. See also *P.Naqlun* I 143-144.

Wild chickling ΑΡΑΚΕ, ἄρακος

A leguminous fodder crop which has been identified as *Lathyrus annuus*, and which produces a type of flat bean. <sup>92</sup> It is paid out to various individuals in two texts: in No. 28 it is measured by the 60YNE 'sack', and in No. 20 by the artaba.

Wine Hpπ, οἶνος

Various different measures are used for wine in the texts: the κάδος 'jug' in No. 16 (9τοογ ΝΣΟΥΦΤ ΝΚΑΛΟΥC ΝΗΡΠ (οι καδ κα); the φει in No. 39 (φμογη ήφει ήμρπ) and possibly No. 40 (φει ημρπ) where it may be the equivalent of chk (σήκωμα). In No. 41 four lahês are to be paid (βτο πλλ2Η ημρπ) and this measure is equated with the Greek κνίδιον. <sup>93</sup> In two documents the amount of wine is determined by its value: No. 14 specifies a solidus of wine and No. 47 a half-solidus.

No. 37 mentions purified wine (or 'strained wine', see Crum, *Dict.*, p. 366b cωτq) measured by the *lakon*-measure.

For wine at Bawit see Bacot 1998. In excavations at Bawit jars were found which probably contained wine (MIF 59: 2); also discovered were vases with representations of vines (MIF 59: 8) and seals from amphoras (Clédat 1999: 20, 34, 35, 236–237, *L'Égypte en Périgord* No. 112). Wine is mentioned in Bawit inscriptions: Clédat 1999: 103, No. 1 has totals of wine for Apa Theon in 'Chapel' 48 and a wine account is also inscribed in 'Chapel' 55 (MIFAO 111: 150).

### **Fuel and Fodder**

Clover EAPIM

In No. 30 clover is measured in artabas (eptoq). Clover features in a monastic account from the monastery of Apa Apollo at Deir el-Balayza (*P.Bal.* 291.10 etpim); see also a 9th-century Coptic wine list, P.Vindob. K 4825 + 2820 + 4448.52 (Hasitzka 1995); *P.KRU* 196; and Crum, *Dict.*, p. 430b tpim (where an unpublished Michigan ostracon, O.Mich. 9683, is cited).

Dung cor

No. 27 mentions πλψοτ 'the dung-man'. As dung was the chief fuel for cooking it was necessary for someone to oversee the collection and storage of dung.

Fodder 2PE

In No. 53 'a little fodder' (ογκογϊ Νερε) is to be given to an ass; a plural form of ερεεγ, may be interpreted in No. 31. *P.Mon.Apollo* 24 shows how the Monastery of Apa Apollo acquired fodder-land in Pôrahêu.

### **Construction materials**

Lead TA2T

No. **54** is an invoice for twenty-five pounds ( $\lambda i\tau \rho \alpha$ ) of lead. For consignments of lead see the late 6th-century receipts for lead issued to a lead worker for plumbing, *P.Turner* 50–53 (re-editions of *P.Oxy*. VI 1000-1003), and *P.Oxy*. VI 915.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>92</sup>See Schnebel 1925: 185-189; Rowlandson 1996: 21; it occurs in many Coptic documents, for example, *P.Sarga* 202, *P.Lond. Copt.* I 1132, *CPR* II 227, and *P.Fay.Copt.*, p. 78.

<sup>93</sup> See P. Sarga 23-4 for λλ2H as the equivalent of a κνίδιον.

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### Pitch AAMXATII

No. 55 mentions that someone is to be sent out for some pitch. Hardy (1931: 126) discussed the pitch issued to potters in *P.Oxy*. XVI 1911-1913.

### Stone wne

No. 15 addresses a scribe and a builder in connection with 'some stones which are assigned to them (?)' (2N NONE EYCH2 NCOTN).

### **Textiles**

There is evidence that textiles were produced at the Monastery of Apollo at Bawit. In No. 13.2, which was excavated at Bawit by Clédat, someone from 'the place of the weavers' (ПМАНЕСАФТ) is ordered to make a payment to bakers. This place is also mentioned on an ostracon which can be connected with Bawit (Tait 1994), not only because it features the *shine nsa*-formula, but also because it mentions ПФА ПМАНЕАМОТА who is recorded in a Bawit inscription (Clédat 1904–6: 83, No. 2). A weaver called Apa Jacob is commemorated in an inscription from the monastery (Clédat 1904–6: 80, No. 3, where ceut (for CAUT) is mistranslated 'portier'). For this term, see Wietheger 1992: 289 CAUT. For textiles excavated at Bawit in 1903 now in Périgord museum see L'Égypte en Périgord Nos. 124, 126, 128-134 136-140, 144-145 and Clédat 1999: 187 n. 104.

### Plaited work wonte

In No. 21 Thre may be interpreted as 'two (pieces of) plaited work' or 'two (pieces of) acacia'.

### Rugs Tarie, Taric

In No. 1 a poll-tax payment is made with a rug worth one solidus; in No. 12 a rug-dealer may be ordered to take two rugs to Antinoe in order to sell them.

### Sacks 600YNE

In No. 4 four sacks are reckoned to be worth half a solidus, and are accepted as poll-tax payment from a sack-weaver (\$\partilde{\partial}\_{2600YNE}\$).

### Wool COPT

In No. 43 Shenoute is asked to provide someone with ten pounds (*litrai*) of good wool, and in No. 49 Apa Noc is ordered to deal with wool assigned to three different places.

### Woollen garments 60ABE

In No. 44 a woollen-garment-seller (ψλ ΝδελΚωτ) is asked to supply twelve woollen garments.

#### I.15 Sources for the texts

Many of the texts edited here originate from the same sources as texts published in *P.Mon.Apollo*: the British Library Oriental 6201 ABC series (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 9-11); <sup>94</sup> British Library and Cambridge University Library papyri from the collection of George Michaelides (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 11); British Museum EA 75301– (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 12-13); Papyri in the Beinecke Library, Yale University (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 12-13); papyri from the collection of F. W. Green bequeathed to Cambridge

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>94</sup>Note that since *P.Mon.Apollo* was published, the British Library have instituted a new system of reference for inventory numbers: 6201A (179) instead of 6201 A179—this is the only system recognised by the BL!

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University Museum of Archaeology and Anthropology (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 13) but now held in the University Library, Cambridge. <sup>95</sup> Three other sources are reviewed below.

Michigan collection

P.Mich. inv. 578 (Nos. 4 and 72) was collected together with P.Mich. inv. 545–92 for Mr Kelsey in 1921 by Dr David L. Askren, Medinet el-Faiyum. The collection was examined by Crum in 1921 at the request of H.I. Bell and F.W. Kelsey; Crum requested permission to cite them in his Dictionary and then published side (B) in the *P.Sarga* volume (*P.Sarga* 174) because of its similarity to *P.Sarga* 175, although it was not excavated at Wadi Sarga. P.Mich. inv. 1300 (No. 1/73) and P.Mich. inv. 1520 (No. 14) were acquired in 1924 with other Greek and Coptic documents from the Cairo dealer Maurice Nahman. It should be noted that No. 6/74 (P.Princeton Garrett deposit 1924 II 21) may have also passed through Nahman in 1924. Robert Garrett purchased this papyrus together with a number of others for his own manuscript collection through the British Museum which had selected and purchased them from Nahman and other sources, then imported them to England for conservation treatment. Garrett then donated his papyri together with his manuscript collection to the Princeton University Library in 1942. For the background to Garrett's manuscript collection, see Skemer 1995.

### **Leuven and Louvain texts**

L. Th. Lefort acquired Nos. 27 and 43 after the Second World War, together with twenty-five (?) Coptic papyri, fourteen Coptic parchments, and two Greek papyri. In 1949 they were donated to the Katholieke Universiteit Leuven, and are now held by the Université Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve. Lefort was also linked with No. 7/8. This was acquired in January 1936 by C. Schmidt (1868-1938), who bought a large collection of Coptic papyri, including some Greek documents, for the Library of the University of Leuven. The collection was destroyed in May 1940. Lefort published the literary items, whereas the documents, several of which probably derive from the Monastery of Apollo at Bawit, were never published. A microfilm of the documents survives. Possibly related papyri were acquired later in 1936 by the Musées Royaux d'Art et d'Histoire à Bruxelles.

### Papyri handled by Adolf M. Hakkert

In 1968, the Österreichische Nationalbibliothek purchased Nos. 24/75, 42/91, and 71/90, together with a number of Greek (G 40.000–40.102) and Coptic texts (K 11.375–11.450) from the Dutch publisher and dealer Adolf M. Hakkert. No. 24 had been advertised for sale in October 1967, together with 192 other manuscripts acquired by Hakkert in Egypt through the antiquities trade (Hakkert 1967). Hakkert did not explicitly state that all the texts derived from a common source, but it seems likely that some are from the Hermopolite area: P.Vindob. K 11413 begins with the formula which I have already linked with Bawit, ANOK ΠΑCON NN ΘΙC2ΑΙ (P.Mon.Apollo, p. 16); K 11378 (Hakkert 1967 No. 121, pl. 13) may mention Bawit (I. 7); and Hakkert 1967 No. 119 mentions a place in the region of Shmoun (I. 1, catalogue pl. 12). Also from same catalogue is No. 59, which was purchased by the Papyrologisch Instituut of Leiden University from Hakkert in 1971 together with other items including some 200 items of Greek, demotic, Latin and Coptic papyri, ostraca, wax-tablets, mummy labels and stamps (information provided by Nico Kruit, e-mail 6/9/00).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>95</sup>There are also *Our father*-formula texts in other collections which are probably from Bawit but which have not been included: three texts in the collection of the Äg. Inst., Köln, and one text in Brussels. Thanks to Alain Delattre for information on the Brussels text; I am also grateful to Heinz Thissen for allowing me into the Köln collection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>96</sup>P.Sarga, p. 142, No. 174 records that Kelsey bought this papyrus for the University of Michigan in 1920.

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OUR FATHER-FORMULA DOCUMENTS ARRANGED BY DATE Table 1

				76	
Julian date	Egyptian date	No.	Addressee(s)	Scribe	Signatory
April 11, ind. 1	Pharmouthi 16, ind.	36	Apa Benjamin	Ioanes	
October 5/6, ind. 1	Phaophi 8, ind. 1	32	Paule		
October 9/10, ind. 1	Phaophi 12, ind. 1	47	P[apa Da]m[ian(os)]	Pamoun	
December 17/18, ind. 1	Choiak 21, ind. 1	25	Brothers of the poll-tax	Anoup	ſ
September 27/28, ind. 2	Thoth 30, ind. 2	21	Jerem[ias]	1	Germanos
January 18/19, ind.	Tybi 23, ind. 5	28	Papa Shenoute	Elias (1)	illegible
October 21/22, ind. 5	Phaophi 24, ind. 5	51	Lazare		
November 5/6, ind.	Hathyr 9, ind. 6	30	Apollo		
December 12/13, ind. 6	Choiak 16, ind. 6	18	Papa Shenoute	Anoup	Georgios
October 13/14 (?),	Phaophi 16 (?), ind.	19	of Teshnê		Georgios
TITAL .					

March 7, ind. 8	Phamenoth 11, ind.	14	Brothers of the poll-tax	Elias (2)	Daniel
May 12, ind. 9	Pachon 17, ind. 9	15	Apollo (sah) and Shenoute (builder)	Victor (1)	Daniel
August 13, ind. 9	Mesore 20, ind. 9	16	Apa Victor and the brothers	Victor (1)	Daniel
December 3/4, ind.	Choiak 7, ind. 9	35	Capat	1	
March 11, ind. 10	Phamenoth 15, ind.	22	Pshoi	Thomas	Petre
end September/ October, ind. 10	Phaophi ?, ind. 10	34	Anoup		
March13, ind. 11	Phamenoth 17, ind.	1	Brothers of the poll-tax	Phiph	Keri
April 11, ind. 11 (?)	Pharmouthi 16, ind.	2	the bread-seller		[Keri?]
April 11, ind. 11 (?)	Pharmouthi 16, ind.	3	Brothers of the poll-tax	Georgios (1)?	Keri
April 13, ind. 11	Pharmouthi 18, ind.	4	Brothers of the poll-tax	Georgios (1)	Keri
April 13, ind. <11>?	Pharmouthi 18, ind. <11>?	w	Brothers of the poll-tax	Georgios (3)	Keri
June 8, ind. 11	Pauni 14, ind. 11	44	Gerontse the woollen- garment-dealer		

Mena of Pmanle

Phib

? end August/ ? Thoth, ind. 11

Pauni 14, ind. 11

June 8, ind. 11

? end August/	? Thoth, ind. 11	23	Mena of Pmanle	1	Phib
September, ind. 11	Hathyr 14 ind 11	9	Viktor	Georgios (2)	Keri
ind. 11	1100 ( ) 1100 ( )				
December 26/27,	Choiak 30, ind. 11	7	ī	Apollonios	Keri
ind. 11					
December 26/27,	Choiak 30, ind. 11	8	and Prashe, the	Georgios (2)	Keri
ind. 11			brothers of the poll-tax		
March 27, ind. 12	Pharmouthi 1, ind.	6	Brothers of the poll-	Georgios (2)	Keri
	12		tax		
May 3, ind. 12 (?)	Pachon 8, ind.	24	Apa Petros	Makare	Theodoros
	12 (?)		(oikonomos)		
February 11/12,	Mecheir 17, ind.	10	Brothers of the poll-	1	Keri
ind. 13	13		tax		
February 15/16,	Mecheir 21, ind.	11	Brothers of the poll-	Konstantinos	Keri
ind. 13 (?)	13		tax		
June 9, ind. 13 (?)	Pauni 15, ind. 13	12	the rug-dealer	Praseios	Keri
	(3)				
June 19, ind. 13	Pauni 25, ind. 13	27	Apa Iohannes		I-
			T. T. T. T. T.		
November 7/8, ind.	Hathyr 11, ind. 13	29	I aurine of Pmanie	I	
13		1.1	Brothers of the		Daniel
August 1, ind. ?	Mesore 8, ind. ?	1/	pistikos		
			- Common d		

end April/May,	Pachon?, ind.?	43	Shenoute (deacon)	1	seal
ind.?					
? 18, ind. ?	? 18, ind. ?	39	Simothe	Victor (2)	1 4
March 13 (?), ind.	Phamenoth 17 (?),	38	Patermoute	1	
(10+)	ind. (10+)				

Date not extant: 31, 33, 42, 45, 46, 49, 50, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71 No date: 13, 20, 26, 37, 40, 41, 48, 52, 53, 54, 55,

Table 2
OUR FATHER-FORMULA DOCUMENTS ARRANGED BY ADDRESSEE

Addressee(s)	Text	Date	Scribe	Signatory	Content
Brothers of the <i>pistikos</i>	17	Mesore 8, ind.?		Daniel	Order to supply wheat
Brothers of the poll-tax	1	Phamenoth 17, ind. 11	Phiph	Keri	Poll-tax receipt
Brothers of the poll-tax	3	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 11	Georgios (1)	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
Brothers of the poll-tax	4	Pharmouthi 18, ind. 11	Georgios (1)	Keri	Order to issue a poll-tax
					receipt
Brothers of the poll-tax	w	Pharmouthi 18, ind. <11?>	Georgios (3)	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
[Brothers of the poll-tax?]	7	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Apollonios	Keri	Order to pay people from
					Titkoohe?
Brothers of the poll-tax	6	Pharmouthi 1, ind. 12	Georgios (2)	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
Brothers of the poll-tax	10	Mecheir 17, ind. 13		Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
Brothers of the poll-tax	11	Mecheir 21, ind. 13	Konstantinos	Keri	Order to delay demand for
					tax payment
Brothers of the poll-tax	14	Phamenoth 11, ind. 8	Elias (2)	Daniel	Poll-tax receipt
Brothers of the poll-tax	25	Choiak 21, ind. 1	Anoup		Tax document
and Prashe, the brothers	∞	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Georgios (2)	Keri	Order to pay headman of
of the poll-tax					Titkoohe

7	41				Order for payment in wine
Andreas	37	Phaophi ? ind. 10			Order for payment
Anoup	2 4			1	Invoice for oil
Alloup and Ashor	30	Hathyr 9, ind. 6			Order to supply clover
Apollo (sah) and Shenoute	15	Pachon 17, ind. 9	Victor (1)	Daniel	Receipt for stone
(builder)					
Apa Benjamin	36	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 1	Ioanes		Order for payment of bread
Canat	35	Choiak 7, ind. 9			Order for payment in bread
indpo					
P[apa Da]m[ian(os)]	47	Phaophi 12, ind. 1	Pamoun		Order to supply wine
George of the great garden	53				Order to give an ass fodder
Gerontse (woollen-	4	Pauni 14, ind. 11	1	1	Order for payment of
garment-dealer)					Wollon gamene
HIO (sah)	58	1		-	Beginning of a document
TITO (Seet)					
Ana Iohannes	27	Pauni 25, ind. 13	1	<b>₩</b>	Order for payment of fish
					and garum
Dono Ioooh	45		1	1	Order for payment
rapa Jacob	21	Thoth 30, ind. 2		Germanos	Order to sell plaited work
Jeremijasj					

Apa Klouj	48				Order to remain with a
					brother?
Klouj	67		-	-	Fragment
Koueie (son of) Papas	54				Invoice for lead and oil
/young Papas					
Lazare	51	Phaophi 24 (?), ind. 5 (?)		1	Order to supply
					equipment?
Mena of Pmanle	23	? Thoth ind. 11		Phib	Order
Apa Noc/Apanoc	49				Unidentifiable
Patermoute	38	Phamenoth (?) 17, ind.		ı	Order to supply garum
		(10+)			
Paule	32	Phaophi 8, ind. 1		1	Order for payment in
					greens and lachanon
Paule	33	I	1	ı	Order for payment of
					greens
Apa Petros (oikonomos)	24	Pachon 8, ind.12	Makare	Theodoros	Garments as payment for
(forest) or a second second					collecting aparchê?
Phib (sah) and Is[-]	20		I		Order detailing various
					commodities

Apa Phoibammon	37	-		ı	Order for payment in bread,
(presbyteros)					oil & wine
Proou	26			+++	Order for payment in fish
Pshoi	22		Thomas	Petre	Tax document
Severus of Posh	63			1	Fragment
Papa Shenoute	28	Tybi 23, ind. 5	Elias (1)	illegible	Order to supply aracus

Severus of Posh	63	_		1	Fragment
Papa Shenoute	28	Tybi 23, ind. 5	Elias (1)	illegible	Order to supply aracus
Papa Shenoute	18	Choiak 16, ind. 6	Anoup	Georgios	Order to supply wheat
Papa Shenoute	46	_	1		Order to supply a
					commodity measured in
					artabas
Papa Shenoute (oil-dealer) 20	20		1	Georgios	Order to supply aracus and
					barley
Shenoute (deacon)	43	Pachon ?, ind. ?		seal	Order to supply wool
Simothe	39	? 18, ind. ?	Victor (2)	1	Order for payment in wine
Apa Simothi	40				Order for payment in wine

Taurine of Pmanle	29	Hathyr 11, ind. 13		Order to supply barley

Apa Victor and the brothers	16	Mesore 20, ind. 9	Victor (1)	Daniel	Order for payment in wine
Victor	9	Hathyr 14, ind. 11	Georgios (2)	Keri	Order to issue a poll-tax
					receipt

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Papa Palau	64			1	Fragment
of Apa K(-)	9				Fragment
of the place of	13			Ker	Authorization of payment
weavers/Pmanesasht					to bakers
of the place	62			1	Fragment
of Teshnê	19	Phaophi 16 (?), ind. 7		Georgios	Order to supply greens
					and other items
the rug-dealer	12	Pauni 15, ind. 13 (?)	Praseios	Keri	Order to sell rugs as poll-
					tax contribution

Table 3
OUR FATHER-FORMULA DOCUMENTS ARRANGED BY SCRIBE

Scribe	Text	Addressee(s)	Date	Signatory	Content
Anoup	25	Brothers of the poll-tax	Choiak 21, ind. 1		Tax document
Anoup	18	Papa Shenoute	Choiak 16, ind. 6	Georgios	Order to supply wheat
Apollonios	7	and Prashe, the brothers	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Keri	Order to pay people from
•		of the poll-tax			Titkoohe?
Elias (1)	28	Papa Shenoute	Tybi 23, ind. 5	illegible	Order to supply aracus
Elias (2)	14	Brothers of the poll-tax	Phamenoth 11, ind. 8	Daniel	Poll-tax receipt
Georgios (1)	3	Brothers of the poll-tax	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 11	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
Georgios (1)	4	Brothers of the poll-tax	Pharmouthi 18, ind. 11	Keri	Order to issue a poll-tax
0		•			receipt
Georgios (2)	6	Brothers of the poll-tax	Pharmouthi 1, ind. 12	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability
Georgios (2)	9	Victor	Hathyr 14, ind. 11	Keri	Order to issue a poll-tax
)					receipt
Georgios (2)	∞	Brothers of the poll-tax	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Keri	Order to pay headman of
	35		Management Beautiful Edition		Titkoohe
Georgios (3)	w	Brothers of the poll-tax	Pharmouthi 18, ind. <11?>	Keri	Waiver of poll-tax liability

Order for payment of bread

Pharmouthi 16, ind. 1

Apa Benjamin

 Waiver of poll-tax liability	
Pharmouthi 18, ind. <11?>   Keri	
Brothers of the poll-tax   Ph	
Georgiae (3) 5	COLETOS (2)

Ioanes	36	Apa Benjamin	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 1		Order for payment of bread
Konstantinos	11	Brothers of the poll-tax	Mecheir 21, ind. 13	Keri	Order to delay demand for
					tax payment
Makare	24	Apa Petros (oikonomos)	Pachon 8, ind. 12	Theodoros	Garments as payment for
					collecting aparchê?
Pamoun	47	P[apa Da]m[ian(os)]	Phaophi 12, ind. 1		Order to supply wine
Phiph	1	Brothers of the poll-tax	Phamenoth 17, ind. 11	Keri	Poll-tax receipt
Praseios	12	the rug-dealer	Pauni 15, ind. 13 (?)	Keri	Order to sell rugs as poll-tax contribution
Thomas	22	Pshoi		Petre	Tax document
Victor (1)	16	Apa Victor and the brothers	Mesore 20, ind. 9	Daniel	Order for payment in wine
Victor (1)	15	Apollo (sah) and Shenoute	Pachon 17, ind. 9	Daniel	Receipt for stone
		(builder)			
Victor (2)	39	Simothe	? 18, ind. ?	-	Order for payment in wine

Scribe not extant: 2, 31, 33, 34, 41, 42, 45, 46, 49, 50, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 70 No scribe: 10, 13, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 26, 27, 29, 30, 32, 35, 37, 38, 40, 43, 44, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 67



PART II

THE TEXTS

Text Julia

1 Marc 2 April 3 April 4 April 5 April 6 Nove Dece 10 Febr 11 Febr

Dece

Mar

# ORDERS AUTHORIZED BY A SIGNATORY

## TEXTS SIGNED BY KERI

Text	Julian calendar date	Egyptian calendar date	Content	Scribe
1	March 13, indiction 11	Phamenoth 17, ind. 11	Poll-tax receipt	Phiph
			1	
2	April 11, indiction 11 (?)	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 11 (?)	Order to supply bread	_
3	April 11, indiction 11 (?)	Pharmouthi 16, ind. 11 (?)	Waiver of poll-tax liability	Georgios (1)
				Г
4	April 13, indiction 11	Pharmouthi 18, ind. 11	Order to issue a poll-tax receipt	Georgios (1)
5	April 13, indiction <11?>	Pharmouthi 18, ind. <11?>	Waiver of poll-tax liability	Georgios (3)
			0.1.4.1	Georgios (2)
6	November 10/11, indiction 11	Hathyr 14, ind. 11	Order to issue a poll-tax receipt	Georgios (2)
7	December 26/27, indiction 11	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Order to pay people from Titkoohe?	Apollonios
8	December 26/27, indiction 11	Choiak 30, ind. 11	Order to pay headman from Titkoohe	Georgios (2)
9	March 27, indiction 12	Pharmouthi 1, ind. 12	Waiver of poll-tax liability	Georgios (2)
10	February 11/12, indiction 13	Mecheir 17, ind. 13	Waiver of poll-tax liability	-
11	February 15/16, indiction 13	Mecheir 21, ind. 13	Order to delay demand for tax payment	Konstantinos
12	June 9, indiction 13?	Pauni 15, ind. 13 (?)	Order to sell rugs as poll- tax contribution	Praseios

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### 1

# POLL-TAX RECEIPT

P.Mich. inv. 1300 side (B) Plate I  $100 \times 165 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 73)

Preservation: All 5 lines of text are preserved except for one small lacuna. No. 73 was written earlier on this papyrus.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is small and cursive; +, 1, M, P, T, and (a) may have a long hooked tail. The elligature is distinctive with a hook at the end of the descender (l. 4). A raised dot appears to mark syllabic function in erooter, l. 5. For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.2). Husselman (1951: 332) suggested a provenance of Hermopolis.

Acquisition: See I.15.

Bibliography: Side (B) of this papyrus was edited by Husselman (1951: 331–334), and mentioned in *P.Mich.Copt.*, p. 21.

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Phamenoth 17 (March 13), indiction 11.

Scribe: Phiph (I.9).

The brothers of the poll-tax are notified of the receipt of a rug worth one solidus as Camoul's poll-tax payment.

1

- 2 † пенеіфт петсзаї нафире несних нітуна (рісмос)
- 3 ΧΕ ΕΣΡΑΪ ΣΝ ΦΦΗ ΝΦΟΛΟΚΟΤΤΝ ΝΑΝΑ(ΡΙΟΜΟΟ) ΕΦΑΡΕΘΑΜΟΥΛ
- 4  $\epsilon$ nha ntaaq 2a teipomhe tai enaek(a)t(hc) i(n)a(iktionoc) eic oy20at
- 5 ΝΤΑΠΙΟ ΑΘΕΙ ΕΤΟΟΤ·Τ ΕΣΡΑΪ ΕΡΟΘ  $\mu(\eta v i)$  Φα $\mu(\epsilon v \omega)\theta$  ιζ  $i(v)\delta(\iota κτ i \omega v o \varsigma)$  ια Φιφ 6 Hand 2 + κηρι

2 l. Плечанре l.  $\overline{M}$ - 2, 3  $\text{An}^{\Lambda}$  pap. 3 l.  $2\overline{M}$  фов  $\overline{M}$   $\overline{M}$ 

- 2 † It is our father who writes to his sons, the brothers of the poll-tax.
- 3 About the matter of the solidus of poll-tax which Camoul
- 4 must pay for this year, the eleventh indiction—here is a solidus-worth
- of rug which I have received for it. (Greek:) In the month of Phamenoth, (day) 17, indiction 11. Phiph.

6 ∱ Keri.

1, 2, 6. 十: the *ed. pr.* gave 十.

1

2. Nq-: for NNEq-, also in No. 4.1 and 5.1 (Nq-), both written by Georgios.

3.  $\phi$ ONOKOTTN NANA(PICMOC): the *ed. pr.* read  $\phi$ ONOKOTTN NITANA.

4.  $\epsilon_{NA}\epsilon_{K(A)}$ T(HC)  $\iota(N)$ A(IKTIONOC): read by the ed. pr. as  $\epsilon_{NA}\epsilon_{K/A}$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Dimensions are given throughout this edition with height preceding width.

## ORDER TO SUPPLY BREAD

P.Camb. UL Green 7 side (A) Plate I

 $87 \times 85 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 3)

Preservation: The right-hand side of what may have been a 6-line text ending with Keri's signature (not preserved). It is uncertain whether this text was drawn up before or after the *Our father*-formula text written on the same day on the other side of this papyrus (No. 3).

Palaeography: As for No. 4?

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature on the text on the other side of the papyrus, possibly also to be restored at the end of the present text, suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.12).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressee: ... the bread-seller.

Document date: Pharmouthi 16 (April 11), indiction 11 (?).

A bread-seller is ordered to pay Psha the sah a quantity of bread.

1 [† πενειωτ πετς2]αϊ νπαωμρε
2 [ ... ].ε ψαροεικ χε τι
3 [ ... ].λς νοεικ νψα2 πωα
4 [ ... ]ε.κμκν.ωωρ εμαϊ.
5 [ ... ]... Φαρμ(ου)θ(ι) ις ἰνδ(ικτί)ο(νος) ια
6 [ + κμρι? ]

2  $\text{AN}^{\text{A}}$  pap. 5 Φαρμ<sup>θ</sup> pap.  $\text{IV}\delta^{\text{O}}$  pap.

- 1 | 什 It is our father who wri tes to his son
- 2 [...] the bread-seller. Give
- 3 [...] ... of bread to the sah Psha
- 4 [...]...?
- 5 (Greek:) Pharmouthi 16, indiction 11 (?).

4. Φωρ εμαϊ.: Perhaps read κωωρε or κωωρε, see Crum, Dict. 115, κωωρε. As for μαϊ., compare μαιώτης 'Maeotian fish' see Nielsen and Worp ZPE 133 2001: 177, No. 5.4—a 4th-century list of fishes.

3

# WAIVER OF POLL-TAX LIABILITY

P.Camb. UL Green 7 side (B) Plate II

 $87 \times 85 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 2)

Preservation: The left-hand side of this 5-line text is poorly preserved with numerous lacunae.

Palaeography: Written by Georgios (1), see I.9 and No. 4.

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1. N4-: als

2. NITANA

3. A cour

Enoch (N 1931-43:

4. TOOT: ]
6. NCOYCE

7. прос:

document

P.Camb. I

Plate III

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Palaeogra

Provenance

(I.2)

Acquisitio

Bibliograp

Addressee

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (1.2).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Pharmouthi 16 (April 11), indiction 11 (?).

Scribe: Georgios (1; I.9).

- 1 ф пеиегот петсям[і] й[иафнье иесинл]
- 2 NHANA(PICMOC)  $\times \in \text{NHEPMARE}[...]$
- 3 KAT ±8 A ±4 [...]
- 4  $\Phi \alpha \rho \mu(o v) \theta(i)$  is  $i v \delta(i \kappa \tau i) o(v o s)$  ia  $\Gamma \epsilon \omega \rho \gamma i [(o s) \ \ddot{\epsilon} \gamma \rho(\alpha \psi \alpha)]$
- 5 \( \psi \) κΗρ[ι]

2 an  $^{\text{h}}$  pap. 4 Farm pap. in  $\delta^{\text{o}}$  pap.

- 1 It is our father who write[s] to [his sons, the brothers]
- of the poll-tax. Do not hold liable [...]
- instalment (?) of poll-tax (?) for the year [...]
- 4 (Greek:) Pharmouthi 16, indiction 11 (?). [I,| Georgi[os, wrote.]
- 5 ⅓ Ker[i.]
- 3. қҳт ±8: reconstruct катавоан nana 'instalment x of poll-tax'?
- д ±4: reconstruct прос тромпе as in No. 9.3.
- 4. ια: could also be ιδ or ιἕ?

### 4

## ORDER TO ISSUE A POLL-TAX RECEIPT

P.Sarga 174 (P.Mich. inv. 578 side (B)) 101 × 88 mm Plate II

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 72)

Preservation: All 9 lines are preserved, with lacunae in II. 3 and 9. This text was written on the back of No. 72, and the papyrus was cut down to size.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is the scribe Georgios (1; **I.9**), who writes Coptic in a semi-cursive hand, with few majuscule characters. His Greek hand is cursive (1.8). For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see **I.11**.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.2).

Acquisition: See I.15

Bibliography: Side (B) of this papyrus was first edited in *P.Sarga*, p. 142–143, and later by Husselman (1951: 332–333). It is also mentioned in *P.Mich.Copt.*, p. 21.

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Pharmouthi 18 (April 13). indiction 11.

Scribe: Georgios (1; **I.9**).

The brothers of the poll-tax are ordered to issue a receipt to Mena the sack-weaver for his payment of four sacks which are estimated to be worth half a solidus. In P.Mich. inv. 522 (Heisler 1984: 126–128), a Coptic poll-tax account possibly dated to the 8th century which may possibly be related to the Bawit

archive, sack-weavers (CA2T 600YNE) are liable for payments of 1, 2, or 3 sacks (Clackson 2007: 104 n.13 corrects the amount given in the transcription of 1. 10 of this text to 2).

т пенеют петсга ичфире

2 NECNHY NITANA (PICMOC) XE EIC 9TO NOO-

3 ΟΥΝΕ ΝΤΕ ΜΗΝΑ ΥΑΣΕΟΟΥΝΕ

4 ΑΥΕΙ ΤΟΟΤ 2Α ΠΕΒΑΝΑ (ΡΙΟΜΟΟ) ΛΟΙΠΟΝ

5 ΤΙ ΠΕΒΕΝΤΑΓΝ ΝΑΘ ΑΥΦ 6Φ

6 εϊχφού τηρού νοούς Μντού

7 προς 4το νεοούνε 37 της Φε

8 Ν2ΟλΟΚ(Ο)Τ(ΤΙΝΟΣ) μ(ηνί) Φαρ(μου)θ(ι) ιη ίνδ(ικτίωνος) ια ή Γεωργι(ος)

9 Hand 2 

→ KHPI

1 l. Nneq- 2 l. Mπ- 2, 4 an pap. 2, 7 l. 4τοογ 4 l. 6τοοτ 4, 5 l. πeq- 5 l. 6ntarion 8 20λοκ pap.  $\mu$  Φαρ pap.  $\nu$  pap.  $\nu$  pap.

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his sons
- 2 the brothers of the poll-tax. Here are four sacks
- 3 belonging to Mena the sack-weaver.
- 4 I have received them as his poll-tax, so
- 5 give him his receipt and see
- 6 that all of them are reckoned
- 7 equal in value to four sacks for the half
- 8 solidus. (Greek:) In the month of Pharmouthi, (day) 18, indiction 11. † Georgi(os).
- 9 † Keri.
- 1, 9. 十: Husselman (1951: 332–333) gave 平.
- 1. N9-: also found in No. 1.1 and 5.1 (N9-).
- 2. NΠANA: Kahle (*P.Bal.*, p. 73, §27b) wrongly assumed that N was written for ε here and in Nos. 1 and 14.
- 3. A couple of sack-weavers are commemorated in inscriptions from the Bawit monastery of Apollo: Enoch (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 99, No. 268.5), and Phoibammon (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 87, No. 205.2).
- 4. тоот: Husselman (1951: 332) gave тот.
- 6. NCOYCMNTOY: literally 'they are established'.
- 7. προς: Gregorius (1976–8: 220–221, §145) lists occurrences of πρός with this meaning in Coptic documents (which is omitted in the entry Förster, WB); see LSJ 1498b, section C III 4.

5

# WAIVER OF POLL-TAX LIABILITY

P.Camb. UL Green 2 Plate III  $86 \times 125 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century

Papyrus

Preservation: All 6 lines of text. Other side blank.

Palaeography: For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (1.2).

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Pharmouthi 18 (April 13), indiction <11>?

Scribe: Georgios (3; I.9).

The brothers of the poll-tax are ordered not to hold Phoibamon of the piggery liable for poll-tax until Keri has had a word with them. Although the indiction year is omitted in the dating formula (l. 4), this order to the brothers of the poll-tax may have been issued by Keri on the same day as No. 4, which was also written by a scribe Georgios.

- 1  $+ [\pi \varepsilon]$  Neiwt  $\pi \varepsilon \tau \overline{\varepsilon z}$   $\overline{\varepsilon z}$   $\overline{\varepsilon z}$   $\overline{\varepsilon z}$
- 2  $[N\varepsilon]$ CNHOY  $\overline{N}$ MANA(PICMOC)  $\times \varepsilon$  NTEPMA2 $\varepsilon$
- 3 NOOIBAMON HAHMAN[N]EPIP NANA(PICMOC)
- 4 Φαρμ(ου) $\theta(ι)$  τη ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)
- 5 Γεωργ(ιος) ἔγραψα Η

1 l.  $\overline{\text{N}}$ Νε4- 2 l. CNHY  $\overline{\text{M}}$ - 2, 3  $\text{AN}^{\wedge}$  pap. 2 l.  $\overline{\text{M}}$ Περ- 3 l.  $\overline{\text{M}}$ ΦοιβΑΜΜΦΝ 4 l.  $\overline{\text{N}}$ ΜΗΤ $\overline{\text{N}}$  Φαρμ $^{\theta}$  pap.  $\text{1V}^{\delta}$ / pap. 5 Γεωρ $^{\gamma}$ / pap.

- 1 † It is [ou]r father who writes to his sons
- 2 [the] brothers of the poll-tax. Do no hold
- 3 Phoibamon of the piggery liable for poll-tax
- 4 until I speak with you. † (Greek:) Pharmouthi 18, indiction (sic!).
- 5 I, Georgios, wrote. 十
- 6 Keri ∱

1. Nq-: Nq- is also found in No. 1.1 and 4.1

- 3. MAN[N]EPIP: may possibly also be interpreted as 'piggery' (Crum, Dict. 153b, MA), rather than 'swineherd' (Crum, Dict. 173b, MOONE).
- 4. No indiction year appears to have been entered by the scribe.

6

# ORDER TO ISSUE A POLL-TAX RECEIPT

P.Princeton Garrett deposit 1924

H.I. Bell No. II 21 side (B)

Plate III

 $112 \times 162 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No.74)

Preservation: All 8 lines of text with some small lacunae. This side is labelled 'recto' in the Library catalogue.

Palaeography: An experienced majuscule hand with many ligatures and some cursive forms. For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see **I.11**.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.2).

Acquisition: See I.15.

Addressee: Victor.

Document date: Hathyr 14 (November 10/11), indiction 11.

Scribe: Georgios (2; I.9).

This order may have been sent to the same Victor who is addressed in No. 16 and possibly No. 65 (I.8). It appears that a certain David has the poll-tax contribution of Anoup, who is described as his son. If both are monks, David would have been Anoup's spiritual, rather than natural, father.

2. BIKTO MN ±8 of of mone 3. Read

ANTHPIC

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P.Leuver Plate IV

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1 4 цейелот петсая инафиье 2 RIKLOD MN ∓8 € O"YE 3 AAAYEIT ±4 ANTHPICMOC 4 эчн фран пуона ас ітра 5 εϊεκλ πεικογί Φηρε εκολ 6 TI ENTAKEN NA9 2A TE90) HPE 7 μ(ηνὶ) Αθυρ ιδ ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ια Γεωργε ἔγρ(αψα) 8 Hand 2 **₩** КНРІ

1 l. Miney- 3 l. Anapicmoc 6 l. Entation  $7 \text{ iv}^{\delta}$  pap. Eyr/pap.

- 1 片 It is our father who writes to his son
- 2 Victor (?) and ...
- 3 David (?) has ... poll-tax —
- 4 he has paid for Anoup his son.
- 5 I shall release this young son—
- 6 give him (a) receipt for his son.
- 7 (Greek:) In the month of Hathyr, (day) 14, indiction 11. George wrote.
- 8 + Keri.

2. κικτωρ: these letters are very faint and uncertain.

אָא ±8 є שָׁ...גִּפ: read אַאִ .c.... אבּ followed by שַּׁתְּפַּאַ? A name is expected followed by פּוֹכ and a sum of money.

3. Read xooy 'sent'?

ANTHPICMOC: the same form also occurs in No. 8.4, 7.

### 7

# ORDER TO PAY PEOPLE FROM TITKOOHE?

P.Leuven 9 side (A) Plate IV

c. 95 x 105 mm

(script) 8th century? Papyrus (see No. 8)

Preservation: Destroyed in May 1940, the only surviving record of this text is a photographic negative. It is difficult to determine whether it was written before or after No. 8, the much better preserved document written on the same day on the other side of this papyrus.

Palaeography: For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature strongly suggests Bawit as the place of origin (I.2).

Acquisition: See I.15.

Addressees: [Brothers of the poll-tax?].

Document date: Choiak 30 (December 26/27), indiction 11.

Scribe: Apollonios (I.9).

It seems highly likely that this document was issued to the brothers of the poll-tax, as was No. 8. Both texts involve payments to a headman of Titkoohe, and thereby attest to the close relationship maintained between the monastery and this village which I have suggested was its closest neighbour (*P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 4).

[+ пенеіфт петсалі инафире] 2 ±41 ±7 | ±8 3 **Χ** ε τι ογπλω ε Νεολοκ(ο)τ(τίνος) εν ±2 IO2ANNHC YAAM, NTALE 5 NTITKOO2€ 2A  $\pm$ ? 6 .. εϊτη πε ±4 γι νό(μισμα) ∫ 7 έγρ(άφη) Χοιη(κ) λ ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ια Απολλωνι(ο)ς ἔγρ(αψα) 8 Hand 2 **₩** кнрі

3 20λοκ<sup>T</sup>/ pap. 6 v° pap. 7 εγρ/  $X^{\text{oig}}$  pap. l. Χοιακ ινδ/ pap. Απολλων.  $\frac{5}{6}$  εγρ/ pap.

- 1 [† It is our father who writes to his sons]
- 2 ...[...]...
- Give half a solidus ...
- 4 ... Iohannes the *psalmôdos* (?) to the headman
- 5 ... of Titkoohe ...
- 6 ... from/by ... solidi <sup>1</sup>/-
- 7 (Greek:) Written Choiak 30, indiction 11. I, Apollonios, wrote.
- 8 † Keri.

3. 2N: or read N- 'to', preceded by symbol for 1/2?

4. ΤΑΠΕ: note the use of the feminine definite article used before AΠΕ 'headman' here, as also in Bawit inscription Clédat 1904–6: 42, No. 6.8. It is usually the case that AΠΕ with this meaning is assigned the masculine article, as in No. 8.6 (ΠΑΠΕ ΝΤΙΤΚΟΘ2Ε).

5. [SJC wondered whether to read ειωνε ΝΠΕΦΚΦΚ, a possible place name.]

### 8

# ORDER TO PAY HEADMAN OF TITKOOHE

P.Leuven 9 side (B) Plate IV c. 95 x 105 mm

(script) 8th century? Papyrus (see No. 7)

Preservation: Destroyed in May 1940, the only surviving record of this text is a photographic negative. It is difficult to determine whether it was written before or after No. 7, the much less well preserved document written on the same day on the other side of this papyrus.

Palaeography: For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature strongly suggests Bawit as the place of origin (I.2).

Acquisition: See I.15.

Addressees: [...] and Prashe, the brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Choiak 30 (December 26/27), indiction 11.

Scribe: Georgios (2; **I.9**).

The brothers of the poll-tax are ordered to pay Abraham, the headman of Titkoohe, half a solidus which will be reckoned as a poll-tax payment by the issuer. See the introduction to No. 7.

IT IS OUR

4, 77

4, 7. anth 6. папе: f

P.Louvre E Plate V

Preservation
Palaeographical ligature (I. first half of Provenance

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1 [1]	тпенеют петсгаі инчфире]
2 [	NN MN]
3	пасон прафе ми [и]есинү
4	ΠΠΑΝΤΗΡΪΟΜΟΟ ΧΕ ΤΙ ΟΥΠΑ-
5	$\oplus \in \underline{N}$ 2020kottn $\underline{N}$ abbasam
6	παπε ντιτκοόγε τλοπο
7	<b>ерот</b> и епантнрісмос 🕆
8	$\mu$ (ηνὶ) Χοι(ακ) $\lambda$ ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ια Γεωργι(ος) ἔγρ(αψα) $+$
9 Hand 2	<b>†</b> кнрі

- 4, 7 l. anapicmoc 5 l. 20aokottinoc 7 l. Eqwtn  $8 \mu X^{01} pap$ .  $10^{\delta} pap$ .  $\Gamma$  Ewryl Egg/ pap.

  - 2 [NN and]
  - 3 brother (*pason*) Prashe and the brothers
  - 4 of the poll-tax. Give ha-
  - 5 If a solidus to Abraham
  - 6 the headman of Titkoohe and I will reckon it
  - 7 to you as poll-tax. 十
  - 8 (Greek:) In the month of Choiak, (day) 30, indiction 11. I, Georgios, wrote. †
  - → Keri.

4, 7. ANTHPÏCMOC: form also in No. 6.3.

6. NAME: for the term AME with the feminine definite article, see No. 7.4.

#### 9

## WAIVER OF POLL-TAX LIABILITY

P.Louvre E 27616 side (B) Plate V

39 ×167 mm

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 84)

Preservation: All 4 lines are preserved. No. 84 was written earlier on the other side of this papyrus.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is a flowing majuscule with some ligatures, including the 'ace-of-spades' ep ligature (l. 2). For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11. Boud'hors (1995: 32) proposes a date in the first half of the 8th century.

Provenance: Excavated at Bawit by Jean Clédat.

Acquisition: Donated to the Louvre in October 1993 by Clédat's daughter, Madame Jean Mallet (personal communication, Dominique Bénazeth, 18/11/2002).

Bibliography: Published by Boud'hors (1995: 32-33); reproduced in Clédat (1999: 349, plate 309, centre); described briefly in L'Égypte en Périgord, catalogue item 22, No. 2, pl. 99 (centre).

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Pharmouthi 1 (March 27), indiction 12.

Scribe: Georgios (2; I.9).

The brothers of the poll-tax are ordered not to hold a certain Iohannes liable for poll-tax for the year. He was connected either with Keri in some way (reading πεφρωμ, 'his man', in l. 2), or with the brothers of the poll-tax (reading πεγρωμ, 'their man', in l. 2).

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Plate V

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Provenance Monastery

Acquisition Bibliogram

Addressee Document

Scribe: Ko

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11,7

1 ф пенеют петсзаї мичфнье несину ипайу (ысмос)

2 же иперамаге пішганинс печрим нана (рісмос)

3 προς τρομπε ή Φαρμ(ου)θ(ι) α ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ιβ

4 Γεωργιος έγρα(ψα) Τ

1 l. Νίνεμ- l. Μπ- l, 2 λιν  $^{\wedge}$  pap. 2 l. Μπερ- 3 Φ  $^{\alpha}$ ρμ $^{\theta}$  ιν  $^{\delta}$  pap. 4 Γεωργιος εγρ $^{\alpha}$  pap.

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his sons, the brothers of the poll-tax.
- 2 Do not hold Iohannes, his man, liable for poll-tax
- for the year. (Greek:) + Pharmouthi 1, indiction 12.
- 4 I, Georgios, wrote. 宁

2. печром: or пеүром—either reading is equally possible given that the scribe writes  $\gamma$  and q in the same way. The transcription in the *ed. pr.* privileged пеүром.

NANA (PICMOC): this term was not translated in the ed. pr. ('Jean leur homme de ...').

3.  $\iota\beta$ : written with an open beta. The year date was read as  $\iota\alpha$  in the *ed. pr.* and No. 4 was invoked as being written in the same month and same year. In my opinion, however, the scribe Georgios who wrote No. 4 is not the same Georgios who writes the present text (I.9).

4. Γεωργιος: the  $\varsigma$  is written in a very cursive fashion above the o and resembles a  $\upsilon$ , which is how it was read in the *ed. pr.* It is possible that the reading Γεωργιου is correct, and the name is in the genitive, compare No. **12.6**.

### 10

# WAIVER OF POLL-TAX LIABILITY

P.Camb. UL Green 8 side (B)

Plate V

90 × 165 mm

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 85)

Preservation: All 6 lines of text are preserved, although there are lacunae in II. 2-5.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is a large, right-sloping majuscule with the occasional cursive form. For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see **I.11**.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.2).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Mecheir 17 (February 11/12), indiction 13.

- 1 ф пенеіфт петсалі ничфире
- 2 несину нпанарісмос же нпер-
- 3 Μ[λ]ξε ΝΑΒΡΑ2(ΑΜ) ΠΕΪΚΟΥΪ ΕΘ2Α2ΤΗ
- 4 ΠΑΜΟΥΝ ΠΑΣΑ.... CΝΟΥ ΘΑλλΑ ..
- 5 υσε νπεράμασε νμο $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$  μ(ηνὶ)  $\mathbf{M}(\epsilon)\chi(\epsilon \mathbf{i} \rho)$  ιζ ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ιγ  $\dot{\mathbf{q}}$

6 Hand 2 + кнрі

 $1 \ l$ . Neq-  $2 \ l$ .  $\overline{\text{Mn}}$ - 2,  $5 \ l$ .  $\overline{\text{Mn}}$  гер-  $5 \ l$ .  $\overline{\text{Mmoq}}$   $\overline{\mu}$   $M^x$  pap.  $w^b$ / pap.

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- 1 † It is our father who writes to his sons
- 2 the brothers of the poll-tax. Do not
- 3 hold liable Abrah(am), this little one under
- 4 Pamoun ... last year (?) but ...
- 5 ... do not hold him liable. (Greek:) In the month of Mecheir, (day) 17, indiction 13.
- 6 ∱ Keri.
- 4. [SJC wondered whether it was possible to read πληλ Νονογα 'for the poll-tax last year'].

### 11

### ORDER TO DELAY DEMAND FOR TAX PAYMENT

*P.YaleCopt.* 21 (P.CtYBR inv. 1861) Plate V

 $56 \times 161 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century

Papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines, all margins.

Palaeography: A semi-cursive hand with some ligatures; 1 and p have hooked descenders;  $\phi$  is written in one continuous movement without taking the pen off the papyrus ( $\phi$ oo $\gamma$  l. 2). For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown, Keri's signature on this document suggests Bawit as the place of origin (I.2). The Monastery of Phoou (I. 2) may be located in the Hermopolite nome (I.13).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Bibliography: Edited in P. YaleCopt., p. 48; described briefly in Petersen (s.d. 1964?): No. 123.

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Mecheir 21 (February 15/16), indiction 13.

Scribe: Konstantinos (I.9).

This text shows how the monastery administered poll-tax collection from other monasteries. The brothers of the poll-tax are ordered not to hold liable a nameless young monk from the Monastery of Phoou (I.13) until a certain brother Petros arrives. Petros may have been responsible for the young monk or have had some influence in how the poll-tax was collected.

- 1 Р пенеіфт петсзаї нафире несних пана (рісмос)
- 2 κε ληλή επεικογί μονοχός ητέπτοο(ο) γ ηφοογ
- 3 ППРАМАЗЕ ЙМОЧ ФАНТЕПАСОН ПЕТРОС ЕГ
- 4  $+ \mu(\eta \nu i) M(\epsilon) \chi(\epsilon i \rho) κα i(ν) δ(ικτίωνος) ιγ <math>+ Kωνσταντινος ἔγρ(αψα)$

5 Hand 2 中 KHPI

- 1 P It is our father who writes to his sons, the brothers of the poll-tax.
- 2 See this young monk of the Monastery of Phoou—
- do not hold him liable until brother (pason) Petros comes.
- 4 (Greek:) † In the month of Mecheir, (day) 21, indiction 13. † I, Konstantinos, wrote.
- 5 † Keri.

1. The ed. pr. read this line # пенеют пен паї нафире нсенну пана.

2. ANAY: the ed. pr. read ANAÏ.

 $TOO{0}$ y: the second o is a blob of ink; the *ed. pr.* read TWOY.

3. The ed. pr. read this line MIDAN NHENMON WANT.H.CON HETPOC EL.

4. M(ε)χ(ειρ) κα i(ν)δ(ικτίωνος) ιγ †: the *ed. pr.* read M(ε)χ(ειρ) i(NAΙΚΤΙΦΝΟC) i \$.

### 12

# ORDER TO SELL RUGS AS POLL-TAX CONTRIBUTION

BL Or. 6201B (143) side (B) Plate VI

 $93 \times 70 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: All but the left-hand edge of this 8-line document is preserved. On side (A) of this papyrus there are at least four lines of text written in a large, fluent, cursive hand which differs from that on side (B). The ink has faded to brown and is practically illegible.

Palaeography: Hand 1: a flowing, semi-cursive hand. For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature suggests that this papyrus was reused at Bawit (I.2). Antinoe is mentioned in l. 5 (I.13).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp.10-11

Dialect: Note the use of B for q etc. in this text.

Addressee: ... the rug-dealer.

Document date: Pauni 15 (June 9), indiction 13 (?).

Scribe: Praseios (I.9).

This text is almost complete and yet some of the details remain uncertain. It was issued to a rug-dealer and concerns his poll-tax contribution. Two rugs have been received which may represent his poll-tax, or that of a person called Terei. The rug-dealer is perhaps then ordered to take the rugs to Antinoe, presumably to sell them. Another interpretation is that the rugs constitute the rug-dealer's poll-tax contribution and it is Terei who takes them to Antinoe for sale. There is little written evidence for Antinoe as centre for textile production: Wipszycka (1991: 2221, 'Centers of textile production') states that 'written sources do not confirm that Antinoopolis played a more significant role than other cities in the production of textiles.'

- 1 [+ пе] иетстаї ипффире
- 2 [ ... ].λ ΠCΑ ΝΤΑΠΙΟ ΧΕ 2ΡΑΙ 2Ν ΦΦ9 ΝΠΚ-
- 3 [an]tpicmoc ntipomie taï
- 4 [x indiction] EIC TAILIC CNAY AYEL ETOOT
- 5 [2APO] R ETHPEI BITOY EANTINOOY
- 6 [...]. + Π(α)υ(νι) ιε ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ιγ Πρασει(ο)υ ἐγρά(φη) +

7 Hand 2 [ +] кнрі

 $1\ l.$  мпеч- 2 пса ntanic superscript  $2,4\ l.$  тапнс  $2\ l.$  еграї гм ффч мпек-  $3\ l.$  анарісмос 4. тапіс : 1 ex 0 corr.  $5\ l.$  гароч l. чітоу ?  $6\ \Pi^{\nu}$  рар.  $10^{8}$  рар., Прабе $10^{8}$  гар.

- 1 | 」 | 」 | I | I is our father who writes to his son
- 2 [...] the rug-dealer. About your
- 3 poll-tax for this year—
- 4 here are two rugs which I have received

2. [
Coptic
5. [2AP
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21TOOT
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THPE1:

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6. 17: is
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P.Isma a.k.a. i Plate V

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- Ifor ilt (?)/from Terei. Take them to Antinoou. 5
- [...] + (Greek:) Pauni 15, indiction 13 (?). (By?) Praseios it was written. + 6
- 7 | + | Keri.
- 1.A: restore a personal name ending -A, for which AANIHA is the most commonly encountered in 2. [ Coptic texts of this date.
- 5. [гаро]в: another possible restoration is [еграт еро]в, following No. 1.5 (ачет етоот-т еграт ероч '(which) I have received for it'). Alternatively [21тоот]в (for 21тоотч), 'from him', compare & et etoot= 21TOOT= in CPR IV 26.12 and 189b.1. In this case Terei might be the person transporting the rugs to Antinoou.

τηρει: this personal name is not attested in Heuser, but a Τηρ<ε>ϊ occurs in two Greek papyri from Oxyrhynchus, P.Oxy. IX 1215 and PSI VII 808, both dating to the 2nd-3rd centuries.

Or τηρεικιτογ for ντερεικιτογ 'then I had taken them'?

6. ιγ: is ιε '15' also possible?

Πρασειν: looks like a hellenized form of the Coptic word πραφε, 'joy' (Crum, Dict. 309a, ραφε) which is attested as a personal name (Heuser 43, 64). A Prasi occurs in P.Camb. UL Michael. Q109/2 side (B) l. 3 (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p.11 for this collection).

If the scribe's name is indeed in the genitive, this supports a reading Γεωργιου in No 9.4.

# TEXT SIGNED BY KER = KERI?

## 13

# AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENT TO BAKERS

P.Ismailia inv. 525 a.k.a. inv. 1140 Plate VI

 $45 \times (at least) 135 mm$ 

(script) 8th century

Papyrus

Preservation: Only the left-hand side of this 4-line text is preserved. The surface of the papyrus is damaged, affecting the legibility of some letters in ll. 1-2.

Palaeography: For hand 2, the signature of Keri, see I.11.

Provenance: Excavated at the Monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit by Jean Clédat. The left-hand side of the frame in which this papyrus is mounted is twice inscribed 'Baouît' (in different hands?) at top and bottom.

Acquisition: Given to the Ismailia Museum following Clédat's excavations at Bawit.

This text was issued to someone from the place of the weavers (I.13). It may be that the signatory, Ker, can be identified with Keri from Nos. 1-12.

- **Д ценеіфт цетс**ы иша[фные йй] 1
- папманесафт же ті мо[...] 2
- ППАМРНУ ППМАНТФ6 ЕПІ[...]

4 Hand 2 中 KHP

- 十 It is our father who writes to his [son NN] 1
- of the place of the weavers/Pmanesasht. Give ... [...] 2
- to the bakers from the bakery ... [...]
- 4 十 Ker.

#### TEXTS SIGNED BY DANIEL

### A Daniel also occurs as a signatory in No. 60.

Text	Julian calendar date	Egyptian Date	Content	Scribe
14	March 7, ind. 8	Phamenoth 11, ind. 8	Poll-tax receipt	Elias (2)
		Ta	In the	[W. (1)
15	May 12, ind. 9	Pachon 17, ind. 9	Receipt for stone	Victor (1)
11	12:10	20:10		117:-4 (1)
16	August 13, ind. 9	Mesore 20, ind. 9	Order for payment in wine	Victor (1)
4 44 4				
17	August 1, ind. []	Mesore 8, ind. []	Order to supply wheat	

### 14

### POLL-TAX RECEIPT

P.Mich. inv. 1520 Plate VII

 $72 \times 146 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved; the scribe wrote around a lacuna in the centre of the papyrus.

Paleography: Hand 1 is an irregularly-written, documentary majuscule with a number of ligatures, mainly combinations with  $\epsilon$  or  $\lambda$ . The date and scribe's name are written in a Greek-type cursive. For Daniel's signature (hand 2), see I.11. This text employs a mark resembling an 'acute accent' to mark syllabic function in NTOOT9 1. 3, and on the first T in 20 $\lambda$ 0KOT TN 1. 2. It also uses a superlinear dot in place of the trema (C2 $\lambda$ i l. 1 and iepemiac l. 4).

Provenance: Unknown. The place of origin may have been Bawit because this document is addressed to the brothers of the poll-tax.

Acquisition: See I.15

Bibliography: Edited by Husselman (1951: 334-335) (where it was numbered 'P.Mich. 1524'); and mentioned in *P.Mich.Copt.*, p. 21.

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Phamenoth 11 (March 7), indiction 8.

Scribe: Elias (2; I.9).

The brothers of the poll-tax are told to take wine worth a solidus from the sons of Prashe, of the monastery of Apa Jeremias of Pmanbête (I.13).

1, 4. †: 2. The a compare 3. NTOO

MON: th

strangel

5. f, c7

IT IS OU

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P.Camb. Plate VI

Preserva Palaeogr hand, wi docket is Provenar

Acquisiti Addresse Documer Scribe: V

- Т пенеіфт петсалі неснну нпан-
- **ΑΡΙ**CΜΟΣ ΧΕ ΧΙ ΟΥ2ΟΛΟΚΟΤ ΤΝ ΝΗΡΠ
- **ИТООТЧ** ИЄФЕИ ПРАФЕ ИЕРФИЕ ИПМОЙ
- ίερεμίας παπμανβητε ή έγρ(άφη Φαμ(εν)ω(θ) ια ινδ(ικτίωνος) η Ηλιας

5 Hand 2 中 AANIHA CTOIXI 中

 $1\,\overline{\text{nnecnhy}}\,\,\overline{\text{m}}$  -  $2\,20$  dokottinoc  $3\,\overline{\text{nngen}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{npome}}\,\overline{\text{minmonacthpion}}$ ?

 $4 \exp \Phi \mu^{\omega}$ ,  $iv\delta$  5 ctoixei

- + It is our father who writes to the brothers of the poll-tax. 1
- 2 Take a solidus (ὁλοκόττινος) of wine
- 3 from the sons of Prashe, the men of the monastery
- of Jeremias of Pmanbête. (Greek:) + Written (in) Phamenoth (day) 11, indiction 8, 4 Elias.
- 5 + Daniel agrees.

1, 4. 十: the ed. pr. gave 十.

- 2. The amount of one solidus appears to represent the poll-tax payment of more than one person here; compare the half solidus paid by one man in No. 4 (I.7).
- 3. NTOOTY: the second o has been changed from another character.

πράφε: this has been written around two small marks like a \ on the papyrus.

MON: the ed. pr. had MONA, but no final A is visible. The M and O are written in a single ligature; the O is strangely formed, and may be read less convincingly as an A, to give MA N- 'place of'.

5. +, стоіхі +: these were omitted in the ed. pr. Apart from the initial c, стоіхі + has been almost completely erased, and is reconstructed after No. 16.5.

#### 15

# RECEIPT FOR STONE

P.Camb. UL Michael. 1120 Plate VII

 $63 \times 173 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: (A) 5 lines, (B) 3 lines; text is completely preserved on both sides.

Palaeography: Hand 1 belongs to the scribe Victor who writes in a small, right-sloping hand semi-cursive hand, with some majuscule forms. Tioid \(\psi \left(\psi\_{\text{A2}} \left| 1. 1\). For Daniel's signature (hand 2), see I.11. The docket is written in a faltering semi-cursive hand (hand 3).

Provenance: Unknown; the presence of Daniel's signature suggests Bawit as a place of origin.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 11.

Addressee: Apollo the sah and Shenoute the builder.

Document date: Pachon 17 (May 12), indiction 9.

Scribe: Victor (1; **I.9**).

century papyrus

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Acknowledgement of receipt of a stone from the *sah* Apollo and the builder Shenoute, stating that it has been given to Papnoute, a builder from Posh (I.13). Since this receipt is for a single stone, one may assume that it was special in some way. There is nothing to indicate that it was in any way precious, or that it had a specialist function, perhaps as a mill-stone or other practical application. It is possible, given Bawit's reputation for high quality decorative stonework, that this stone had been elaborately worked by Apollo and Shenoute.

This text may show how the head of the monastery oversaw the building works, keeping a record of tasks assigned to different craftsmen, since he mentions the stones ascribed to these two men.

- (A) ↓
- 1 + пенеіфт петсзаї нпуфнре + аз аполаф
- 2 ΜΝ ΦΕΝΟΥΤΕ ΠΕΚΦΤ ΣΕ ΕΙΟ ΟΥΦΝΕ ΑΒΕΙ ΕΤΟΟΤΤ
- 3 2N NONE EYCH2 NCOT $\overline{N}$  NTAITAAB EHAHNOYTE
- 4 πεκωτ νπου ή Παχω(ν) ιζ ινδ(ικτίων)ο(ς) θ ή Βικτ(ωρ) έγραψα ή
- 5 Hand 2 PAANIHA CTHXE
- (B)  $\rightarrow$  Docket. Hand 3.
- 6 + петак нфие

Erased, at 180° to 1. 6. (hand 1 or 3?)

- 7 + петак ноне
- 8 illegible traces of  $\pm$  10 letters

 $1 \ l. \ \overline{\text{м}}$ печ-  $2 \ l. \ \text{ач-} 3 \ l. \ \overline{\text{N}}$ тытаач  $4 \ \Pi \alpha \chi^{\omega}$ ,  $\iota \nu \delta^{\circ}$ ,  $B \iota \kappa^{\tau} \ pap.$ 

5 *l*. cτοιχει 6,7 *l*. ΠΙΤΤΑΚΙΟΝ (?)

- 1 早 It is our father who writes to his son, the scribe Apollo
- and Shenoute the builder. A stone has come into my hands
- from the stones ascribed to you. It is to Paphoute,
- 4 the builder of Posh, that I have given it. (Greek:) † Pachon 17, indiction 9. † Victor, I wrote. †
- 5 中 Daniel agrees.
- 6 Receipt for stone.
- 7 Receipt for stone.
- 8 ...
- 2, 4. εκωτ: as Martin Krause (1991: 1292-1293) has already pointed out, builders and others involved in construction work are mentioned in inscriptions from Bawit (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 70, No. 100 ΙΦ2ΑΝΝΗC; 112, No. 348.2 ΦΙΒ; 151, ΗΚΦΤ No. 548.2 ΜΗΝΑ). An interpretation of ΠΕΚΦΤ as a personal name is highly unlikely in this text.
- 3. εγch² Ncωτη: No. 49.4, contains the phrase εγch² Ncλ. The H in ch² resembles a π.
- 6. 平: the upper part of this sign is damaged and may be a 十.

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## ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN WINE

*BKU* III 367 (P.Berlin inv. No. 22 123)

 $90 \times 140 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Plate VIII

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved.

Palaeography: Hand 1 belongs to the scribe Victor, and is a mixture of right-sloping cursive and majuscule forms. The following may have hooked tails 1,  $\kappa$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\tau$ ,  $\gamma$ , and q. Most of 1. 4 is written in a Greek-type cursive hand. For Daniel's signature (hand 2), see **I.11**. Together with the superlinear stroke which is used inconsistently to mark syllabic function ( $\overline{N}$  II. 1 and 3 (bis)), a mark resembling an acute accent may also be used without syllabic function once ( $\overline{n}$   $\overline{\tau}$ -1. 1).

Provenance: Unknown; the presence of the signatory Daniel and of the place name, Pmansike, both suggest Bawit as the place of origin.

Acquisition: In 1966 the Ägyptisches Museum und Papyrussammlung of the Staatliche Museen zu Berlin purchased this papyrus from a private collection, together with *BKU* III 392, 413, 433.

Bibliography: edited in BKU III, pp. 80-81.

Addressees: Apa Victor and the brothers.

Document date: Mesore 20 (August 13), indiction 9.

Scribe: Victor (1; I.9).

Apa Victor and the brothers are ordered to give four *kados*-measures to Iohanes of Pmansike. Daniel is the signatory.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

4

- 1 † пенеіфт петсгаї <u>й</u>пафире апа віктфр
- 2 ΜΝ ΝΕΌΝΗΟΥ ΧΕ ΤΙ ΥΤΟΟΎ ΝΧΟΥΦΤ
- $\overline{N}$  KALOYC  $\overline{N}$ HP $\overline{\Pi}$  NIOSANHC  $\overline{\Pi}$ A $\overline{\Pi}$ MAN-
- 5 εγρ + Hand 2 + AANIHA CTOIXI +

 $1 l. \overline{\text{M}}$ ΠΕ9- 2 l.CNHY  $4 \gamma \iota_{\gamma}$  οι καδ  $\gamma$ , Μεσ°, ινδς, Βικ  $\gamma$  ραρ.  $5 \, \text{ἔγραψα}$ , l. CTOIXEI

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son, Apa Victor,
- 2 and the brothers. Give eighty
- 3 jars (κάδος) of wine to Iohanes of the mill/Pmansike.
- 4 (Greek:) Total: jars of wine 80. Mesore 20, indiction 9. + Victor,
- 5 I wrote. † P Daniel agrees. †

2. 9τοογ Νχογωτ: literally 'four twenties'; this expression, using the vigesimal system rather than 2μενε 'eighty', is found in literary and documentary texts (Crum, *Dict.* p. 794b).

4.  $\theta$ : the *ed. pr.* considered this reading doubtful.

 $B_{1\kappa^{T}}$ : the beta is open and was queried in the *ed. pr.* 

5.  $\epsilon \gamma \rho$ : the *ed. pr.* considered the gamma uncertain.

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### 17

## ORDER TO SUPPLY WHEAT

P.CtYBR inv. 1824 side (A) Plate VIII

 $70 \times 109 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. **80**)

Preservation: 6 lines and all but right margin preserved; this is the second text written on this sheet of papyrus, despite being labelled side (A).

Palaeography: A right-sloping majuscule, with iotas and taus which have hooked tails; ace-of-spades  $\epsilon$  + p. A 7th-century date was assigned by Petersen ([1964]:59).

Provenance: Unknown.

1

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 13.

Bibliography: Described by Petersen (s.d. 1964?): No. 86.

Addressees: Brothers of the pistikos.

Document date: Mesore 8 (August 1), indiction [...].

Daniel orders the brothers of the *pistikos* to supply a *pistikos* with three artabas of wheat. Peurot, mentioned in the next line, may be the *pistikos* in question. Petersen ([1964]: 59) described this text as a 'legal document', and interpreted the *pistikoi* as 'proxies or surety witnesses'.

[SJC intended to recheck her reading of this text.]

```
1 †
2 † πενειωτ πεταλι νπαωμ[ρε ΝΝ μν ΝΝ]
3 νεανην ππιατικός σε τι κ[...]
4 ωρώντ νερτ[οκ] παογο πππια[τικός
5 πεγρότ † μ Μεσο(ρη) η ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) [...]
6 Hand 2 ... † Αλνι[ηλ (ατοιχει)]
```

 $1 l. \overline{\text{мпеч}}$  3,  $4 l. \overline{\text{мппістікос}}$  5 Мебо  $\eta \text{ iv}^{\delta}$  рар.

- .
- 2 It is our father who writes to his son(s) [NN and NN]
- 3 the brothers of the *pistikos*. Give [...]
- 4 three artabas of wheat to the *pis*|*tikos* (?) ... l
- Peurot. (Greek:) † In the month of Mesore, (day) 8 (?), indiction [...]
- 6 .. 中 Dani[el (agrees)].
- 1. \(\frac{1}{2}\): has a hook curving up to the right from the bottom of its vertical stroke.
- 3. NECHHY NITICTIKOC: interpreted as NECHHY NITICTIKOC.
- 4. ππις[τικος another possible reading is ππρεσκυτέρος, or even ππλπλ. A reading of ψάλτης does not seem to be possible.
- 5. πεγροτ: literally 'the joy', a name also found in *P.Lond.Copt*. I 1075 (Πευροτ). A ψάλτης of this name is commemorated in a Bawit inscription (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 115, No. 373).
- 6. .. + AANI[HA: written in a large hand, and extending upwards into 1. 5.

I, THE TEXTS

7th century (see No. 80)

his sheet of

-spades 6+

eat. Peurot, his text as a

#### **TEXTS SIGNED BY GEORGIOS**

Text	Julian calendar date	Egyptian Date	Content	Scribe
18	December 12/13, indiction 6	Choiak 16, ind. 6	Order to supply wheat	Anoup
19	October 13/14 (?), indiction 7	Phaophi 16 (?), ind. 7	Order to supply greens and other items	
20			Order to cumply execuse and	
20			Order to supply aracus and barley	_

### 18

### ORDER TO SUPPLY WHEAT

BL Or. 6201B (48) side (B) Plate IX

 $90 \times 122 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved. The text on side (A) is a fragment of a protocol written with a thick pen (no plate).

Palaeography: Hand 1 is an experienced semi-cursive hand. For the signature of Georgios (hand 2), see I.11. In addition to the superlinear stroke which has syllabic function in ΝΜΟΟΥ and ΝΟΟΨ in 1. 4, this text also uses a mark resembling an acute accent in Ψ τοοΥ and Ν΄ - in 1. 2.

Linguistic note: The spelling of croixei as croixeye in 1. 5 is noteworthy: it also occurs in 20.8, and may be reconstructed in 19.6.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11. Addressee: Papa Shenoute (Nos. **20**, **28**, **46**; **I.8**).

Document date: Choiak 16 (December 12/13), indiction 6.

Scribe: Anoup.

Papa Shenoute is ordered to give four artabas of wheat to Kollouthe.

- 1 + пенеіфт петсзаї ипофире ппапа
- 2 Φενογτε σε τι 4 τοογ νερτου ν σογο
- 3 NKOAAOYOE BANON NYXOOY THECE
- 4  $\overline{N}$ ΜΟΟΥ  $\overline{N}$ CΦ4  $\uparrow \mu X^{\kappa}$  1ς  $\iota v^{\delta}$ ς  $\uparrow Avo^{\upsilon} \pi ε \gamma \overline{\rho}$
- 5 Hand 2 + Γεωργιος ατοιχέγε

1 Μπες- 2 Ρτοκ 4 Μμοογ, μηνὶ Χοιακ, ἰνδικτίωνος, ἔγραψα

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- 1 H It is our father who writes to his son, the Papa
- 2 Shenoute. Give four artabas of wheat
- 3 to Kollouthe (son of ?) Banon (?) and let him send ...
- of them for it (?), (Greek:) In the month of Choiak, (day) 16 indiction 6. † Anoup, I wrote.

3. BANON: if this is a personal name, it is not recorded in Heuser, Preisigke NB or Foraboschi Onomasticon. The name BANOC is listed in Heuser p. 45, and a Bavoc occurs in BGU XII 2159.3, 16 and V° (as Herwig Maehler kindly pointed out to me); the genitive form Bavov occurs in P.Lond.Copt. I 1077 foll.  $2 \rightarrow 1$ , 5;  $3 \rightarrow 1$ , 5 (bis);  $4 \rightarrow 1$ , 18;  $5 \downarrow$  II. 3, 10, 19; and 6.13.

THCCE: the personal name Τῆσσος is recorded in a second-century Greek papryus (Preisigke NB). Alternatively τΗCCE may be an unusual abbreviated form of τέσσαρες 'four', the equivalent of 9 τοογ in 1.2.

## 19

## ORDER TO SUPPLY GREENS AND OTHER ITEMS

BL Or. 6201B (241) side (B) BL Or. 6201B (241) side (A) text 2 Plate X  $80 \times 130 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light to mid-brown papyrus (see No. 86)

Preservation: Side (B) contains 6 lines of text, with all but the right-hand margin preserved; side (A) contains three lines of text in the same hand and ink which may be a partially-preserved docket, written at 180° to No. 86, the first text inscribed on this papyrus. The central part of this papyrus is so damaged that much of the text is now practically illegible; there are also a couple of lacunae.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is small and cursive and written in brown ink. Hand 2 belongs to Georgios (I.11).

Provenance: Unknown. For the place name Teshnê, see I.13.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

Addressee(s): ... of Teshnê.

Document date: Phaophi 16 (?) (October 13/14), indiction 7.

This order is addressed to a person or persons who may be from Teshnê, and concerns a payment of greens (I.14) and possibly wine to men who may work for a *shaliou* called Iohanes.

(B) →  $\frac{1}{1}$   $\frac{1}{1}$   $\frac{1}{1}$   $\frac{1}{1}$   $\frac{1}{2}$   $\frac{1}{1}$  πενειωτ πετς ελί ναφηρε νε.[...]  $\frac{1}{3}$  ντεωνή  $\frac{1}{2}$  χε τι ογοτε εί[...]  $\frac{1}{4}$  νερωμ[ε  $\frac{1}{4}$  ιω] ελνης ...ε[...]  $\frac{1}{5}$  πεωλλίος  $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}$   $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$   $\frac{1}{4}$ 

1 πνε<br/>4- 2 ογοοτε 5 μηνὶ Φαωφι, ἰνδικτίωνος 6 <br/> ςτοιχει 9 οἴνου παλαιοῦ

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No. 86)

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1

- 1 † 2 † It is our father who writes to his sons the [...]
- of Teshnê (?) ... Give greens and ...
- 4 the men [... Io]hanes (?) ...
- the shaliou ... (Greek:) In the month of Phaophi, (day) 16 (?) indiction 7 (?) [...]

Docket?

- 7 ...
- 8 [...] ... of the lord ... Written ...
- 9 (Greek:)... of wine 1, one ... of vintage wine 1, one
- 2. ★: before the cross is a sign possibly belonging to an earlier text written on this papyrus. Below the ★ the upper part of an M or N is visible.

ne.[: restore nepom- 'the men', vel sim. here.

- 3. тефин: Crum (*Dict.* p. 572a фин) cited occurrences of the term фин in BL Or. 6201B (204) (No. 28) and 6201B (211) (No. 53) (тиов ифин), but not the present papyrus.
- 4. Nepωm[ε ±4 ιω] 2 anh c: restore as Nepωm[ε ΝΠΚΥΡ/ ιω] 2 anh c 'the men [of the lord Io]hanes', following I. 8 of the supposed docket; alternatives include Nepωm[ε ΝΠΜΑ ΝΙΦ] 2 anh c 'the men [of the place of Io]hanes', and Nepωm[ε ΝΑΠΑ ιω] 2 anh c 'the men [of Apa Io]hanes', vel sim.

5.  $\zeta$ .[...]: possibly read  $\pm$  or  $\varepsilon[\gamma\rho]$  following the indiction year.

- 6. This line is practically illegible and has been read with the help of Nos. 20.8 and 18.5.
- 8. ]..ме: read pome ntkyp/ ioeanhc 'men of the lord Iohanes'?

### 20

# ORDER TO SUPPLY ARACUS AND BARLEY

BL Or. 6201A (179) side (B) Plate IX

 $143 \times 175 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Reddish-brown papyrus (see No. 81)

Preservation: 8 lines and all margins.

Palaeography: Hand 1 is an experienced semi-cursive hand, similar to the one used for **62**. For the signature of Georgios (hand 2), see **I.11**.

Linguistic note: The spelling of croixei as croixeye in 1. 8 is noteworthy, and also occurs in 18.5, and possibly 19.6.

Provenance: Unknown. Probably Bawit because of Georgios' signature, and since the field mentioned in l. 3 was located in Taparoou (**I.13**), which was very near Titkooh.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11. Note that this text has recently been erroneously labelled 'BL Or. 6201A (180)' and that BL Or. 6201A (178) is in a frame with BL Or. 6201A (180).

Addressee: Papa Shenoute (the oil-dealer) (Nos. 18, 28, 46; I.8).

In this text, Papa Shenoute is identified as an oil-dealer, and is ordered to make equal payments to four cultivators of two artabas of the fodder crop, aracus, and of barley (I.14). Presumably these amounts represent payment for work carried out on 'the field of Taparoou' (1.3).

- 1 ф пенеют петсгаї ипафире ппапа фе-
- 2 NOYTE TICAPNHE XE TI NIAPAKE
- 3 NEIOYOÏE  $\overline{N}$ ΦΟΪ ΝΤΑΠΑΡΟΟΥ ΠΡΟC ΤΙΓΝ $^{\omega}$ /

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P.Brux

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4	<b>Γεωρ</b> Γε πογοϊε	$\alpha \rho \alpha \kappa / \alpha \rho^{T}$	β	$\int \kappa \rho \iota^{\Theta} \alpha \rho^{T}$	β
5	апакурі	αρακ αρτ	β	) κρι <sup>θ</sup> αρ <sup>τ</sup>	β
6	піну	αρακ αρ"	β	) κρι <sup>θ</sup> αρ <sup>τ</sup>	β
7	2HAIAC	αρακ αρτ	β	) κρι <sup>θ</sup> αρ <sup>τ</sup>	β

8 Hand 2 + Γεωργιος ατοιχέγε

2 capnez 3 πηειογοειε π-, γηφαία 4 ογοειε 4-7 ἀράκου ἀρτάβαι, κριθῆς ἀρτάβαι 8 αποιχει

- 1 P It is our father who writes to his son, the Papa Shenoute,
- the oil-dealer. Give this aracus
- 3 to these cultivators of the field of Taparoou according to this list:
- 4 George the cultivator: 2 artabas of aracus and 2 artabas of barley
- 5 Apakyri 2 artabas of aracus and 2 artabas of barley
- 6 Pieu 2 artabas of aracus and 2 artabas of barley
- 7 Helias 2 artabas of aracus and 2 artabas of barley

2. CAPNH2: an oil-dealer also occurs in another *Our father*-formula text, No. **40**, and in inscriptions from Bawit (Clédat 1904–6: 160; 1916: 31, No. 16; 33, No. 29; Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 109, No. 326; Krause 1988: 119, Apa Mena). Crum referred to this text (*Dict.* p. 241a); see also *CPR* XII p. 38, and Gascou and Worp 1990.

5 ΑΠΑΚΥΡΙ: this is interpreted here as a name because none of the other names in this text have the title αΠΑ; it occurs in an inscription from Bawit (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 160 'Απακῦρις), and in a number of Coptic and Greek papyri (Coptic: *P.Bal.* index p. 816, *P.HermitageCopt.* 9 v l. 2, 26.3, and 32.7; and Greek: *P.Apoll.Ano* 74 II. A15 and B8 (709-10 A.D.), and *P.Ross.Georg.* IV 23 I. A13 and 24 I. A9.). An [ΑΠΑ]ΚΥΡΕ also occurs in BL Or. 6201A (29), a marriage document published by Kahle (1951: 335-339).

#### **TEXT SIGNED BY GERMANOS**

### 21

# ORDER TO SELL PLAITED WORK

BM EA 75330 side (B) Plate XI

 $115 \times 175 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 87)

Preservation: 8 incomplete lines and all but the left margin are preserved. The papyrus is crumpled and needs to be conserved.

Palaeography: An experienced, right-sloping, flowing majuscule with few ligatures (exx. ті and лі l. 6). Minuscule and majuscule н.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Addressee: Jerem[ias].

Document date: Thoth 30 (September 27/28), indiction 2.

Germanos the signatory authorizes Jeremias to sell some *shonte*, possibly to be identified as a woven commodity (GONTE, I.14). Also involved in the transaction is someone called Mena, either the buyer or

riptions from

09, No. 326;

II p. 38, and

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2, 26.3, and .13 and 241.

Cahle (1951)

8th century

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e buyer or

even the producer of the *shonte*. In No. 12, a rug-dealer may be ordered to take some rugs to Antinoe, presumably to sell them there, as payment of his poll-tax.

Germanos also occurs as a signatory in a *Our father*-formula text belonging to the MRAH, P.Brux. Inv. E. 9146 (personal communication from Alain Delattre, 6 July 2001).

8 Hand 2 <sup>↑</sup> ΓΕΡΜΑΝΟΣ CΤΟΙΧ! <sup>↑</sup>
2 *l.* ΜΠΕ9- 5 *l.* 20λοκοτΤΙΝΟΙ 7 μ-, ινδο *pap.* 8 *l.* СΤΟΙΧΕΙ

1

- 2 † It is our father who writes to his son Jerem[ias ...]
- 3 Sell the two pieces of plaited work to Mena, the ma[n from ...]
- 4 (to) him (?). If they are worth more than [one?]
- 5 solidus, then send it to me [...]
- 6 price according to the *dikaion*/what is right (?). Here is Proou [...]
- I have consigned (?) him to you. (Greek:) The In the month of Thoth, (day) 30, indiction 2
- 8 件 Germanos agrees. 十
- 3. TI: this has been translated here as 'sell' rather than 'give' (as in other texts) because the value and price of the commodity in question is mentioned later on.
- φοντε: an interpretation of this as 'acacia' (Crum, *Dict.* 573a φοντε) seems less likely, although acanthus is mentioned in a Greek papyrus, *P.Vat.Aphrod.* 13, which lists various διανομαί of a monastery of Apa Apollo ([ἄ]κανθ(αι) 1. 8).
- 5. N2OAOKOTTN 616 TNOOY9 NAI: the use of the singular masculine resumptive pronoun -9 after TNOOY=, suggests that a sum one solidus and no more is in question here.
- 6. тімн: another interpretation of this is a form of the Coptic word +мє 'village'.
- προογ: for the personal name Proou (Heuser 37), see Green 1983; + Gonis ZPE 131 2000 (150-154), a publication of a Theban poll-tax receipt, P.Duk. inv. 455v.
- 7. AÏNOX\(\overline{\pi}\): literally 'I have thrown him'.
- $\Theta\omega\theta$   $\lambda$ : alternatively an  $\lambda$  '1' may be read rather than  $\lambda$  '30'.
- 8. cτρικι: the o is cursively written and looks like a γ.

#### PART II, THE TEXTS

#### 22

TEXT SIGNED BY PETRE

## TAX DOCUMENT

P.Camb. UL Green 86 Plate XI

 $78 \times 105 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th Century Mid-brown papyrus

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle sometime in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressee: Pshoi.

Document date: Phamenoth 15 (March 11), indiction 10.

Scribe: Thomas.

This text has been included because it is a similar type of document to the Our father-formula poll-tax documents. It was issued by Petre the proestôs.

- 1 + петре пепроїстос петс-
- 2 2ΑΪ ΜΠΑΟΟΝ ΠΦΙΦΪ ΧΕ ⟨Ε⟩ΪΟ ΟΥ-
- 3 20 AOKOTN ABÏ ETOT XE
- 4 **МТЕМОСЕ МВНИЕ МПООУ**
- игооу ете соу їє мпарем-5
- 20ΤΠ ΝΤΪΡΟΠΕ ΤΑΪ ΤΕΚΑ-
- тнс офмас петсгаї
- 8 Hand 2 петре п[епроїстос стихе +]
- 1,8 проєстьс 3 голокоттінос ачеї єтоот га 4 нанмосіон 6 ромпе 6–7 аєкатно
  - 十 It is Petre, the proestôs, who w-1
  - 2 rites to brother (pason) Pshoi. Here is a
  - 3 solidus which I have received for
  - 4 Bêne's taxes this very
  - 5 day which is day 15 of Pham-
  - enoth of this tenth year. 6
  - 7 It is Thomas who writes.
  - Petre thee proestôs agrees.
- 4. βΗΝΕ: for this personal name, see Crum, Dict. 40a βΗΝΕ, Preisigke NB Βῆννε.

ISJC thought it might be possible to interpret TEMOCE MKHN€ as referring to a date tax.]

BM EA 75 Plate XII

IT IS OUR I

Preservati

Palaeogra Linguistic in P.Bal. o Provenance

Acquisitio Addressee Document

Phib author him this n

5 219

1. MHNA: f 2-3. Гефр

3. NITEL: th XXV. 5. [SJC wo

lines]. 6. Possibly 8th Century

ıla poll-tax

### TEXT SIGNED BY PHIB

#### 23

### **ORDER**

BM EA 75306 Plate XII

89 × 165 mm

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: All 7 lines and margins of this text are preserved.

Palaeography: A semi-cursive hand.

Linguistic note: The word  $\pi_{A} \times \omega_{D} \times \omega_{D} = 0$  involves  $\times \omega_{D} \times \omega_{D} = 0$ , a dialectal variant not recorded by Kahle in *P.Bal.* chapter 8;  $\times$  for  $\tau \omega_{D}$  is, however, attested (*P.Bal.*, p. 132, §116).

Provenance: Unknown. The place name Pmanle (l. 2) suggests a connection with Bawit (I.13).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Addressee: Mena of Pmanle.

Document date: ? Thoth (end August / September), indiction 11.

Phib authorizes Mena of Pmanle to do something as soon as George from Teshnê/the garden (I.13) gives him this note. A Phib also occurs on text No. 75.2.

1 Т пенеіфт петсялі нпафире миня 2 παπμάπλε με τεγνού ερειεωρίε 3 ΠΑΧΦΝΗ ΜΑΤΊ ΝΠΕΙΠΕΤΤΑΓΝ ΝΑΚ 4 ...[±2]€.. ±6 [.]€ ±6 € ±2 5 "3 OEMTEM 'HME VIRITOY"["]" .a)a).. $\in \mu \Theta^{\omega}\theta$  .  $\iota[\nu]^{\delta}$   $\iota\alpha$ 7 Hand 2  $\phi_{1B}$ 

1 μπες- 2 πτεύνου 3 πατεώνη νατί μπ(ε) πιττακίον 5 αιθίτου 6  $\mathring{\iota}$ [ν] $\delta$ (ικτίωνος)

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son Mena
- of Pmanle. As soon as George
- from Teshnê/the garden gives this note to you
- 4 .
- 5 ... I took them (?) ...
- 6 ... (Greek:) Thoth, indiction 11.
- 7 Phib.

1. MHNA: following this there is a lacuna which may contain a c.

2-3. гефрге пахфин: a George of the great garden (тное нфин) is mentioned in No. 53.

- 3. NΠει: the π looks more like a τ; for Greek neuter nouns treated as feminine in Coptic, see Förster WB xxv.
- 5. [SJC wondered about reading ..2 өемтем .нме as ..2 өе мгемных. She intended to revise the final 4 lines].
- 6. Possibly read name πλμογη here instead of ψω..ε?

IT IS OU

4. n: 01

56-57). Μακαρε

written

5. CTHX

P.Camb

Plate X

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#### TEXT SIGNED BY THEODORUS

#### 24

# GARMENTS AS PAYMENT FOR COLLECTING aparchê?

P.Vindob. K 11375 side (B)

 $85 \times 145 \text{ mm}$ 

(script)? century

Plate XII

Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 75)

Preservation: All 5 lines of text preserved, written on the back of a papyrus previously used for No. 75.

Acquisition: See I.15

Bibliography: corrigenda in Clackson, *Tyche* 17 (2002) p. 261 (*Korr. Tyche* 285); ed. pr. Hasitzka (2001). Advertised for sale in Hakkert (1967, No. 118, inv. No. C 1, pl. 11). Note that this is the text referred to as 'P.Vindob. K 11.375 (1)' in *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 18, 28, 29.

Addressee: Apa Petros the oikonomos.

Document date: Pachon 8 (May 3), indiction 12.

Scribe: Makare.

Can this be taken to be evidence of the monastery's involvement in the collection of *aparchê*, despite Wipszycka's reservations (Wipszycka 2001)? Apa Petros the *oikonomos* is to provide Ammône with items of clothing before he leaves for his assignment to collect *aparchê* in Pankalou. This interpretation rests upon the meaning of ENKH E- in I. 3.

- 1 ф пенеют петсзаї мпафире апа петрос
- 2 ποικονομός αξ τι ογλογβίτος μιν ογκος
- 3 йгоїтє наммоне ечкін епанкалог нефк
- 4 ΑΠΑΡΧ(Η) Τ΄ μ(ηνὶ) Π(α)χ(ων) η ἰνδ(ικτίων)ο(ς) ιβ Μακαρε ἔγρ(αψα) Τ΄ 5 Hand 2 Τ΄ ΘΕΟΑΦΡΟΣ СΤΗΧΕ Τ΄

4 aπ ap<sup>x</sup>,  $\mu'$   $\Pi^x$  η  $\iota v^{\delta o}$ , εγρ pap.

- 1 Tit is our father who writes to his son Apa Petros
- the steward. Give a *lebitôn* and a small
- 3 garment to Ammône who is going to Pankalou to collect
- 4 aparchê. (Greek:) † In the month of Pachon, (day) 8, indiction 12. Makare, I wrote. †

1. мпафирє: the *ed. pr.* read пеафире (Hasitzka, 2001: 56).

2. λογβιτογ: this form is not listed among the variants given in Förster WB λεβίτων. A tunic without sleeves, the *lebiton* was one of the basic garments of a monk (Innemee 1992: 101–102). The Historia Lausiaca notes that the only clothes of Apa Apollo were this garment and a *lention* on his head (Innemee 1992: 109). Compare the payment of one of these garments, possibly to a monk, in return for carpentry work at the Monastery at Wadi Sarga, *P.Sarga* 161 (λωβιτων, 1. 10).

2-3. κογί νιοίτε: the implication of this is uncertain. Greek equivalents of 201τε listed in Crum, Dict. 720b 20(ε) ιτε include ιμάτιον and χιτών.

єчкн: the ed. pr. read є кн and did not translate (Hasitzka, 2001: 56).

ΠΑΝΚΑλΟΥ: possibly a form of Pankoleus, the birthplace of the martyr, Apa Epima, and to be identified with Παγγουλείου, a place in the Oxyrhynchite nome frequently mentioned in Greek papyri from Oxyrhynchus (Timm pp. 1833–1834 *Pankôleus*).

4.  $\eta$ : omitted from the transcription in the *ed. pr.*, although supplied in the translation (Hasitzka, 2001: 56–57). It may be that day  $\kappa$  '20' is also possible.

Μακαρε ἔγρ(αψα) +: the *ed. pr.* read Μακαρια (Hasitzka, 2001: 56). It appears as though a cross was written above the ρ of Μακαρε.

5. стнхе: the ed. pr. read стехе (Hasitzka, 2001: 56).

### TEXT WITH SIGNATORY NOT PRESERVED

### 25

## TAX DOCUMENT

P.Camb. UL Green 3 Plate XIII

 $72 \times 115 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Preservation: (A) 7 lines of text are preserved, most lines are partially faded, and the final line is now illegible except for a few scattered unintelligible characters; a 2-line docket was written at 180° by the lower right-hand edge of side (B). The papyrus was folded vertically and horizontally.

Palaeography: (B) The docket is written in a small minuscule hand (Hand 2). Tioid psi in ∳on 1.8.

Provenance: Unknown. The place of origin was possibly Bawit. тверон (II. 3, 8) may be identified as the Hermopolite place el-Bersha (I.13).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle sometime in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressees: Brothers of the poll-tax.

Document date: Choiak 21 (December 17/18), indiction 1.

Scribe: Anoup (No. 18; I.9).

'Our father' addresses the brothers of the poll-tax, presenting a solidus for Joseph the brother of Mouses of Tbershê. This may be Joseph's poll-tax payment, and he may have given it to Papa Anoup the *shaliou* in return for something which is not now intelligible. The purpose of this document is obscure because some of the words are incomplete and may not have been correctly transcribed.

This text is noteworthy for preserving what appears to be the Coptic form of the modern el-Bersha.

[SJC intended to recheck her readings of this text.]

 $(A) \rightarrow$ 

- 1 ф пенејот петсгаї инфорре
- 2 NECNHY NHAN $^{\star}$  XE EIC OY20 $\lambda$ OK, E-
- 3 тоснф псои мфаг [мф] усис патверфн
- 4 ΝΤΑ...ΑΡ ΜΠΠΑΠ[Α ΑΝ]ΟΥΠ ΠΦΑΧΙΟΥ
- 5 2λ NΦΟΜΤΕ  $\overline{N}$ Β.λΥ.Ν  $+ \mu \chi^{\kappa} \kappa \alpha \iota^{\delta} \alpha$
- 6 Ανουπ εγρ/
- $7 \pm 10$

(B) ↓ Docket. Hand 2

- 8 ιως  $\Phi$  (space)  $\Psi$  ο  $\overline{N}$   $\overline{N}$   $\Phi$   $\Psi$   $\Phi$   $\Phi$
- 9 FIAT (space) BEPOH N° A

1 νία- 2 μπαναρίσμος, 20λοκοττίνος 5 μ., μ(ηνὶ) X(οια)κ, ἰ(ν)δ(ικτίωνος)

6 ἔγραψα 9 ΝΟΜΙΟΜΑ(ΤΙΟΝ)

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his sons,
- 2 the brothers of the poll-tax. Here is a solidus for
- 3 Joseph the brother of the scribe Mouses of Tbershê
- 4 ... the Papa Anoup, the shaliou,
- for the three ... (Greek:) \(\frac{1}{2}\) In the month of Choiak, (day) 21, indiction 1.
- 6 Anoup, I wrote.
- 7 ...
- 8 (Coptic:) Joseph the brother of Mouses
- 9 of Tbershê, one solidus.
- 2. εις ογ20λοκ : Kahle initially wrote τω?? .0γ20λοκ then suggested εις [9τ00]γ. Reconstruct εις 'here is', as in Nos. 4.2 and 11.3, but note that the phrase λ9ει ετοοτ 'I have received it', which usually goes with εις ..., is not included in this text. The docket records N° λ, which would suggest a reading of ογ20λοκ rather than 9τ00γ 20λοκ here. One solidus is the most common amount paid in poll-tax documents (I.5).
- 3, 8-9. ΜΦΥCHC ΠΑΤΒΕΡΩΗ: this man also occurs in two unpublished Coptic papyri. The first is P.Camb. UL 1233, where he is listed along with men of πΜΑ ΝΑΑΥΡΙΝΕ 'the place of Daurine (Taurinus)', which may be equated with the monastery of this name in the Hermopolite nome (Drew-Bear 1979: 128 Ταυρίνου) rather than at Aphrodito (Timm p. 1446 'Kôm Ishqâw' No. 19). The second is P.Camb. UL Michael. 1047/1, which mentions κΥΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΦΑΜΩΕ, son of ICAK, and ΠΒΕΛΕ, son of ΘΕΟΛΟΣΕ, who both occur in Pierpont Morgan inv. M 662 B 6a (A) text 1 (edited in MacCoull 1979-82: 4).
- 4.  $\overline{\text{NTA...Ap}}$ : read  $\overline{\text{NTATAAq}}$ ? or  $\overline{\text{NTATAAq}}$ ? No simple resolution of this is possible and the reading may not be accurate. It may be that Papa Anoup the *shaliou* has been, or is to be given, the solidus as payment for the three things mentioned in I. 5.
- 5. β.λγ.Ν: this is probably to be interpreted as genitival N- plus a noun beginning with the letter β (which may be representing a q). That the noun in question is feminine is indicated by the use of comte rather than comnt, the masculine form of the word for 'three'. There is no suitable Coptic word beginning with a β and ending in a N listed in *Dict.inversé*, and no Greek word in LSJ. Perhaps read NCONTENTRABYACON 'the plaited work (as in No. 21) for Babylon'. [SJC noted that Babylon is found as a placename in the Hermopolite nome in an unpublished Heidelberg text].

8–9. This docket has a similar format to No. 47.

SIGNATORY = ┤┤┤┤

26

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN FISH

*P.Mil.Vogl.* IV (Copt.) inv. 3 Plate XIII

 $95 \times 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Preservation: 8 lines and all margins are preserved.

Palaeography: A large majuscule hand;  $\omega$  (l. 1) and  $\omega$  (l. 7) are very wide;  $\iota$  (l. 1) is tall; and  $\iota$  is large and can extend well into the line below (l. 5). An earlier date of 6th–7th century was assigned in the ed. pr. (*P.Mil.Vogl.* IV, p. 143).

Linguistic note: In l. 6, the  $\gamma$  of taypine may be topped by a trema (taÿpine).

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: Acquired for the Istituto di Papirologia of the Università degli Studi di Milano by Achille Vogliano sometime between 1934 and 1940, according to records presented by Gallazzi and Piacentini

(1998: 4-6). This pa from George Gatsiad Bibliography: Edited Addressee: Proou.

ETTIL

Proou is ordered to lakon of fish worth <sup>13</sup>
This papyrus

→ 1 † 2 c2 3 P€

5 //A 6 TA 7 AQ

2 мпеч- 4 лаког

3. прооу: a saint Apa

and Anoup in inscrip 61 n. 6, Nos. 203.17 and possibly Bawit (and Preisigke NB Tipo 5.7.1/: used to delimi 6. TAYPING: the y ma 7. v° \ x\delta' 1/: the ed sum of money for suc 8.1/11/11: these cross interpreted as the 'sig

P.Louvain Lefort cop

Preservation: All 111 Palaeography: A high 37 for a similar level Provenance: Unknow Acquisition: As for N Addressee: Apa Ioha

Document date: Paun Apa Iohannes is orde fish, For the use of di (1998: 4–6). This papyrus, like *P.Mil. Vogl.* IV (Copt.) inv. 1–2, may have been purchased by Vogliano from George Gatsiadis in 1934, along with other Coptic texts invv. 4–8, 10–12, 19.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.Mil.Vogl.* IV, p. 143, pl. 10.

Addressee: Proou.

nt

Proou is ordered to give the scribe Taurine from the carpentry workshop (or the place Touasher) one *lakon* of fish worth  $^{13}/_{24}$  of a solidus.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

$\rightarrow$		
1	<b>†</b> пенеі <b>шт</b> пет-	☆ It is our father who
2	саяї <u>м</u> певфн-	writes to his son
3	ре прооу же а-	Proou.
4	рі тагапн 🕂 хагон	Be so kind as to give
5	//a// NTEBT MYA2	//1// lakon of fish to the scribe
6	ΤΑΥΡΙΝΕ ΠΑΤΟΥ-	Taurine from the carpentry
7	auep v° 5 κδ/ //	workshop $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{24}$ solidus //
8	₩₩ (±2?)	+++++ (?)

 $2 \overline{\text{mheq}}$  4 λακον 5 τε $\overline{\text{T}}$  7 νο(μισμάτιον)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

3. προογ: a saint Apa Proou is mentioned along with Apa Patermoute and the Bawit triad of Apollo, Phib and Anoup in inscriptions from Abydos (Peet 1913: 39, No. 1.13, pl. 13 fig. 1), Saqqara (Quibell 1912: 61 n. 6, Nos. 203.17, 240.4 [correcting the reference given there to '203 n. 6' rather than '203 n. 8']), and possibly Bawit (*O.Brit.Mus.Copt.* I, pp. 143-144, No. 16 ll. 7-9). See also Foraboschi *Onomasticon* and Preisigke *NB* Προοῦς (and variants listed there) for this name in Greek papyri.

5, 7. //: used to delimit the numeral in 1. 5, and terminate the numeral in 1. 7.

6. TAYPINE: the γ may be topped by a trema (ΤΑΫ́PINE).

7.  $v^{\circ}$  5  $\kappa\delta'$  //: the ed. pr. read  $v^{\circ}$ /  $\kappa\alpha$  // and gave the value as twenty-one solidi, an improbably large sum of money for such a small amount of fish.

8. †† †: these crosses are joined together and the last † ends in a downwards flourish; they may be interpreted as the 'signature' of an illiterate signatory, see *P.Mon.Apollo* 24.10 commentary.

### 27

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF FISH AND GARUM

P.Louvain Lefort copt. 9/4 Plate XIV

 $140 \times 55 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century? Light brown papyrus

Preservation: All 11 lines of this text are perfectly preserved.

Palaeography: A highly stylised, large majuscule hand, written fluently with great panache. Compare No. 37 for a similar level of stylization.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: As for No. 43; see I.15.

Addressee: Apa Iohannes.

Document date: Pauni 25 (June 19), indiction 13.

Apa Iohannes is ordered to supply the dung-man (?), Apa Abraham, with a *lakon* of garum and one of fish. For the use of dung, see **I.14**.

fou

Pla

1101

in

Tal

$\rightarrow$		
1	1	Ť
2	🕂 пенеіфт пет-	☐ It is our father who
3	СЗАЇ НАПА	writes to Apa
4	їшганинс	Iohannes.
5	<b>ϫͼ + ογλλκο</b> Ν	Give a lakon
6	ΝΧΙΡ ΜΠ ΟΥλλ-	of garum and a la-
7	KON NTBT	kon of fish
8	NANA ABPASAM	to Apa Abraham
9	пафот	the dung-man (?).
10	Παϋνι κε ιγ ινδ⁄	(Greek:) Pauni 25, 13 indiction.
11	·	<u> </u>

10 ἱνδ(ικτίωνος)

2. +: or possibly +. Where the right end of the horizontal stroke would normally finish there is an s-shaped curve downwards, also employed in the triple cross, + + in 1. 11; and *P.Mon.Apollo* 15.1 and comm. for further Coptic and Greek texts in which + or + are embellished in a similar fashion.

9. πλψοτ: this title, literally 'he of the dung' (cot, Crum, *Dict.* 359a), is also found at the Saqqara monastery of Jeremias (Wietheger, 1992: 285, πλ προτ; Quibell 1912 inscr. Nos. 302, 322). See also reference to the man εμτλλο μπροτ at Saqqara (Wietheger, 1992: 282).

10. Παϋνι: the v is written over an earlier letter.

11. \pp+: see No.26 for the significance of this sign. Like the \pp or \pp in 1. 2, the horizontal stroke of the final \pp ends with an s-shaped curve downwards.

#### **TEXTS WITH NO SIGNATORY**

### ORDERS FOR PAYMENT IN VARIOUS COMMODITIES

#### 28

## ORDER TO SUPPLY ARACUS

BL Or. 6201B (204) side (B) Plate XIV

 $65 \times 115 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 78)

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins. Written on this papyrus after No. 78.

Palaeography: An experienced right-sloping semi-cursive hand.

Provenance: Unknown. Side (A) is an account or receipt which may mention the place name Teshnê (тефын; **I.14**).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp. 10-11.

Addressee: Papa Shenoute (Nos. 18, 20, 46; I.8). Document date: Tybi 23 (January 18/19), indiction 5.

Scribe: Elias (1; I.9).

Papa Shenoute is ordered to supply Horion with a sack of the fodder crop, aracus (No. 20; I.14).

- 1 Р пенеют петсгаї [Мпечфнре]
- 2 ππλπλ Φενογτε κε τι ογεογνε

- 3 napake newpion  $T^{\nu}\beta$  ky  $iv^{\delta}/\epsilon$
- 4 Ηλιας ἔγραψα 🕂

5 Hand 2 traces?..

2 600 γιε 3 Τυβι, ἰνδικτίωνος

- 1 P It is our father who writes to [his son,]
- 2 the Papa Shenoute. Give a sack
- of wild chickling to Horion. (Greek:) Tybi 23, indiction 5.
- 4 Elias, I wrote ⅓.
- 5 ...

and

lso

the

shnê

- 2. 60 YNE: according to P.Sarga, pp. 20-21 No. 3, this non-standardised measure and its Greek equivalent  $\theta\alpha\lambda\lambda$ íov commonly contained two artabas. Shelton 1990 p. 110 refers to the ratio of three artabas per sack found in some of the *etmoulon*-ostraca. (I am grateful to John Tait for this reference.) The spelling 60 YNE also occurs in P.Sarga 189.
- 3. 200PION: see Heuser p. 84 for this name, which is well attested in Greek texts from many periods, see Preisigke NB and Foraboschi Onomasticon.
- 4. ★: there may be a further sign following this, which is now illegible.
- 5. The signature is now illegible apart from two final characters. Possibly read .e, representing the end of CTHXe?

### 29

## ORDER TO SUPPLY BARLEY

SB Kopt. I 291 P.Laur. III 905 Formerly P.Pintaudi Copt. inv. No. 1 Plate XV

 $104 \times 98 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century? Light brown papyrus

Preservation: 9 lines and all margins of this text are preserved; P.J. Sijpesteijn (1984: 371) described the papyrus as having been 'neatly cut with a pair of scissors from a larger sheet'. Kollesis at 8mm from the left edge.

Palaeography: A large, expert majuscule hand. The lines of writing slope down to the right. This text employs a trema in the form of a small wavy line over diphthongal 1 once (ПЕТС2АЇ l. 1) as well as the more usual trema consisting of two dots (e.g. ï@Tl. 3).

Provenance: Unknown. The text is addressed to Taurine who is from Pmanle (I.14) in the Hermopolite nome

Acquisition: Donated to the Biblioteca Medicea Laurenziana in 1984 by Rosario Pintaudi who acquired it in Cairo in 1981.

Bibliography: Edited by P.J. Sijpesteijn (1984: 371–372) (where the letter z is used for 2); a transcription and brief commentary was included in *SB Kopt*. I 291.

Addressee: Taurine of Pmanle.

Document date: Hathyr 11 (November 7/8), indiction 13.

Taurine is ordered to instruct his *apou* to go and fetch any barley the office of the *notarius* might require and to make a record of the amount given.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

- 1 + пенеіфт петсалі мп $\overline{q}$ фн $p^{\epsilon}$
- 2 ΤΑΥΡΙΝΕ ΠΑΠΜΑΝΑΕ
- 3 κε λλλυ ιστ εφαρέπμα
- 4  $\overline{M}\Pi NOTAPIC XPI^{\lambda} MOB$
- 5 марепекапоу вфк
- 6  $4CAT\overline{9}NAY \in \PiKA2$
- 7 AYO MAPE $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$ EIME  $\mathbf{x}$ E WAB-
- 8 τι ουήρ ναν
- 9 Αθυριαινδριγ

 $3 \overline{\text{N}}$ ειωτ 4 NOTAPIOC ΧΡΕΙΑ  $\overline{\text{M}}$ ΜΟΘ  $6 \overline{\text{N}}$ ΘCΑΤ $\overline{\text{Q}}$  7 (μ)ΑΘ- 9 inδ(ικτίωνος)

- 2 Taurine of Pmanle.
- 3 Any barley which the office
- 4 of the *notarius* needs
- 5 let your apou go
- 6 and throw it onto the ground for them
- 7 and let him reckon how much he
- 8 gives them.
- 9 (Greek:) Hathyr 11, indiction 13.
- 1. P: the vertical stroke of this sign extends down to 1. 3 and has a hook at the bottom. caxi: the trema is shaped like a tilde.
- 2. TIMANAE: in the ed. pr. the A was considered doubtful.
- 3. MA: literally 'place'.
- 4. For χρεία 'need' used as a verb see Förster WB 880.
- 5. ΠΕΚΑΠΟΥ: 'your *apou*' may also be interpreted as a personal name involving the possessive prefix ΠΕΚ- and the word ΑΠΟΥ; compare the possible personal name ΠΕΚΡΑΝ (noting that Crum, *Dict.* p. 298b PAN, expressed doubts about it being a name).
- 6. 4CATY NAY ETIKA2: the interpretation 'and let him sow it for them in the ground' is also possible, as CITE (Crum, Dict. p. 360a) can have either meaning, and, as Crum notes, the meaning 'sow' is more common.
- 8. ті: the *ed. pr.* read +ї.
- 9. After  $1 \alpha \text{ ind} / 1$ ?: Hathyr 11, i.e. 7/8 November.

### 30

## ORDER TO SUPPLY CLOVER

BM EA 75328

 $83 \times 112 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Wrongly renumbered as BM EA 75327 Plate XV

Preservation: 6 almost complete lines and all margins are preserved; the papyrus is crumpled. Palaeography: A well-spaced majuscule with some ligatures (for example, кт l. 5). Minuscule н.

Linguistic note: H for  $\varepsilon$  ( $\Pi$ H $\tau$ e $\kappa$ - 1.5), as in No. 20.

Provenance: Unknown.

IT IS OUI

Acquisit Address

Docume

Apollo i

written in 6. 21 m.; of the sc el-Izeila B: this le

5. ПНТ€Н

BM EA ?

Preservat against th Palaeogra can have Provenan

Acquisition This may Pmancana

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Addressee: Apollo.

1

Document date: Hathyr 9 (November 5/6), indiction 6.

Apollo is ordered to supply Victor with six artabas of clover (I.14).

2 ΜΠΕΨ- 3 ΡΤΟΚ 4 ΝΤΡΙΜ ΜΠΑ- 5 2Μ ΠΕΤΕΚΧΟ 6 ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)

-

2 † It is our father who writes to his son

3 Apollo. Give six artabas

4 of clover to my son

5 Victor from that which you are sowing

6 for us (?). 2 (?). (Greek:) Hathyr 9, indiction 6.

5. ΠΗΤΕΚΣΟ: one would expect a resumptive MMO4 'it' following this but it does not appear to have been written in line 5. [SJC was uncertain about the reading of the final Σ0 in this line.]

6. ạἰΦΝ: These letters are very faint and may have been erased by the writer. Or they could be the name of the scribe; the personal name Hiôn (for Ἰων) is recorded in an inscription from Hermitage 90 at Qusur el-Izeila in Kellia (Bridel 1999: 299, No. 122.12).

κ: this letter may represent the numeral 2, or it may be an abbreviation, possibly of the scribe's name (κικτωρ?).

### 31

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN FODDER?

BM EA 75303 side (B) Plate XVI

ore

ntury

 $82 \times 67 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light to mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 7 lines and all but the left margin are preserved. On side (A) are several marks, written against the fibres in brown ink.

Palaeography: A semi-cursive hand; if it has been correctly interpreted, p looks more like an 1, and both can have a hooked tail.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p.12.

This may be an order to issue fodder (I.14), possibly to a carpenter. It mentions the place name Pmancanah (I.13).

IT IS (

Addr

Paule

have

P.Ct

Plate

Pres

the p

this

Pala

Prov

Acq:

3. N)

1 + пенеют п[етсгы мп $\overline{q}$ фнре ...]

2  $x \in \tau \in \gamma \times \circ \gamma \in \rho[\varepsilon...]$ 

3 Νεερεέν τη [τον ...]

4 пгамфе аї.[...]

5 εq2athk ayω[...]

6 пманбана2[...]

7 братч брм.фа[...]

1 † It is our father w[ho writes to his son ...]

2 As soon as [...]

3 the fodder (?) give [it?...]

4 the carpenter ...

5 who is with you and ...

6 Pmancanah/the place of Canah ...

7 to him ...

2. The reading follows comparison with No. 23.2. Otherwise, read εκ[λχι τιπιττλκιον following No. 40.2 (χε τεγνογ εκλχι τιπιττλκιν); τεγνογ εκλχι ν- also occurs in an unpublished papyrus excavated at Bawit by Clédat (Louvre E 27647).

3. Neapeey: the p looks more like an 1 and the second e is written without a horizontal bar so that it resembles a c. I have interpreted apeey as a plural form of ape 'food, fodder', not attested in Crum, Dict. p. 701a; it may possibly be a plural of Crum, Dict. p. 701b apı 'endive'. [SJC later wondered about reading aleey 'rudders', Crum, Dict. p. 645b.]

4. Ap: the p looks like an 1; above it is a superscript sign.

6. This line is written in smaller letters, and may have been added after the rest of the text was written.

7. EPATY: this is obscured by a fold in the papyrus.

ерм. фа: the uncertain letter looks like 21, and is not obviously a п to give ермпфа 'be worth'.

#### 32

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN GREENS AND LACHANON

P.Meyer inv. 13 side (B) Plate XVI

 $51 \times 208 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century? Papyrus

Preservation: 3 lines and all margins are preserved. On side (A) is a badly damaged Greek document.

Palaeography: A large, rounded, right-sloping majuscule hand. The superlinear stroke (M I. 1), and dot (MN I. 2 and N I. 3.) are used to denote the syllabic function of a consonant. G.M. Browne (1980: 102) dated the text to 7th–8th century.

Linguistic note: The omission of genitival N- (ογκογι ογοοτε I. 3, ογκογί λλχ II. 3-4) is noteworthy in this text.

Acquisition: Mr 'Richard T. Meyer' acquired this and other papyri in Cairo 'several decades ago' and donated them to the Lakeview Center for the Arts and Sciences in Peoria, Illinois according to Browne 1980 p. 10. However, Director of Art Programs and Collections at the Lakeview Center, Kristan H. McKinsey reported that the Center has no record of this papyrus in its collections, although Richard Kempsall (not T.!) Meyer did donate a number of items to the Center (letter 11/11/96).

Bibliography: Edited by Browne (1980: 102, with plate on page facing).

Addressee: Paule.

TS

us

ct.

(2)

hy

ne H. ard Document date: Phaophi 8 (October 5/6), indiction 1.

Paule is ordered to supply Apa Iohanes with greens and *lachanon* (I.14), at a time when the land would have been inundated and fresh vegetables should be readily available.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

- 1 + пенеіфт петсгаї  $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$  пчонре
- 2 πλύλε με τι ουκούι ουόοτε μι ουκού

1 πεα- 2 πογοότε 3 πλαχανόν, ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son
- 2 Paule. Give a few greens and a little
- 3 *lachanon* to Apa Iohanes. (Greek:) Phaophi 8, indiction 1.

### 33

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF GREENS

P.CtYBR inv. 5003 side (A) Plate XVI

c.  $75 \times 85$  mm

(script) 7th? or 8th century Bleached light brown papyrus (see No. 69)

Preservation: Bleached very light-coloured papyrus, badly fragmented with fibres separating, one layer of the papyrus has disintegrated. Another *Our father*-formula text, No. **69**, was later written on the back of this papyrus.

Palaeography: Confident, right-sloping, well-spaced majuscule; noteworthy wide H and X; P is very narrow. Same hand used for text written on the other side.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp. 12-13.

Addressee: Paule.

1 ΠΕΝΕΙΦΤ ΠΕΤC2AI ΜΠΨ2 ΦΗΡΕ ΠΑΥΛΕ ΧΕ ΤΙ son Paule. Give
3 ΚΟΥΪ ΝΑΑΧ ΝΜ ±4 [...] <a> few vegetables to ... [...]</a>
4 ΝΟΥΘΟΤΕ Ν±3[...] greens [...]
5 ±10 [...] ... [...]

3. NAAX N-: this may also be read as AAXN M-. or read NAATN

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF COMMODITY MEASURED IN ARTABAS

P.CtYBR inv. 4619 Plate XVII  $115 \times 95 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) ? century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: Some traces of ink on the other side but no discernible text.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 12-13.

Addressee: Anoup. [SJC wondered about a connection with the Anoup addressed in No. 55.]

Document date: Phaophi? (end September / October), indiction 10.

<b>V</b>		
1	🕆 пенеіфт петсалї	† It is our father who writes
2	пүоих эчнюрпм	to his son Anoup.
3	XE TI PTOU CNAY	Give two artabas
4	и.[	of [
5	мҳ <u>й</u> .сєіҳ[	(place-name beginning Pman-?) [
6	Φαωφ/	(Greek:) Phaophi
7	ü <sup>νδ</sup> ⁄ ü Η	indiction 10. 🕂

7 ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)

4. N.[: read NA[, or NQ)[?

5. MAN.CE..IA[: or read MANQ)C... or MANGET..IA[?

6. ..: numeral could be κλ?

7. ï \textup: less likely ïε.

35

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN BREAD

P.Camb. UL Michael. 1232 side (A) Plate XVII

109 × 103 mm

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 7 lines and all margins are preserved. There are several holes in the papyrus. On side (B) is a thin dark brown line, possibly part of a protocol (see note to the preservation section of No. 18) belonging to an earlier text written on this papyrus.

Palaeography: A competent majuscule hand with a number of ligatures and some cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 11.

Addressee: Capat.

Document date: Choiak 7 (December 3/4), indiction 9.

Capat is authorised to give Kostantine some bread if he needs it in the absence of the person who issued this document. This text may preserve the introductory formula menerot cari 'Our father writes', a variant on the *Our father*-formula.

.

IT IS OUR FA

3 ера

1. ( ±4 )a; 2. 6ATLAT: 1 (Crum, *Dic P.Lond*. IN 827b; for 1047/1 (ur name Man 346 gives t 5. 200y: th measure ((

plural 200

6. ψ ANTI-: 7. θ: this m

P.Ismailia a.k.a. inv. No Plate

Preservation | SJC intence | Provenance | the frame | bottom.

Addressee: Document of Scribe: Ioan

Acquisition

$\rightarrow$		
1	† пеиеіфт ( ±4 )і	† It is our father who writes
2	<b>МПЧШНРЕ ВАПАТ</b>	to his son Capat.
3	xe epegankoctantine	If Kostantine
4	EPXPEIA NOOMET	needs three-
5	NSOON $\underline{N}$ 06[1]K LYAN	days' worth of bre[a]d, give them
6	NAB WANTIEI EBOA	to him before I come.
7	Χοιακ ζ ινδ / θ	(Greek:) Choiak 7, indiction 9.

3 ερφακασταντίνε 4 παρεία παρώπτ 6 να 9 ζίνδικτίωνος

1. ( ±4 ) וְּגִּנ: reconstruct פּדְכצְאו or הפּדְכצְאו here. For the NN כצְאו NNN epistolary formula, see I.1.

2. 6λΠΑΤ: not otherwise attested as a personal name. It may be interpreted as the word for 'palm fibre (?)' (Crum, Dict. 827b 6λΠΕΤ; compare the personal name κλΠΟΟΧΕ which relates to a part of a date-palm, Crum, Dict. 130a κλΦΑΧΙ), which is part of the name of a τόπος mentioned in an 8th-century document, P.Lond. IV No. 1419 II. 84, 218 and 817. Alternatively it may be 6λΠΑΤ 'collarbone' (Crum, Dict. p. 827b; for the use of body parts as (nick)names, compare κλCΡΟ 'Jawbone' in P.Camb. UL Michael. 1047/1 (unpublished)); or a variant of 'Japhet'. The name 6λΠΑΤ may also be interpreted in the place name Manqabad although the only attested Coptic form of this place name is MANKAΠΦΤ; Cerny CED p. 346 gives two other etymologies of this place name.

5. 200 $\gamma$ : this may alternatively be interpreted as an otherwise unattested plural of 20, a grain and fodder measure (Crum, *Dict.* p. 650a). Such a form would be possible by analogy with 20 'way' which has a plural 200 $\gamma$ , see Westendorf *KH*, p. 352.

6. WANTI: this seems to have the sense 'before' here rather than its usual meaning 'until'.

7.  $\theta$ : this may alternatively be a malformed  $\alpha$  '1'.

#### 36

### ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF BREAD

P.Ismailia inv. 546 side (A) a.k.a. inv. 1138 No Plate

 $82 \times 137 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) ? century Papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines of text are preserved intact. Another *Our father*-text on side (B)? |SJC intended to work further on side (B).|

Provenance: Excavated at the Monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit by Jean Clédat. The left-hand side of the frame in which this papyrus is mounted is twice inscribed 'Baouît' (in different hands?) at top and bottom.

Acquisition: Given to the Ismailia Museum at an indeterminate date in the 20th century.

Addressee: Apa Benjamin.

1

Document date: Pharmouthi 16 (April 11), indiction 1.

Scribe: Ioanes.

P. GONOVENT FIG

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4 мнте итфре ноеік иха-

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5 харгас папманффак

6  $+ \Phi \alpha \rho \mu^{\theta}$  is in  $\alpha$ . Iwanhe egrent

1 μπεα- 6 Φαρμ(ου)θ(ι), ἰνδ(ικτίωνος), ἔγρ(αψα)

- 3 son, Apa Benjamin. Give
- 4 ten hand(ful)s of bread to Za-
- 5 charias of the place of weaving/Pmanshôlk
- 6 (Greek:) → Pharmouthi 16, indiction 1. I, Ioanes, wrote +.

### 37

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN BREAD, OIL & WINE

P.YaleCopt. 17 P.CtYBR inv. 1853 Plate XVIII

1

 $206 \times 97 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Preservation: (A) 14 lines and all margins; (B) 1 line and all margins (?).

Palaeography: A very ornate, slightly right-sloping majuscule with some ligatures and a number of flourishes which cause the writing to become disjointed at times (e.g. con l. 2 is interrupted by the  $\ddot{\imath}$  of c2A $\ddot{\imath}$  descending from the line above). Abnormally large letters  $\kappa$  (ll. 5, 6), three-stroke  $\times$  (l. 7), and  $\kappa$  (l. 9).

Petersen [1964] No. 115 suggested a 7th-century date for this text.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp.12-13.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.YaleCopt.*, p. 46; described in Petersen (s.d., 1964?): No. 115, plate p. 71 and

Friedman 1989 p. 242 No. 155 (plate).

Addressee: Apa Phoibammon the priest.

Apa Phoibammon the priest is ordered to give the deacon Mech oil, bread and purified wine (see I.14).

The elegance of the hand in which this text is written is matched by the embellishments added to the standard formula of this type of text, see I.1.

(A) -	>	
1	† пенеіфт петсгаї	† It is our father who writes
2	м[п] $\epsilon$ чм $\epsilon$ ріт $\overline{N}$ сон	to his beloved brother,
3	<u> пречф</u> тфеноуте	the God-serving
4	λγω ΝλΓλθος	and good
5	апа фоіваммфи	Apa Phoibammon,
6	пепрескутерос	the priest.
7	же арі тагапн	Be so kind as to
8	мароү+ ментн	let fifteen
9	πτωρε Νοεικ	hand(ful)s of bread
10	ΜΠΤΙΑΚΦΝ ΜΕΧ	be given to the deacon Mech
11	MN XECTHC CNAY	and two sextarii
12	NNE2 AYW	of oil and

13 Μ62 λΑΚΟΝ CNΑΥ
 14 ΝΗΡΠ ΝΟΦΤΊ ΝΑΩ

fill two *lakon*-measures of purified wine for him.

(B) ↓ Docket/address

15 + 1c  $\times$  (decussis) (±4 faded)

子 Jesus Christ ...

8 MNTH 15 IHCOYC XPICTOC

1. +: the papyrus is faded at this point, but the \* transcribed in the ed. pr. cannot be read.

9. τωρε: this is also the measure used for bread in No. **36.4**. For the use of τωρε as measure, Crum, *Dict.* **425**a cites Turin ostraca St Symeon 651 and 699 (copies of which are no longer to be found among the CrPap); and *O.Crum* **330**.

10. Mex: this was interpreted as an abbreviated form of a personal name by the original editors of *P.Princ*. I 13, but the re-edition of the text (*Misc.Pap.* 2.1, 259-283, cf. *BL* IX 217), subsumed into the *SB* as XX 14576, demonstrates that the profession 'armed guard', μαχ(αιροφόρ-), is intended. Names beginning Μεχ- are, however, recorded in Preisigke *NB* and Foraboschi *Onomasticon* and these include: Μεχαίας, Μεχαύτης, Μεχαύρης, Μεχπρῆς and Μεχφρῆς.

13. ΜΕΣ λΑΚΟΝ: in the ed. pr. this was interpreted as 'full lakon', but compare No. 54.5-6 ογλαγον ΝΝΕΣ ΕΒΜΕΣ for a way of expressing a 'full' lakon. See note to CPR XX 1.1 for the λάκον.

15. This line was omitted in the ed. pr.

1c: these letters possibly bear superlinear strokes.

38

## ORDER TO SUPPLY GARUM

BL Or. 13886 (37) side (A) Main fragment 90 × 145 mm Plate XIX (script) 7th–8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved. Side B ( $\downarrow$ ) (no plate) contains 2 lines of a barely-legible document written with the same orientation, but a different hand and ink, to the present text (1  $\pm$   $\pm$ 5  $\times$   $\pm$ 2 / 2 . $\tau$   $\pm$ 4).

Four unrelated fragments of papyrus are also assigned the inventory number BL Or. 13886 (37).

Palaeography: right-sloping majuscule with many ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown. Addressee: Patermoute.

Document date: Phamenoth (?) 17 (March 13?), indiction (10+).

Patermoute is ordered to pay two men who bear the title kyrios, Sarapion and Iouliane, eight lakon-measures of garum (I.14).

- 1 4 пенеіфі цёісля мидфнье цітеь-
- 2 MOYTE  $x \in TI$   $moyn \overline{N} \lambda \lambda FON \overline{N} x ip$
- 3 пкуріс сарапіфі мі пкуріс їоулі-
- 4 ΑΝΕ γι, γαρ' λη η οκτω μ. εγρ. Φα..φ
- 5  $\iota \zeta \iota v^{\delta} / \iota$ .
- 2 aakon 3  $\overline{\text{m}}$ πκυρίος 4 γί(νεται) γάρ(ου), μ(όνα) ἐγρ(άφη)
- 5 ίνδ(ικτίωνος)

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- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son Patermoute.
- 2 Give eight *lakon*-measures of garum
- 3 <to> the kyrios Sarapion and the kyrios Iouliane.
- 4 (Greek:) Total of garum *lakon*-measures 8 eight only. Written Phamenoth (?)
- 5 17, indiction 10+.
- 1. There is space for the cross, but it is not legible here.
- 3. πκγρις: attested as a man's name in Greek (Πκῦρις) and Coptic (πκγρις, πκγλις) documents, but it is interpreted as the title 'lord' (κύριος) here as it occurs before two different names.
- 3-4. ÏOYAIANE: the Coptic form of Julianus, Heuser p. 102.
- 4.  $\gamma \iota_{\gamma} \gamma \alpha \rho$ ': the reproduction of this text in the plate is deceptive in that it wrongly suggests the existence of a diaresis over the iota in  $\gamma \iota_{\gamma}$ , and that the raised comma abbreviatory sign in  $\gamma \alpha \rho$ ' is perhaps a small superscript omicron followed by an abbreviatory oblique stroke ( $\gamma \alpha \rho^{\circ}$ ).

λη: a reading of λαη is not possible as the eta is the same as in ωμρε in l. 1. The plate may, however, suggest falsely that this eta has a diagonal stroke extending upwards from the top of the first vertical, as, for example in the name 'Ατία in *CPR* VIII 82.4. I am grateful to Klaas Worp for pointing this out to me and for providing the parallel.

 $\lambda\eta$   $\eta$ : note that the second eta is minuscule whereas the first is majuscule, presumably in order to distinguish the numeral from the non-numeral form.

 $\Phi\alpha...φ$ : a reading of  $\Phi\alpha\omegaφ$  is most likely but there appear to be two characters between alpha and final phi, rather than a simple omega. [SJC wondered also about reading  $\epsilon\gamma\rho\alpha\phi$  μ  $\alpha\theta\omega\rho$ .]

### 39

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN WINE

P.Camb. UL Michael. 818/3 Plate XIX

 $56 \times 138 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: 4 lines and all but the lower margin preserved; there are many small lacunae and the upper surface of the papyrus is damaged, especially II. 3-4.

Palaeography: A semi-cursive hand, with many ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 13.

Addressee: Simothe.

Document date: ? 18, indiction ?

Scribe: Victor (2; I.9).

Simothe is ordered to supply eight measures of wine to Petra the carpenter.

- † пенеют петсяхі мпафире
- 2 ειμοθέ χε τι φμογη ήφει
- 3 инби инетья файфи д
- 4  $οι^{ν} ..^{ε} η οκτω εγρ βικ η, τιη ιν<sup>δ</sup>.$

2 φι? 3 ππετρα φαμφε 4 οἵν(ου), ἔγρ(αψα) 3 εκτ(ωρ), ἐνδ(ικτίωνος)

1 † It is our father who writes to his son

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- 2 Simothe. Give eight measures
- 3 of wine to Petra the carpenter 中
- 4 (Greek:) of wine ... 8 eight. I, Victor, wrote ... 18, indiction (?) ...
- 1. 十: see the transcription note to 1. 1 of No. 15 for the shape of this sign.
- 114-: the stroke extends halfway over the following ω.
- фире: following this there is another mark on the papyrus. The title Apa, which Simothi bears in No. 40, does not appear to be written here.
- 2. сімове: No. 40 is also addressed to this man, see I.8. The name Simothe also occurs in an inscription from Bawit (Cairo CG 8781; Strzygowski 1904: 125); in *P.Sarga* 64.5; and in an unpublished Coptic papyrus document, P.Camb. UL Michael. 832/1 (bis). A saint of this name is mentioned on a stela from
- Abydos (Peet 1913: 39, No. 2.13, pl. 13 fig. 3).

  get: this is interpreted here as a variant of get 'measure' (Crum, *Dict.* p. 547b), as in No. 40.3; get 'shecoin' (Crum, *Dict.* p. 547a) is a less likely interpretation.
- For Petra attested as a man's name in Coptic, see the examples listed in *P.Lond.Copt.* I, p. 550a and *P.Ryl.Copt.*, p. 249b (personal names index), and in Greek, see Preisigke *NB* and Foraboschi *Onomasticon*.
- 3.  $NH\overline{P\Pi}$ : the papyrus is damaged here and the N looks more like a  $\lambda$ , with only two strokes visible, the second of which slopes backwards.
- $H\overline{P\Pi}$ : the stroke is barely visible but appears to extend over the  $\Pi$ .
- 4. or "... a restoration of  $\gamma \iota^{\nu}(\epsilon \tau \alpha \iota)$  'i.e., total' is also possible, but not  $\gamma \iota_{\nu}$  or or 'i.e. wine' as found in the other orders for payment in wine (Nos. 16.4; 40.4, 5; 60.4).
- ..ε.: read an abbreviation of μέτρον (Casson 1939: 8), the Greek equivalent of Coptic ψει (see Crum, *Dict*. p. 548a ψι) which may occur in l. 2 (see translation note to l. 2 of this text). An abbreviation of σήκωμα does not seem likely here, although it is used as an equivalent of ψει 'measure' in No. 40 ll. 4 and 5.
- η.": the first letter resembles a ψ, or a damaged φ, but may be a μ with a vertical line through the middle of it (possibly an abbreviation for μηνί 'in the month of'); the superscript letter appears to belong to this group of letters despite being written over the following ι. [SJC meant to recheck her reading of this line in the original.]

### 40

### ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN WINE

P.Camb. UL Michael. 1159 Plate XX

 $67 \times 145 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: The left-hand side of this five-line text is well preserved.

Palaeography: A well-spaced, experienced majuscule hand with many ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 13. Addressee: Apa Simothi of [...]-hote.

Although this text exhibits the formula meneror merceaei, its addressee and content link it to No. 39. Apa Simothi is ordered to issue wine to a watchman, bread-seller and oil-dealer whose names are not specified. This may mean that there was only one man engaged in each of these professions in the monastery, or that the context made the identities of the recipients known to the addressee.

IT IS OU

BM EA

Plate >

Preser

papyrt Palaeo

Prover

Acqui

Addre

Andre

5. .:

P.Vir

Plate

Prese Palae Prove

Josep wine

 $\uparrow$  пенеіфт певсгаєї  $\overline{\text{Nana}}$  сімові па[...]

- 2 20ΤΕ ΧΕ ΤΕΥΝΟΎ ΕΚΑΧΙ ΤΙΠΙΤΤΑΚΙΝ ΤΙ Φ[ΜΟΥΝ]
- 3 EQEI NHPH MAPERPOEIC AYOU TI CAY NOD[EI NHPH M-]
- 4 πεοροεικ γι/ οινου σηκ/ ίδ ή λγω τι εωογ ([...]?)
- 5 ΜΠΟΟΡΝΑΣ  $\gamma$ ι/ Οιν<sup>ου</sup> [κ] σηκ/  $\bar{\kappa}$   $\uparrow$

1 пе ечега 2 піттакіон 3 фі, речровіс 3,4 сооу (?) 4 саровік

4, 5 γί(νεται) οἴν ου σηκ(ώματα) 5 σαρνές

- 1 † It is our father writing to Apa Simothi of [...]
- 2 ... As soon as you receive this note (πιττάκιον), give e [ight]
- measures of wine to the watchman and give six m[easures of wine to]
- 4 the bread-seller, (Greek:) total of wine sekomata 14, (Coptic:) † and give six ([...]?)
- 5 to the oil-dealer, (Greek:) total of wine [20] sekomata 20 ⅓.

2. 20τε: this may be part of an epithet of the addressee, possibly part of a title such as peq+20τε 'giver of tribute', which is an equivalent of φορολόγητος (Crum, Dict. p. 722b 2ωτε); or of the name of another addressee (no personal names ending -20τε are recorded in Heuser). Alternatively, it may be a variant form of the end of the place name Nθωτε (Crum, Dict. p. 722b 2ωτε). The only appropriate words ending -20τε recorded in Dict.inversé are 20τε 'presence' (Crum, Dict. p. 718b 20τ), 20τε 'fear' (Crum, Dict. p. 720b), and 20τε 'hour' etc. (Crum, Dict. p. 721b). [SJC intended further work on this note.]

TEYNOY EKA -: literally 'The hour you will'.

ΠΙΤΤΑΚΙΝ: No. 23, an unidentifiable order, also refers to itself as a ΠΕΤΤΑΓΝ (πιττάκιον) 'note'. See also No. 15, whose docket describes it as a ΠΕΤΑΚ (πιττάκιον), 'receipt'. The phrase ΧΕ ΤΕΥΝΟΥ ΕΚΑΧΙ ΤΙΠΙΤΤΑΚΙΝ may also be restored in No. 31.2.

If  $\mathfrak{D}[MOYN]$  is correctly restored as the amount required to make the total in 1. 4 up to 14 sekomata, it is the same amount of wine as Apa Simothe is required to issue in No. 39.

3.  $\omega$ ei: this variant of  $\omega$ i 'measure' is also used in No. **39**.2; it is translated in the two Greek summaries in II. 4 and 5 by  $\sigma\dot{\eta}\kappa\omega\mu\alpha$ , a wine measure which contained a varying number of sextarii over the centuries. Casson (1939: 8) reckoned that it could contain between  $4^{1}/_{2}$ –8 sextarii.

Restore  $\omega[\epsilon_1]$  at the end of 1. 3 although  $\omega_{A}\omega_{A}$  (Crum, *Dict.* p. 604b) 'a vessel or liquid measure', might also be possible.

3. CAY, 4. COOY: both forms appear to be variants of COOY 'six', although the latter is not included in Crum, *Dict*. or Westendorf *KH*. That it is to be interpreted as 'six' is reinforced by the running total which goes up from '14' to '20' after COOY has been added.

4. copoεικ: although οεικ may also be interpreted as 'reed' (Crum, Dict. p. 254b), ca+ οεικ is only attested for bread-sellers.

5. COPNA2: an oil-dealer also occurs in No. 20.2 (CAPNH2).

 $[\kappa]$ : an attempt appears to have been made by the writer to erase this superfluous sign as it is now fainter than the rest of the text.

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN WINE

BM EA 75309 side (B) Plate XX

 $80 \times 92 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century

Light to mid-brown papyrus (see No. 79)

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved; the first line is partially obscured by a fold in the papyrus. For the first text written on this papyrus see No. 79.

Palaeography: a right-sloping hand which combines majuscule and minuscule forms.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p.12.

Addressee: Andreas.

ds

(X

Andreas is ordered to make a payment of four lahê-measures of wine.

- 1 ф пенеіфт петсгаї
- 2 мпчфнре апареас
- 3  $x \in TIBTO \overline{N} AA2H NHPH$
- 4 мпфен епжнее
- 5 γί(νεται) οἴ(νου) κνίδ(ια) δ .. ἔγρα(ψα) 🕂

3 4τοογ 5 γι, οι, κνιδ, εγρα

- 1 † It is our father who writes
- 2 to his son Andreas.
- 3 Give four *lahê*-measures of wine
- 4 to the son of Pjêce/the purple(-man).
- 5 (Greek:) Total of wine: 4 knidia. I, ..., wrote. Ť
- 4. π×μςε: the ε is barely visible. See Crum, Dict. p. 801b ×μεε for this title and personal name.
- 5. ..: possibly read επ. Is this the scribe or read differently, perhaps πισραμα or επεστρ.. for .. ἔγρα(ψα)?

42

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT IN WINE?

P.Vindob. K 11383 side (B) Plate XX

 $43 \times 125 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 91)

Preservation: The left-hand side of the first 3 lines of this text is preserved, written on the back of No. 91. Palaeography: A confident, upright majuscule hand with a few cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See **I.15**.

Joseph of Tabô is ordered to pay Jeremias of Pohe (modern Buha) two *lahê*-measures, most probably of wine.

1 🕂 пеміфт певсалі мпевфіре

2 IOCHII ПАПОЗЕ XI TI AASH ÇENȚ[E ...]

3 NIEPEMIAC NATAKO ..MN..[...]

 $1 \, l$ . Пенеют пе ечсгы мпеч-  $2 \, l$ . же

1 P Our father is he who writes to his son

2 Joseph from Pohe. Give two lahês [of wine]

3 to Jeremias from Tabô ... [...]

3. דּאָבּים: also found in *BKU* III 471.6 and *P.Fay.Copt.* 45 v° l. 5 (Timm pp. 2452–2453 *Tabô*).

### 43

## ORDER TO SUPPLY WOOL

P.Louvain Lefort copt. 24 side (A) Plate XXI

 $55 \times 165 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) ?th century Papyrus (see No. 77)

Preservation: All 4 lines of this text are preserved; small lacunae obscure individual characters in all lines. A seal is impressed at the end of line 3.

Provenance: Unknown.

1

1

Acquisition: As for No. 27; see I.15.

Addressee: Shenoute the deacon. Perhaps the same as Papa Shenoute, the oil-dealer, see Nos. 18, 20, 28, 46; I.8.

Document date: Pachon ? (end April/May), indiction ?

Shenoute the deacon is ordered to provide (x1 e-) the bearer of this receipt (*pittakion*) ten pounds of good wool. Wool is also the subject of No. 49, excavated at Bawit, and woollen garments occur in No. 44.

**→** 

- 2 + пенеіфт петсгаї ип $\overline{9}$ фнре паіакон
- 3 Феноуте жі тімнте наітра нсорт єнанооу
- 4 epipome ebati pittarn nak  $\mbox{$\frac{1}{4}$ }\mu' \ \Pi^z$  .  $\iota v^\delta_{\mbox{$\sim$}}$  ...

4 πιττακιον, μ(ηνὶ) Π(α)χ(ων), ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)

- 2 † It is our father who writes to his son the deacon
- 3 Shenoute. Provide these ten pounds of good wool
- to this man. He will give you the receipt. (Greek:) † In the month of Pachon, (day) ..., indiction ... (seal obscures number)
- 3. λίτρα Νοορτ ενανοογ: for wool measured in *litrai*, compare O.Crum 320. In O.Brit.Mus.Copt. I 43 inf., Νοορτ ενανογογ is paid as rent.
- 4. The year date may end in a delta '4'.

ITISOL

BM EA Plate X

Preserv inscribe Palaeog Provena

Acquisi Address Docume Geronti

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P.Camb. U

Preservation has several papyrus, and formula te 77)

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43

## ORDER FOR PAYMENT OF WOOLLEN GARMENTS

BM EA 75307 Plate XXI  $80 \times c. 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid- to dark brown papyrus

Preservation: 5 lines and all but the top and right margins are preserved. No text appears to have been inscribed on the other side of this papyrus which is stuck to the lower part of a larger sheet of papyrus. Palaeography: A majuscule hand with some ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p.12.

Addressee: Geronts | e | the woollen-garment-dealer. Document date: Pauni 14 (June 8), indiction 11.

Gerontius (Gerontse) is ordered to supply Joseph of Peloole (I.13) with twelve woollen garments, in which he is a specialist dealer. The format of this text suggests the reconstruction of the *Our father*-formula in I. 1. Wool is also the subject of No. 43 and possibly No. 49.

 $\downarrow$ 

- 1 [+ пенеіфт петсахі]
- 2 мп $\overline{q}$ фнр $\varepsilon$  г $\varepsilon$ ронт $\varepsilon[\varepsilon]$
- 3 YA NGEABOT XE TI MN[T-]
- 4 CNOOYCE NGOABE  $\overline{N}$ -
- 5 ϊως η παπελοολε
- 6 Παυνι ιδ ἰνδ(ικτίωνος) ϊα

6 ινδ

- 2 to his son Geronts e
- 3 the woollen-garment-dealer. Give tw[elve]
- 4 woollen garments to
- 5 Joseph of Peloole.
- 6 (Greek:) Pauni 14, indiction 11.
- 2.  $\Gamma \in PONTC[\epsilon]$ : or  $\Gamma \in PONTC[1]$ , a form listed by Heuser 91, see also p. 78 for the name Gerontius.
- 6. Παυνι: the ι could also be an ε.

45

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT

P.Camb. UL Michael. 830 side (B) Plate XXII

 $236 \times 138 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 82)

Preservation: 4 lines and all margins are preserved; the last two lines are largely illegible. The papyrus has several lacunae and some of the fibres are twisted. This is the third text to be written on this sheet of papyrus, and the only one written on side (B). Although this is the largest papyrus to bear an *Our father*-formula text, the text itself takes up less than a quarter of the writing surface. On side (A) are two 7th-

century Greek texts (one a palimpsest) in two different hands and inks; for the later and therefore more prominent text, see No. 82.

Palaeography: The first two lines are written in a mixture of majuscule and semi-cursive forms, with ligatures involving e and i.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 13.

Addressee: Papa Jakob.

Papa Jacob is ordered to issue a commodity which may be measured in a jug (μάρις).

- 1 🕂 пенеіфт петсзаї нпафіре
- 2 IIIIAIIA ÏAKOB XE TI OYMAYPIÇ
- 3 N (the rest of this line is illegible)
- 4  $+ \pm 6^{\alpha} \dots \mu^{\epsilon} \cdot \kappa \dots$

1 мпеч- 2 маріс Il. 3-4 too fragmentary for interpretation

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son,
- the Papa Jacob. Give a jug (?)
- 3 of ...

2. μαγρις: Cerny *CED* p. 89 has derived μαγρες from the Greek μάρις; see also Westendorf *KH* p. 100 μαρις. A reading of μαφρτ (Crum, *Dict*. p. 206a 'cable of palm fibre') is less likely.

4.  $\pm 6^{\circ}$  receding the alpha there are 5 superscript letters. [SJC intended to recheck the original. In line 4 she wondered about a reading  $\omega_{\nu}^{0}\mu^{\tau}$ .]

#### 46

# ORDER TO SUPPLY A COMMODITY MEASURED IN ARTABAS

BL Or. 6201A (224 + 244) side (B) Plate XXIII

 $37 \times 89 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Preservation: The first 3 lines of this text are preserved in two joining fragments (224, the left-hand; 244, the right-hand). On side (A) are two texts written in different semi-cursive hands before the present text. Text 1 is a fragment of a Greek address (?): Τω ωπ....../ μ<sup>γ</sup>π<sup>ρε</sup>π τιμ. ω κυρ<sup>ω</sup> μη|. Written at 180° to text 1, text 2 on side (A) preserves 2 fragmentary lines of a Coptic letter: 1 ] ±3 ενασπάζε εχν νεγερητε ... / 2 ].ιατρι. Τ.

Palaeography: A slightly right-sloping majuscule, with a few ligatures involving  $\epsilon$ : 'ace-of-spades'  $\epsilon+p$ ,  $\epsilon+\tau$  and  $\tau+\epsilon$ .  $\pi$  can be formed so that the bottom of the second vertical curves upwards to the right ( $\pi 4$ -,  $\pi \lambda$ -, 1. 1).

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp.10-11.

Addressee: Papa Shenoute (Nos. 18, 20, 28; I.8).

Papa Shenoute is ordered to supply twenty-four artabas of an unknown commodity.

P.Camb. UL Plate XXIII

IT IS OUR F

1 MI169-

Preservation:
Palaeography
Provenance:
Acquisition:
Bibliography
Addressee: P
Document da

The addresse wine but is for text.

Scribe: Pamo

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2 Μπεα-5 μ(ηνί) 1

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2 † пенеют петсгаї ппафире ппа-

3 παφενούτε σε τι σουτάθτε νέρτος

1 мпеч- 2 тов

1

2 † It is our father who writes to his son, the Pa-

3 pa Shenoute. Give twenty-four artabas

#### OTHER ORDERS

#### 47

## ORDER TO SUPPLY WINE

P.Camb. UL Green 4 Plate XXIII 90 x160 mm

(script) ?8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: (A) 5 lines and (B) 2 lines; both sides appear to preserve all margins.

Palaeography: Flowing semi-cursive hand with many ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p.13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

Addressee: P[apa Da]m[ian(os)].

Document date: Phaophi 12 (October 9/10), indiction 1.

Scribe: Pamoun.

The addressee, who might be construed as Papa Damian(os), is ordered to request (?) half a solidus of wine but is forbidden to consign it to the 'wretched' Phoibammon. See **I.5** for an interpretation of this text.

(A) ↓

1

+

- 2 [ $\dagger$ ]  $\Pi$ еметот  $\Pi$ [ $\varepsilon$ ] $\dot{\tau}$ [c]гат ипечанре  $\dot{\tau}$ аг  $\Pi$ [апа да-]
- 3 μ[ιαν φίν]ε να ολμάθε νδογοκοί
- 4 инрп ип[е]рті ифоівамфи єй зосой
- 5 ουταλαιπωρός πε μ΄  $\Phi^{\omega}$   $\iota \beta \, \iota v^{\delta}$  α Παμούν εγρ΄

 $(B) \rightarrow Docket$ 

6 φοι...

7 Δαμιαν<sup>ο</sup> 🗴

 $2 \overline{\text{мпеч}}$  3 голокоттінос  $4 \overline{\text{мпрталч}}$  (?)

 $5~\mu(\eta v \grave{\iota})~\Phi(\alpha)\omega(\phi \iota),~\grave{\iota}v\delta(\iota \kappa \tau \acute{\iota}\omega v \circ \varsigma),~ \check{\epsilon}\gamma\rho(\alpha \psi \alpha) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho \grave{\alpha})~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~7~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha v(\psi)~or~-\circ \upsilon?,~or~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha(v \psi)~vo(\mu \iota \sigma \mu \acute{\alpha}\tau \iota \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho \grave{\alpha})~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~7~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha v(\psi)~or~-\circ \upsilon?,~or~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha(v \psi)~vo(\mu \iota \sigma \mu \acute{\alpha}\tau \iota \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho \grave{\alpha})~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~7~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha v(\psi)~or~-\circ \upsilon?,~or~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha(v \psi)~vo(\mu \iota \sigma \mu \acute{\alpha}\tau \iota \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho \grave{\alpha})~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~7~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha v(\psi)~or~-\circ \upsilon?,~or~\Delta \alpha \mu \iota \alpha(v \psi)~vo(\mu \iota \sigma \mu \acute{\alpha}\tau \iota \circ \upsilon) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho \grave{\alpha})~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \iota) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho )~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \iota) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho )~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \iota) \\ ~~6~\phi(\circ \rho )~o \check{\iota}(v \circ \iota)$ 

1

- 2 † It is our father who writes to his son the scribe P[apa Da-]
- 3 m[ian(os) (?). Reques | t (?) half a solidus
- 4 of wine. Do not give it to Phoibamon, in as much as
- 5 he is a wretch. (Greek:) In the month of Phaophi, (day) 12, indiction 1. Pamoun, I wrote.
- 6 Delivery of wine
- 7 To (?) Damia(nos) (?) no(mismation) (?)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (?).
- 2-3. [AA]M[IAN], restored from line 7. A Damian also occurs in an unpublished Coptic document BL Or. 6201 A (6).
- 3. ΦΙΝ] ε ΝCA is restored after No. **54.**6-7. In his transcription of this text, Kahle conjectured π[AΠA AA] Μ[IANE XE M] ε ΝCA. [SJC tentatively proposed an alternative reading for this line: Μ..[....] ΧΕ ΦΙΝΕ ΝCA ΟΥΠΑΦΕ Ν2ΟΛΟΚΟ/.]
- 4. en2ocon: ἐν ὄσον. Förster WB ὄσον records several instances of this usage in 7th–8th-century Coptic documents.
- 5. ταλαιτώρος: has meaning 'wretched' and, like ἐλάχιστος, is part of the common terminology of humility employed in a monastic milieu; it can also mean unlucky, Förster WB ταλαίπωρος. It occurs in inscriptions from Bawit (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 122, No. 404; possibly 124, No. 416).
- Φω/: for the abbreviation of the month Phaophi to these two letters, see, for example *P.Bal.* index p. 860, *CPR* IV index p. 195, and an 8th-century Greek fragment of an account register, *P.Apoll.Ano* 81.2. 6–7. No. **25**.8-9 has a similar docket.
- 6. φ: this abbreviation of φορά occurs in a number of texts including *shine nsa*-formula ostraca, for example, *CPR* XX 11.5, *O. Bawit* 42.2.
- [SJC noted 'read  $\Phi \circ \vee$  for Phoi(bammon), or something before  $\circ \circ (No-)$ ?' She initially read  $\psi_{A2}$  as the next three letters but then rejected this reading.]
- 7. Kahle read AAMIANOX. One would expect the symbol for ½ following ν° corresponding to the πλωε Νέολοκος mentioned in 1, 2.

#### 48

# ORDER TO REMAIN WITH A BROTHER?

*P.Köln* IX 385 (P.Colon. inv. 7900) *P.Köln* IX pl. 30c

 $86 \times 119 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: All 5 lines of text are preserved; other side blank.

Palaeography: A large, experienced, right-sloping majuscule hand with some ligatures. The *ed. pr.* (see below) suggested a dating of the 7th-8th century.

Provenance: Unknown. The ed. pr. suggested the Hermopolite nome.

Acquisition: No details are available.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.Köln* IX, p. 207–208, pl. 30c. [A scan of this papyrus is found at the web-site of Die Kölner Papyrus-Sammlung: <a href="http://www.uni-koeln.de/phil-fak/ifa/NRWakademie/papyrologie/">http://www.uni-koeln.de/phil-fak/ifa/NRWakademie/papyrologie/</a>. [Apa Klouj is ordered to stay with brother (*pason*) Anoup until he agrees to let Klouj go. Possibly compare No. 59, in which the addressee is described as being 'under the fathers' (also possibly 'the father'). Whereas that text may be concerned with a pupil-monk, the same is not the case here as Klouj bears the honorific title Apa indicative of a more senior monk. Klouj is not a common name so No. 67 may be another order addressed to the same man. In *P.Mon.Apollo* 19 a monk of the Monastery of Apollo called Klouj is assigned to the collection of *aparchê* in Perciê(se).

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This is the only text with what appears to be a monogrammatic signature at the end—possibly read a minuscule H with a horizontal line drawn across it which ends with a spiral and interpret as the name E(lias)?

- ↑ пенеіфт петсзаї мпяфн ре апа клоух хм мпел
- 3 ΑΟ 2ΑΤΠ ΠΑΟΟΝ ΑΝΟΥΠ
- 4 фанитечнение етре-
- 5 тимоофе инти

2 же мпер- 3 гатп- 4 фантеч-

6

1 It is our father who writes to his so-

Н

- 2 n, Apa Klouj. Do not
- 3 leave brother (pason) Anoup's side
- 4 until he agrees to let
- 5 you go.
- 6 E(-) (?)

3. Could 2λΤΠ be ΦΤΠ 'imprison'?—see Bohairic parallels. For Boharicisms in Monastery of Apollo texts, see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 36, §4.3.

### 49

### UNIDENTIFIABLE

O.Bawit 81 No Plate Dimensions not recorded

Whereabouts unknown Ostracon (material not recorded)

Preservation: 7 lines and all but the bottom margin are preserved.

Provenance: Excavated by Jean Clédat at the Monastery of Apa Apollo at Bawit.

Acquisition: Uncertain. Dominique Bénazeth (personal communication, 14/11/1996) suggests that it may belong to a group of ostraca in the collection of the Egyptian Museum in Cairo which bears the number 2/2/15/21. [The register book of the Egyptian Museum in Cairo indicates that these ostraca were found in a box in Gaston Maspero's antechamber, wrapped in newspapers of 1905 and in proofs of an article by Clédat; and are thus thought to originate in Bawit (Dominique Bénazeth, personal communication, 16/10/2003).]

Bibliography: Edited in *O.Bawit*, p. 302. Transcribed (and numbered '46') in one of Clédat's excavation notebooks donated to the Louvre in 1986 by Mme Jean Mallet.

Addressee: Apa Noc / Apanoc.

This is the only *Our father*-formula text written on ostracon that I have encountered to date. Its whereabouts are uncertain but a transcription was recorded in one of Jean Clédat's excavation notebooks.

Apa Noc is ordered to give or sell wool (?) which has been assigned to Pmanallou, Pmanranê, and Pmanlouga to someone whose name or title is imperfectly preserved. Other ostraca excavated at Bawit by Clédat record both Pmanallou and Pmanranê as places from which wine was requisitioned (O.Bawit 18–23). Wool is also the subject of No. 43, and woollen garments of No. 44.

ITIS

**VEYO** 

No. 29

- 1 + пенеют петсахії
- 2 мпечфнре апа
- 3 NO6  $\times \in API$  TAPATH NCOP<sup>T</sup>.
- 4 ΘΥCΗ2 ΝΟΑ ΠΜΑΝΡΑΝΗ
- 5 ΜΝ ΠΜΑΝλΟΥΓΆ
- 6 MN HMANAAAOY TAAY
- 7 мнка..о?
- 1 → It is our father who writes
- 2 to his son Apa
- 3 Noc. If you please: the wool (?) ...
- 4 which is ascribed to Pmanranê
- 5 and Pmanlouga
- 6 and Pmanallou, give it
- 7 to ...
- 2-3. ΔΠΑ ΝΟ6: this can be construed as a personal name 'Apanoc', as well as the title ΔΠΑ followed by the personal name NO6, compare (Coptic: *P.Lond.Copt.* I 1075 (p. 449), 1077; *CPR* IV 167; and two unpublished documents, BL Or. 6201A (23) and (109c). Examples in Greek include: *P.Lond.* III 1032 ('Απανάκιος, 6th–7th century), *SB* I 5944. MacCoull (1987: 103) has pointed out that it is attested in texts from the Hermopolite nome.
- 3. API ΤΑΓΑΠΗ: it is possible that another ostracon excavated at Bawit, O.Bawit 82, also began the main body of the text with this formula ([ΠεΝΕΙΦΤ ΠΕΤΟ2ΑΙ ΜΠΡΦ] ΗΡΕ ΙΟΑΚ ΧΕ ΑΡΙ ΤΑΓΑ[ΠΗ]).
- $NCOP^{T}$ : the ed. pr. read Nr..., although Clédat's transcription clearly records  $NCOP^{T}$  followed by what appears to be an oblique stroke.
- 4. εych² NCA: εych² NCΦ occurs in No. 15.3, a receipt for stone.
- 6. TAAY: the ed. pr. suggested that TAAY or TAAC N are also possible.
- 7. мнка..o?: possibly interpret as мпка..o 'to the ...'.

### **50**

## ORDER DETAILING VARIOUS COMMODITIES

BM EA inv. 75308 side (B) Plate XXII

 $272 \times 80 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 89)

Preservation: Only the first third of the first 19 lines of this text are preserved, with all but the right and bottom margins intact. The surviving text is badly damaged and was written at 90° to the text on side (A), the first text written on this papyrus. This is a letter which is now very fragmentary; it mentions Apa Apollo, although it is not possible to say whether the saint was intended.

Palaeography: The hand is a mixture of majuscule and cursive forms, written in an irregular but proficient way.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12. Addressee: Phib the *sah* and Is[-...].

Originally containing more than 19 lines of text, this is by far the longest *Our father*-formula document included in this corpus. Addressees include a scribe called Phib, and a number of commodities may be mentioned. Although fragmentary, this text is noteworthy for mentioning an unusual commodity,

λελω2ε, possibly to be interpreted as bdellium (I.14). People with the title *apou* are also listed, as in No. 29.5.

```
1
        Н ПЕИЕІФТ ПЕТС[ЗАІ ИНЯФ)НРЕ]
    2
           TAZ PIB MN IC.[
                                ...
    3
           X€ AIXI TAA2H N[
    4
            ΜΝ τλελΦιε Ν.[
                                ...
           ерепиотте м[и пеи-...
    5
    6
            Νειωτ ≭οολ ολ[νοε. ...
    7
            NCMOY NAN A.[
           ±1?τλελωεε ΝΚΦ[
           ±1?TNOOYC NHT[N
                                   . . .
    10
            .ΑΪΝΕΠΑ..[
    11
            ерфактаа[
    12
            Jajep.w[
    13
            ομοι(Φς) ..[..]ςι.[ ...
    14
            иєьджаю[
                                 . . .
    15
            NK..[
                                           ]
            φένωσιέ[
    16
                                          И-]
    17
            NEPATIE [
                                 ...
    18
            ναπον εγρό[εις?
                                           ]
    19
                                           ]
            NYNE€YOOT[€
4, 8 AIROORE 13 OMOL
            + It is our father who writes [to his sons?]
     1
     2
            the scribe Phib and Is[-...]
     3
            I have received the lahê of [...]
     4
            and the bdellium ...
     5
            if God and [our ...]
     6
            father send a [great? ...]
     7
            blessing to us ...
     8
            the bdellium ...
            sent it to you (?) ...
     9
     10
            if you give [...]
     11
     12
            likewise ...
     13
            the dyer [...]
     14
     15
             ... [...]
            the carpenter [...]
     16
```

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h century e No. 89) right and

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document es may be mmodity,

- 17 the givers (?) [...]
- the *apous* who wat[ch (?) ...]
- the ones of the kidneys (?) [...]
- 2. ic.[-: the common man's name, Isaac, is perhaps to be restored here; also possible are iciaωροc (Heuser 56, 95–97), icaxap (Heuser 107), ici (Heuser 56, 57), iciaoc (Heuser 46), icmaha (Heuser 107,110), icxγρ(i)ων (Heuser 81).
- 3. TAA2H N[: restore TAA2H N[HPII] 'the lahê of [wine]'?
- 4. λελφεε also occurs in *P.Lond.Copt*. I 1114 (BL Or. 6085), which may have been acquired by the British Museum at the same time as the present papyrus (for the BL Or. 6201 series, see *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 9-10).
- 5. M[N ΠΕΝ-...: restore ΠΕΝΝΟ6 'our great' or similar epithet.
- 10. непа[: ог пепа[.
- 13. Possibly restore cim 'grass, fodder, herbs' (Crum, Dict. p. 334a) at the end of this line?
- 14. Νέρθανωω[: restore νέρθανωω[εε 'dyer' (Crum, *Dict.* p. 800b αωωεε)? Also possible: νέρθανωω[ρε 'disperser' (of seed, etc.), although not a form listed in Crum, *Dict.* p. 782a αωωρε).
- 19. Nanesaoote: could this be a place name? the word saoote may be an unattested plural form of another word, such as saoe 'gourd' (Crum, Dict. p. 815a).

### 51

# ORDER TO SUPPLY EQUIPMENT?

P.YaleCopt. 28 P.CtYBR inv. 2037 side (A) No Plate

 $69 \times 160 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 88)

Preservation: 4 lines and all margins; the width of this fragment has been estimated because the papyrus fibres are twisted. This is the second text to be written on this papyrus (despite being labelled side (A)). See No. 88 for the text written on side (B).

Palaeography: The superlinear stroke is used with and without syllabic function in this text, and a mark resembling an acute accent is used once with syllabic function (1141.1).

Provenance: Unknown. Antinoe (ANTINOOY), which also occurs in No. 12 (see I.13), is mentioned in the letter written earlier on this papyrus (No. 88).

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p.12.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.YaleCopt.*, p. 50. [A scan of this papyrus can be found on the web: <a href="http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2037>.">http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2037>.</a>

Addressee: Lazare.

Document date: Phaophi 24 (October 21/22), indiction 5.

Lazare is ordered to supply Ouenober of Ehbooue (I.13 for the interpretation of this as a place name) as before.

- 1 + пенеют петсгыї мп $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$ анре лагаре
- 2 же прос өе екефре ноченовер
- 3 пр $\underline{\omega}$ м мезвооче вфрв их  $\dot{a}$  ой
- 4  $\mu \Phi^{\omega}$  κδιν<sup>δ</sup> ε +

 $<sup>4~\</sup>mu(\eta v i)~\Phi(\alpha) \omega(\phi \iota),~iν \delta(ικτίωνος)$ 

TEXTS

Acopoc Heuser

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ne) as

- 2 Just as (πρός) you supply Ouenober
- 3 of Ehbooue, supply him again.
- 4 (Greek:) In the month of Phaophi, (day) 24, indiction 5. 🕂
- 1. † ... мпафре дахаре: the ed. pr. omitted the † and read ипафре вайа ри[.
- M-: the superlinear stroke over this letter curves upwards forming a small c on its right end.
- 2. Those  $\Theta_{\varepsilon}$  ekewpe nonenobep: the *ed. pr.* had that.... ewpe nonenobe p[.  $\Theta_{\varepsilon}$ :  $\Theta_$
- 2, 3. 60p6: interpreted as 'supply', more usually translated 'prepare, provide' (Crum, Dict. p. 831a).
- 3.  $\pi p \overline{\omega} m \overline{n} e 2 800 \gamma e 6 \omega p 6 naq on: the ed. pr. read <math>\pi p \omega m e ne 2 800 \gamma e 6 \omega p 6 nacon[$ .
- 4.  $\mu \Phi^{\omega}$  κδ  $\iota v^{\delta}$  ε: Phaophi 24, i.e. 21/22 October. The ed. pr. read μ(hni)  $\Phi(\lambda \Phi \Phi)$  h in  $\Delta(\iota K \tau \iota \Phi \iota \Phi)$  ε.

52

# ORDER TO SUPPLY AGRICULTURAL EQUIPMENT

P.Köln IX 386 P.Colon. inv. 7901 P.Köln IX pl. 31a  $85 \times 132 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: All 5 lines of text are preserved, although the final letters of l. 2 are damaged; other side blank.

Palaeography: An experienced, right-sloping, essentially majuscule hand with a number of ligatures. Noteworthy forms include  $\lambda$  which is written with an elongated leading oblique stroke which extends well below the bilinear parameters. The *ed. pr.* (see below) suggested a dating of the 7th–8th century. Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: No details are available.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.Köln* IX, p. 209–210, pl. 31a. [A scan of this papyrus is found at the web-site of Die Kölner Papyrus-Sammlung: <a href="http://www.uni-koeln.de/phil-fak/ifa/NRWakademie/papyrologie/">http://www.uni-koeln.de/phil-fak/ifa/NRWakademie/papyrologie/</a>. This text illustrates control over the monastery's resources. Abraham the *apou* is ordered to give Apollo, the father of the field, an agricultural implement.

- 1 Р пененот петсай мпафнре
- 2 аврагам папоу же ті оуклом
- 3 Νεοί πληολλω πιωτ
- 4 ΜΦΟΪ ΝΊΤΑΑΒ ΕΠΕΊ2ΟΪ ϢΑΝΤΕΚ-
- 5 EI NAÏ EZPAÏ AAAA M $\overline{p}$ AMEAEI +

4 l. TAA9

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son
- 2 Abraham the *apou*. Give a field *klom*
- 3 to Apollo the father
- 4 of the field and let him put it on this field until you
- 5 come to me. But do not be negligent! †

2. παπογ: interpreted in the *ed. pr.* as 'dem von Pou', απογ/απογε is a title or epithet, which also occurs in Nos. **29** and **50**, and also BL Or. 6201B (197, 201, 239 side (B) and 279), all of which are unpublished. In BL Or. 6201B (279), the *apous* of Pousire write to an Apa Theodore through three people, including a *boêthos*. P.J. Sijpesteijn (1984: 372) interpreted απογ as meaning something like 'servant, assistant'. See Crum, *Dict.* p. xv note to p. 14a; and Kasser and Vycichl 1967 pp. 41 (απογ) and 47 (απογε); note that this word is not included in Westendorf *KH*.

As a personal name, and is attested in Coptic (CPR XII 5 II. 26, 30, 35, 37; and O.CrumVC 48.7 (afoy)), and Greek papyri (Preisigke NB records two examples of Apov in Greek papyri dating to the VII-VIIIth century). In a note to P.Lond. IV No. 1435.80, Crum derives Apov from the title and which was influenced 'in later times' by the Arabic Abu. An interpretation of nekandy as a personal name involving the possessive prefix nek- and the word andy, may also be possible here—compare the personal name nekpan, for which see Crum, Dict. p. 298b pan (although Crum expressed doubts about it being a name).

ти: the ed. pr. gave +.

κλομ: the usual meanings 'crown, wreath' (Crum, *Dict.* p. 104b) are not applicable here, but as an agricultural implement there are parallels cited by Crum in *BKU* I 94, and the unpublished British Library text, BL Or. 6201A (90), which mentions this word in connection with an axle (ἄξων), κλομ ΝλέοΝ.

Compare the meaning of στέφανος as a type of *polykandelon*, see Górecki, *JJP* 2001: 51-53, revising Montserrat *Or*. 64 1995: 430-444?

3-4. ιωτ μφοϊ: as the *ed. pr.* stated, a parallel for this title may be found in an unpublished Coptic text cited in Crum, *Dict.* p. 650b 201—'PMerton (olim Beatty) 1924'.

5. AAAA ΜΠΡΑΜΕΛΕΙ: this phrase occurs in the parallel texts, P.CrumST 329-330 (I.6). There is no trema on the 1 in AMEAEI as given in the ed. pr.

### 53

# ORDER TO GIVE AN ASS FODDER?

BL Or. 6201B (211) Plate XXIV

 $60 \times 120 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light to mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 3 lines and all margins are preserved. Palaeography: An experienced semi-cursive hand.

Provenance: Unknown. Teusia in I. 3 is a place name found in *shine nsa*-formula ostraca (I.5 and I.13).

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 9-11. Addressee: George of the great garden.

George of the great garden (who also occurs in No. 23.2–3) may be ordered to give some fodder to an ass belonging to a place called Teusia. The meaning of the final line remains obscure.

- 1 🕂 пенеют петсяхі упафнье гефьге
- 2 πλτησε νώνη πε ολκολί νέδε νμίω
- 3 ипатеўсіа немероу іппірач 🕆

1 мпеч- 2 ті оүкоүі 3 мпа- (?), мерос

- 1 中 It is our father who writes to his son George
- 2 of the great garden. A little fodder to the ass
- 3 belonging to Teusia/the estate <of?> the division of Pinaf (?) †

3. ΝΠΑΤΕΥCIA: it is possible that ΝΠΑΕΤΕΥCIA can be read, with a ligature of ε + τ. ΜΕΡΟΥ: if this is a form of μέρος 'division, part', the closest parallel recorded by Förster WB is ΜΕΡΟΥC. It is also possible that ΜΕΡΟΥ is an unattested plural of ΜΗΡ 'shore' (Crum, Dict. p. 180a). Less likely is that it derives from ΜΟΥΡ 'bind' (Crum, Dict. p. 180a), or AMPE 'baker' (Crum, Dict. p. 8b). ΠΙΝΑΨ: the N is uncertain, and the interpretation of this word is obscure. It may be composed of the words ΠΙΝ 'mouse' (Crum, Dict. p. 263a), which is attested as a personal name (Ππιν, Preisigke NB), and AΨ 'flesh' (Crum, Dict. p. 23a) or 'fly, insect' (Crum, Dict. p. 23b).

### INVOICES FOR VARIOUS COMMODITIES

### 54

### INVOICE FOR LEAD AND OIL

P.Byrd 36.2 Plate XXIV

ίt

(main fragment)  $85 \times 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century Medium brown papyrus

Preservation: 8 lines and all margins are preserved. A small fragment of 4 lines of text (Warga, 1992: 79, estimated 'two and a half lines') has been added upside down above l. 1. Since it is written in the same hand as the present text, it may be a docket which has become detached.

Palaeography: A right-sloping majuscule hand. Warga (1992: 79) suggested dating it to the 7th century.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: Acquired for the private collection of Jonathan Byrd.

Bibliography: Edited by Warga (1992); amendments and further comments by Clackson (1993).

Addressee: Koueie (son of) Papas/Young Papas.

This invoice notifies Koueie (son of) Papas/Young Papas that twenty-five pounds of lead (see **I.14**) and a full *lakon*-measure of oil have been delivered and can be collected from the sailors of Enoch. See **I.5** for an analysis of this text.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

- 1 Н пенејфт петсалі
- 2 мпафнре кочете
- 3 ΠΑΠΑΟ ΧΕ ΕΙΟ ΧΟΥΤΗ
- 4 NAITPA NTART · AITNO-
- 5 ΟΥΚΟΥ ΝΑΚ ΜΝΝ ΟΥΧΑΓΟΝ
- 6 MNES ERMES . WINE
- 7 NCWOY 21TN NENEER
- 8 <u>ме</u>мфх 🕂

5 MN OYAAKON 6 E9MH2 7 NNEE9

Further text, now detached, possibly belonging to the docket, mentions APON CNAY. [SJC intended to edit these further four lines fully.]

- 2 to his son Koueie (son of)/Young
- 3 Papas. Here are the twenty-five
- 4 litrai of lead I have sent
- 5 to you along with a full lakon

- 6 of oil. Requisition them
- 7 from the sailors
- 8 of Enoch ⅓
- 2. κογειε: for this as the personal name Koueie (which is not recorded in Heuser), see Pernigotti (1985: 101 comm. l. 13), and *CPR* VIII 77.2 Κούει (7th–8th century).
- 4. AITPA: this measure is used for many commodities; the ed. pr. translated it as 'liters'. The amount represented by a  $\lambda i \tau \rho \alpha$  varies: in principal it is 0.3274 kg, but can be as much as 0.558 kg (Hommes et richesses, I: 287).
- 6-7. ΦINE NCΦOY: see **I.5** for the use of ΦINE NCA- in Our father-formula texts.
- 7. Neek: sailors from the village of Temxip are mentioned in two inscriptions at Bawit, see Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 77, No. 149.3; 88, No. 210.

### 55

### **INVOICE FOR OIL**

SB Kopt. I 288 P.PalauRib. inv. 41 Plate XXV 57 × 119 mm (script) 7th–8th century 'Medium brown papyrus with fine fibre texture and smooth surface' (Klakowicz 1981: 46)

Preservation: 5 lines and all margins are preserved (despite the claim in the *ed. pr.* that it 'preserves the beginning of a private letter'); 'some dark spots and a vertical breaking which damaged some letters in the last two lines extant' (Klakowicz 1981: 46–47).

Palaeography: Right-sloping majuscule, with some ligatures. Several dots on this papyrus do not appear to be marks made by the scribe: for example, above the ω in πενείωτ (l. 1), and the λ in λωωϊ (l. 2). Klakowicz: (1981: 46) compared the script to that of the 8th-century *P.Ryl.Copt.* 142 and 180.

Provenance: Unknown. The unusual name Ashôi is also found at Bawit.

Bibliography: Edited by Klakowicz (1981: 46-47); reproduced in SB Kopt. I 288 with additional comments.

Addressees: Anoup and Ashôi.

This invoice notifies Anoup and Ashôi of an oil delivery and mentions that a man will be sent about some pitch. See **I.5** for an analysis of this text.

This papyrus has been studied from a photograph.

- 1 + пенеют петсал мпафнре
- 2 ΑΝΟΥΠ ΜΝ ΑΦΦΪ ΧΕ ΕΙΟ
- 3 Πλάγον νες αϊτνοούς
- 4 NHT $\overline{N}$  AYO ()A2TOOY TATNOOY
- опроме евол етве наамжатп

#### 3 AAKON NINES 4 WASTOOYE

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son
- 2 Anoup and Ashôi. Here is
- 3 the *lakon* of oil. I have sent it
- 4 to you, and at dawn I will send
- 5 out the man about the pitch.

be read
3. AAFO
this read
4. QA27

5. NAAN

IT IS OUT

1. ПЕТС

ПЧО)НРЕ

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BM EA Plate X

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1. петсал: above the there may be a trema.

пафире: note the use of the singular па- here although two people are being addressed. The ed. pr. failed to appreciate the monastic context of this text and so interpreted the terms 'father' and 'son' as denoting a

physical rather than spiritual relationship.

2. λωω: the *ed pr*. gave λωω. The name Ashôi is recorded in three inscriptions from Bawit (Maspero and Drioton 1931-43: 70, No. 104, λωλι; 72, No. 115, a deacon; 85, No. 195, father of Papnoute); and in Pernigotti (1985: 78); and, as λωοει, in a Coptic papyrus excavated at Abusir, (Pintaudi and Oerter 2000: 114.1-2). It is not attested in Heuser, Preisigke *NB*, or Foraboschi *Onomasticon*. The name λωωι should be read in P.Med. copto inv. 76.26.13 (Pernigotti, 1985: 78-82) instead of 'A(pa) Scioi'.

3. AAFON NE2: this was interpreted as AAFO NNE2 in the ed. pr. and SB Kopt. I 288 erroneously corrects

this reading to AAKON.

4. QARTOOY: the sense here suggests that 'at dawn' be read rather than 'till morning' as in the ed. pr.

5. NAAMXATII: note the use of the plural here; parallels listed in Crum, Dict. p. 143b дамхаті.

### 56

## UNIDENTIFIABLE INVOICE

BM EA 75304 side (B) Plate XXV  $28 \times 150 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: The first 2 lines and the upper and right margins are partially preserved. On side (A) is part of one line written in black ink, and about 3 illegible lines in brown ink, both in different hands from that of the text presented below (no transcription of these is possible).

Palaeography: A large majuscule hand with many ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12.

1 [十] пенеют петсгаї мпवфнре

2 [ ... ] **Χ**ε εις πε**κτ**οογ

2 чтооү

2 |...| Here are the four

### VARIA

#### 57

# BEGINNING OF A DOCUMENT

P.CtYBR inv. 2103 qua (B) text 2 *P.Mon.Apollo* plate XLV

 $78 \times 240 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th century Papyrus

Bibliography: Published as *P.Mon.Apollo* 59a. [A scan of this papyrus can be found on the web at <a href="http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2103%20qua">http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2103%20qua</a>.]

1 † ΠεΝΕΙΦΤ ΠΕΤC2AI † It is our father who writes
2 ΝΠϤΦΗΡΕ ΓΕ- to his son Ge3 traces visible ...
2 ΜΠΕϤ--

58

## BEGINNING OF A DOCUMENT

P.Leiden RMO F1965/4.2 side (B) 96 × 115 mm (script) 8th century Plate XXV Light to mid-brown papyrus (see No. 76)

Preservation: The right-hand side of this 7-line text is preserved with a few lacunae running vertically near the middle of the papyrus, possibly where the text was folded in half. Approximately 8 letters are missing from the left-hand side of the text.

Palaeography: An experienced, right-sloping majuscule with a few ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: In 1965, the Rijksmuseum van Oudheden in Leiden acquired this papyrus on the Dutch art market through the dealer J. Möger of Soestdijk. The trader's mark on the papyrus, JT 33, makes it clear that it came from the same source as the Teshlot archive published by Michael Green (*OMRO* 64). (email from Dr Maarten J. Raven, Curator, Egyptian Department, Rijksmuseum van Oudheden, 13/12/2001).

Addressee: Hlo the sah.

Hlo the *sah* is probably ordered here to come to the monastery and then to return, and is warned not to hold something or someone back.

$\rightarrow$		
1	[† пеі	иегат] петсгаї йпафире фаг гло
2	[	Ντεγη]ογ εκλαι ητίπεττλκη
3	[	] єграї єптопос исооути
4	[	] NEMAK NKKOTK EBOA
5		NCO]OYTN NKBOK NAK
6	[	]COYN ΜΠΦΡΚΑΤΑΧΕ
7	[	PIATE T

2 HITTAKION 6 KATEXE

- 1 [中 It is our father] who writes to his son, the sah Hlo.
- 2 [As so]on as you receive this note,
- 3 \[\ldots\right] to the monastery forthwith
- 4 [...] with you and return
- 5 [... forth with (?) and go
- [...] ... do not hold back

1. 2λ0: literally 'old man' (2(ε)λλ0, Heuser 10, 33, 46, 54, 67).

P.Leide Plate X

IT IS OU

6. KATA applical 7. ]PIA

Markie

Preserv Proven Acquis inv. 70 Verso I This te

is an o

2. 2ATī 543), ii Dict. 4:

of elo

P.Sargo Plate X

Preser

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76)

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en,

t to

6. κατάχε: as well as 'hold back', an interpretation of κατέχω as 'detain, arrest' (Förster WB) may also be applicable here.

7. ]PIATE: there is no name ending -PIATE recorded in Heuser, but P.Duk. inv. 469, published by Markiewicz 2002, has the name of a presbyter ending -IATE.

59

## INDETERMINATE ORDER

P.Leiden Papy. Inst. inv. 703 Plate XXVI 52 x 96 mm

(script) 8th century Brown papyrus

Preservation: The other side is blank.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See **I.15**. Coptic texts including this one are described on p. 34 of *Acta Classica* 63 (1971); inv. 703 is text No. 4 ('Document, complete at the top, bottom, and left-hand side (9.6 x 5.2cm.). 4 lines. Verso blank.').

This text may be compared with No. 48, in which a monk is described as being 'under brother Anoup'. It is an order to a monk who is 'under the fathers' (also possibly 'the father'?) to travel somewhere on the following day, probably to the issuer of this order.

- 1 † пенеют петса $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{n}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$   $\overline{\mathbf{h}}$ ре ...]
- 2 εq2λt<u>ν</u> νειφτέ χ[ε. ... ]
- 3 EROY MLEI SANİ W[ ... ]
- 4 EBOA  $\overline{N}$ PACTE T.[ ... ]
- 2 who is under the fathers (?). [...]
- 3 and come to me (?) [...]
- 4 tomorrow [...]

2. 2λτη: a parallel usage of 2λτη- may be found in the Life of Pachomius (CSCO 89: 22/MMAF IV: 543), in which people are described as 'being a monk under you' (ερ μονάχος βλτοτκ, cited in Crum, Dict. 428b τωρε).

Nειωτε: the final ε is barely legible; although not recorded by Crum (*Dict.*, 86b), the same plural form of ειωτ is recorded in *P.Bal.* 192.14, which Kahle believed stood for NεΝΕΙΟΤΕ 'our fathers'.

TEXT EXCAVATED AT WADI SARGA

60

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT

*P.Sarga* 175 (BL Or. 9035 (64)) Plate XXVI

 $59 \times 63 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century? Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: The left-hand side of this 5-line text is preserved. The other side of the papyrus is blank.

IT IS

1. п 3. N

No

of a

Pala

Prov Acq

men

Palaeography: Contrary to Crum's assertion that there are two different hands in this text, it in fact appears to have been written entirely in a single, semi-cursive hand. The signature of Daniel in the final line looks to have been penned by the same person who wrote the main text. The hand differs from that of Daniel who signs other *Our father*-formula texts which can be linked with Bawit (I.11).

Provenance: Excavated at Wadi Sarga by R. Campbell Thompson.

Acquisition: Presented to the British Museum by the Byzantine Research Fund after the excavation.

Bibliography Edited in *P.Sarga*, p. 143, No. 175.

A fragmentary order for payment for wine issued by Daniel to someone from the *diakonia*. A head of the Monastery of Thomas at Wadi Sarga named Daniel occurs in several texts excavated at the site (*P.Sarga* 87 etc.).

- ↓ пеиеіФ[⊥ петсяяі <u>м</u>пеафнье йй]
- 2 MATAIA[KONIA ... TI OYKAAOC]
- 3 NHP $\overline{\Pi}$  NQ)[ ...
- 4  $\gamma$ ί(νεται) οἴν(ο)υ κ(ά) $\delta$ (ος) α μ(ηνός) .[...]
- 5 + ΔΑΝΙΗλ CTOIX(EI) [vac.?]

4 γι pap. οιν pap. κδ pap. μ pap. 5 cτοιχ pap.

- 1 † It is our father who writes to his son NN
- 2 of the dia[konia ... give 1 kados]
- 3 of wine to Sh[-...]
- 4 (Greek:) Total, 1 kados of wine. In the month of [...]
- 5 🕆 Daniel agrees [...?]
- 2. TATAIA[KONIA: this title is found at the Saggara Monastery of Jeremias, see Wietheger 1992: 286.
- 4.  $\kappa(\alpha)\delta(o_{\zeta})$ : see examples of this abbreviation in Förster WB 358.

#### FRAGMENTARY OUR FATHER-FORMULA DOCUMENTS

#### 61

## **FRAGMENT**

BL Or. 6201A (227) side (B) Plate XXVI

 $45 \times 105 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: All 3 lines of this text are preserved, although the ink is faded, especially in II. 1 and 2. On side (A) there are remains of three final lines of an earlier text, with only the lower margin preserved, written against the fibres in a different hand, ending with the words 1 [...]( ±8 ) π. εμπ[ ...] / 2 [οΥΧΑΙ] 2Μ ΠΧΟΕΙΟ ΠΕΜΜΕΡΙΤ Ν[...] / 3 [...]... '[...] ... / farewell in the Lord, our beloved [...] / [...] ... 'Palaeography: A fairly large, right-sloping majuscule hand. The only ligature involves ε and ι. Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp. 10-11.

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apyrus

erved,

γχλΙ

1

† пенеіфт петсялі ±3

2 ΑΝΟΥΠ ±10

N..ПА 21TN АП.

↑ It is our father who writes ...

2 Anoup ...

... from ...

1. πετς 2 λι: the first four letters have faded and are illegible.

3. N..па: read Naana or Nфпа. aп. ±6: the title ana, or even anoy, may be reconstructed.

### 62

## **FRAGMENT**

BL Or. 6201A (231) No Plate

 $33 \times 60 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: 2 lines and all but the bottom and right margins are preserved; on side (A) there are 2 lines of a text in a small cursive hand, with all but the right margin extant.

Palaeography: Written in a small, semi-cursive hand similar to No. 20.

Provenance: Unknown. Pma npleebeiôhe (I.13) is mentioned in l. 3.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

(A) ↓

1 † пенеют пется[ы мпафире NN]

2 папма ±3 [...]

 $(B) \rightarrow Docket?$ 

3 [...] THAY MUYEEREI (DSE

4 [...]..21TN пенеют [...]

1 † It is our father who wri[tes to his son NN]

2 of the place ... [...]

3 ... of Pma npleebeiôhe

... from our father [...]

2. пмҳ( ±3 )[: reconstruct mмҳ nпҳєєветозє as in 1. 3, if side (B) does indeed contain the docket.

3. ΠΜΑ ΝΠΑΘΕΒΕΙΦ26: P.Mich.Copt. 11 (P.Mich. inv. 4557, cited by Crum, Dict., p. 90a, 61Φ26) mentions πΜΑ (N?)Νελεκιώνε ΤΗΡΟΥ ΝΚΗΜΕ.

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1931

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### **FRAGMENT**

BL Or. 6201B (94) Plate XXVII  $90 \times 122 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: The right-hand side of this 3-line text is preserved; in II. 1 (πλποφ) and 2 (φλητεμλο), the scribe has written around existing lacunae in the papyrus.

Palaeography: A semi-cursive hand employing majuscule and cursive forms in equal proportion.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

Severus of Posh is given an order concerning the watchman, probably the son of Apa Kollouthe. A monastery of Stephen is also mentioned in connection with this order.

↓ 1 [† пенеіфт п]етсгаї нпч фнре сеунрос папоф же ф.. 2 [ ... ]. Папа коллоу фе прчровіс фантечло 3 [ ... ] феннте истефі ауф и ±3 фмене 1 ℓ. мпеч- 3 ℓ. стефен

- 1 [中] It is [our father w]ho writes to his son, Severus from Posh. ...
- 2 [...] of Apa Kollouthe, the watchman until he ceases
- 3 [...] the monastery of Stephen and ...

2. ].N-: reconstruct [π]ωN- 'the son of'?

3. cτεφή: for a parallel spelling of Stephen, see *P.Bal.* 239.3 (cτεφη). n[±3]ωμένε: this text does not appear to end with nπράμενε, as does No. **52.5** (μπράμενει). Possibly

read роме не?

64

# FRAGMENT

P.CtYBR inv. 1820 Formerly P.Yale inv. 1819b No Plate  $43 \times 54 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus

Preservation: The right-hand side of the first 5 lines of this text is preserved; a dark line—possibly part of a protocol?—runs through the second-preserved letter of each line. The other side of this papyrus is blank.

Palaeography: Large, experienced, right-sloping majuscule with some cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12.

Bibliography: Described briefly in Petersen (*s.d.*, 1964?): 57, No. 8. [A scan of this papyrus can be found at <a href="http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=1820>.]">http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=1820>.]</a>

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1 [† πενει]φτ πετεγλι
2 [νπαφηρε] ηπαπα (πα)λλλ 3 [ ... ]τ τλλε
4 [ ... ]λφοϊ νλ[?]
5 [ ... ]60λτ[±2]

1 [†] It is [our fath]er who writes
2 [to his son] Papa Palau
3 [...] ...

[...] the field of A[-...]

2. ΠΑΠΑ (ΠΑ)ΑΥΥ: the final letter γ looks more like a r as it ends in an elongated horizontal stroke. Inscriptions from Bawit commemorate a number of people with the name Palau/Paleu (Heuser 23, 69), believed by Kahle to be rare and occurring only from the 7th–8th centuries (*P.Bal.* 252 *ad* 1. 2): from Clédat's 'chapelle 22' (Clédat 1904–6: 125, No. 4), 'chapelle 28' (Clédat 1904–6: 158, west wall [father of Isak]); 'chapelle 51' (Clédat 1999: 116, right of apse); and Maspero's 'salle 1' (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 51, No. 10.8; 54, No. 27.10, 15 [father of Camoul]); in 'salle 6' (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: 75, No. 145.1, 2, 3 [brother of Helen]).

3. TARE: T may be preceded by a letter.

5 [...] ... [...]

5. ] coat[: restore [a] coat[e] 'wagon' (Crum, Dict. 26a), or as a form of copte 'knife' (Crum, Dict. 829b), comparing P.Lond. IV 1631 col. 4, l. 10. Alternatively, the initial letter may be κ rather than ε.

65

### **FRAGMENT**

BM EA 75329 Plate XXVII  $90 \times c. 80 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: The right-hand side of the first 7 lines of this text is preserved.

Palaeography: A right-sloping majuscule, occasionally employing cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

This document is concerned with an account, possibly of produce from one of the monastery gardens, or from Hermopolite Teshnê (I.13).

₽ пенеі[от петсяхі <u>м</u>пафнье …] 1 2 напа к.[ ] 3 же плогос ип..[ 1 620 УИ ЄТЄФИН ... ... ергфч 60c ±3 [ Π-] 5 ] 2 мак. ±2 мпапа.[ ... 6 ] ±3 [

3 l. Mit- 5 l. P2OB? 6 l. Mitatia

- 1 P It is our fath[er who writes to his son ...]
- 2 of Apa K-[...]
- 3 The account of [...]
- 4 in(to) the garden/Teshnê [...]
- 5 ... a half ... [... the]
- 6 ...-smith (?) ... of/from Papa [...]
- 7 ...[...]

1. ‡: this symbol extends well above the other letters in l. 1 and descends almost as far down as l. 3. 6. 2λμακ.: possibly reconstruct a variant of the term 2λμακη which occurs in *P.Sarga* 171.5 (Ϊω2λΝΝΗς Π2λμακη); another variant of this term, 2λμαγη, may be interpreted in *P.HermitageCopt*. 14.15, where it was construed by Ernshtedt as a function connected with sesame. For suggested meanings of λκη, including 'sesame', see No. 81 ad l. 9. A personal name Φαμακεῖ is recorded in *NB*.

### 66

## **FRAGMENT**

BM EA 75305 Plate XXVIII  $72 \times 105$  mm

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus

Preservation: The right-hand side of the first 7 lines of this text are preserved. The other side of the papyrus is blank.

Palaeography: A competent majuscule hand with some cursive forms, including H, and ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

This fragment may reveal more of the layout of the monastery, as it mentions the 'western men's apartment (ἀνδρών)'. An *andron* is also mentioned in two of the 9th-century property transfers from Bawit edited by Krause (1958), BL Or. 6203.54 and 6204.44 (*P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 10, §2.2.2).

$\rightarrow$		
1	]+	
2	[† пенеют пет]сгаї <del>мпч</del> фнре	
3	[ ]шуйубон иемит	
4	[ ]¥UY ÏŒSYNHC	
5	[ ] ±2 ạκφ ạλ neii ±2	
6	[ ] ±3?	
7	[ ] ±3?	
1	1 14	
2	[ H It is our father who] writes to his son	
3	[] the western men's apartment	
4	[] Apa Iohanes	
5 [] covering(s) for these (?)		
6–7[]		

- 3. manapon: or plural nanapon 'the men's apartments'?
- 5. [SJC had doubts over the reading of this line.]

## PRACTICE TEXT/FRAGMENT?

BM EA 75301 side (B) Plate XXVIII

 $28 \times 106 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century

Light brown papyrus (see No. 83)

Preservation: This fragment may preserve a complete 2-line practice text, or the first 2 lines of a genuine order. For the text written earlier on the other side of this papyrus, see No. 83.

Palaeography: A large, right-sloping majuscule hand with some cursive forms such as minuscule н.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Whether this is a practice text, or the truncated beginning of a genuine order, it is addressed to Klouj (see No. 48) with a large gap left after the addressee's name.

1 тенеіфт петсахії  $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ п $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$ -

十 It is our father who writes to his

Фнье куолх

son Klouj.

68

### **FRAGMENT**

BM EA 75302 side (B) Plate XXVIII

2

 $38 \times 148 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: The first 2 lines of this text are preserved. Side (A) bears part of a faded protocol.

Palaeography: A large majuscule hand with some ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12.

↓ 1

4

Y . 14

2 † пенеют петсга мпа-3 [фнре NN ... ] † It is our father who writes to his

[son NN ...]

2. 十: the right end of the horizontal curves down to the right.

69

### **FRAGMENT**

P.CtYBR inv. 5003 side (B)

c.  $75 \times 85$  mm

(script) 8th century

Plate XXVIII

Bleached light brown papyrus (see No. 33)

Preservation: The left-hand side of the first 3 lines of this text is poorly preserved on a very fragile papyrus. On the other side No. 33 is written in the same hand at 180°.

Palaeography: Confident, right-sloping, well-spaced majuscule hand.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp. 12-13.

as 1. 3. (IWRANNHO 15, where it gs of akh,

8th century vn papyrus ide of the

rn men's fers from

2. ±5: the name of the addressee has faded but may have begun 100-, possibly 1002ANNHC?

### 70

## **FRAGMENT**

P.CtYBR inv. 4999 Plate XXIX  $60 \times 83 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus

Preservation: The right-hand side of the first 2 lines of this text are preserved, beneath which a fragment of another papyrus is attached upside down. The other side is blank.

Palaeography: A confident, right-sloping majuscule hand with markedly rounded 4.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, pp. 12-13.

1 [十 πε] Νειωτ πεται Μπ - [十] It is [ou]r father who writes to his 2 [如 pe ... ] ... [son NN ...] ...

### 71

### **FRAGMENT**

P.Vindob. K 11394 side (B) Plate XXIX

 $70 \times 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 90)

Preservation: All 5 lines of text are preserved on a papyrus which has broken in two from top to bottom. Palaeography: An experienced, small, right-sloping hand which employs mainly majuscule forms, mixed with some cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See **I.15**.

1 + пенеют [петсгаї ипчинре NN поуо-]

2 ειεμάς ε τι 4το[ογ ...]

3 ΝΑΝΟΥΠ ΠΝΟΤΑΡΗς [...]

4 [.].NNH \(\overline{N}\)TA4..OP..[...]

5 [ ... ].

1 † It is our father [who writes to his son, NN, the rear-]

er of young. Give fo[ur/forty? ...]

3 to Anoup the *notarios* [...]

4 [...]-nnê which he (?) ... [...]

5 [ ].

Muser

4. NT2

IT IS O

1-2. G Biktor

P.Mic Plate

Prese water was I Palae Prove this p

> Acqu If the

from

P.Mic Plate

Prese badly Palae ep (I. 1–2. ογοθίθμας: this title occurs on ostraca excavated at Bawit (one of which is *O.BawitIFAO* 2.6, Biktor), as well as on ostraca which may also have this provenance: *SB Kopt*. I 226.4 (Enoch); Naprstek Museum P 2019.4 A variant of this title may also now be restored in *SB Kopt*. I 230.4–5 ([Πογοθίθ] Νέμας). Bilabel (1933: 556, 558 *ad* l. 4) translated the term 'Stierbauer'. 4. Νταμ.ορ..[...]: looks like Νταμητορο..[...].

TEXTS WRITTEN ON THE OTHER SIDE OF OUR FATHER-FORMULA DOCUMENTS

72

## DOCUMENT ADDRESSED TO THE DIKAION OF THE MONASTERY

P.Mich. inv. 578 side (A) Plate XXX

 $88 \times 101 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 4)

Preservation: The central portion of this 4-line text is poorly preserved, with dark patches (the result of water damage?) and lacunae obscuring letters in Il. 2–3, and the ink faded in several places. The papyrus was later re-used for another document, No. 4, which is much better preserved.

Palaeography: A right-sloping majuscule hand with elaborate A (l. 2).

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature (I.11) on the document subsequently written on this papyrus, No. 4, suggests that it was sent to the *dikaion* of the Bawit monastery, if it did not originate from there.

Acquisition: See I.15

If the term λοφλλειλ can be restored in 1. 4, this may well have been a guarantee (ἀσφάλεια).

1 [ ... ]πφενισελνής πρφήςτ[ ... ]
2 [ ... ].ΜΠΑ[ι]ΚΑΙΟΝ ΜΠΜΟΝΑ[CTHPION ...]
3 [ ... ΜΑ]ΪΝΟΥΤΕ ΝΕΙΦΤ ΕΤΟΥΑΧΕΚ ... ]
4 [... λCΦ]λλει[λ] vac.?
1 [...]the son of Iohanes, from T[...]
2 [[...] to the dikaion of the Mona[stery of ...]
3 [...] God-[lo]ving, holy father [...]
4 [... guar]ante[e?]

73

## **LETTER**

P.Mich. inv. 1300 side (A) Plate XXX  $100 \times 165 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 1)

Preservation: The right-hand side of the final 7 lines of this text is preserved, with the lower right quarter badly faded. Later this papyrus was re-used for No. 1.

Palaeography: A fluent, semi-cursive hand employing numerous ligatures, including the 'ace-of-spades' ep (1. 2, Mepe-; 1. 6, epxoxh' epoï).

ntury

ment

entury

tom. mixed Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature (I.11) on the document subsequently written on this papyrus, No. 1, suggests that it was sent to the Bawit monastery, if it did not originate from there. Acquisition: As for No. 1.

The purpose of this fragmentary letter is unclear: it mentions a certain Philemmon to whom the writer has written. The addressee is exhorted not to be angry.

$\downarrow$	
1	[ ].[ ±3 ] ±3 [ ±3 ] ±4 ψε ειρπρωψε
2	[ ] ПАРА ПСЕЕПЕ ТАВОУФ $\overline{2}$ KNOÏ ЖЕ МЕРЕВАУОН
3	[ ]епістолн ўлажовіс пхарт(оуларіос) же мпепфілиммон
4	[ ] Χε τι νητη΄ εμ πουφφ μπνούτε φαϊνήςκ
5	] $\mathbf{x} \in \overline{N}$ $\mathbf{x} \in \overline{N}$ $\mathbf{x} \in N$
6	$[\dots\overline{M}\Pi\overline{p}]$ ερχολή $\stackrel{\checkmark}{}$ εροϊ $\stackrel{\checkmark}{}$ Ανοκ Αϊς2Αϊ $\stackrel{\dagger}{}$ Ν $\stackrel{\backprime}{}$ Ας εις2Αϊ ΜΜΟΟΥ
7	[ειτ]єν νεϊςελϊ ετσοχη ή ογχλϊ ή

2 l. νταθούως? κνόει 3. χ<sup>λ</sup>ρ<sup>τ</sup> pap. 3, 5 l. φιλημμών 6 l. Χε

- 1 [...] ... I am doing enough
- 2 [...] more than the rest ... You know that servants do not/cannot
- 3 [...] letter to my lord, the *chartularius* that Philemmon did not
- 4 [...] give you, by the will of God, I should ... you
- 5 [...] that I wrote to Philemmon but consider that I did not bring
- 6 [...do not] be angry with me because I have written. † This I am writing
- 7 [... thr]ough this humble letter † Farewell †
- 2. (ε?) ΤΑΒΟΥΦ2: I take this to be a form of ΝΤΑΘΟΥΦ2, basically meaning 'which he put', but the meaning of this is uncertain as it does not fit into a standard syntactic category. Resumption of an antecedent is expected, whether the verb ογΦ2 is to be interpreted transitively or intransitively.
- 3. NULXOGIC: the initial N does not resemble any others in this text and looks more like a ligature whose second component is an  $\epsilon$ .

ΠΧΑΡΤ(ΟΥΛΑΡΙΟC): parallels are recorded at Förster WB χαρτουλάριος.

- 3, 5. πφιλημμών: Kahle gave parallels for  $\phi > \pi \phi$  in Coptic documents, including one from the Balayza Monastery of Apollo (*P.Bal.*, I p. 133, §117).
- 4. QAÏNH2K: it may be that this is a rare occurrence of M > N (P.Bal., I p. 100, §76d), and should be interpreted as QAÏMA2K 'I should pay you'. The word NH2= may also be an unusual form of NOY26 'shake' (Crum, Dict. 241b), although its meaning is unclear.
- 5. опс же мпиетие: compare the usage in P.Lond.Copt. I 220, fol. a, l. 1: опс же анехананаюс ... Р нове.
- 7. [ยเษ] en: restored after No. 74.6.

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P.Vino Plate

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## PRIVATE LETTER

P.Princeton Garrett deposit 1924 H.I. Bell No. II 21 side (A) Plate XXXI

 $112 \times 162 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 6)

Preservation: The left-hand side of this 6-line text is preserved with several small lacunae. Later the papyrus was re-used for No. 6.

Palaeography: Essentially an experienced majuscule hand but with numerous cursive features.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature (I.11) on the document subsequently written on this papyrus, No. 6, suggests that it was sent to the Bawit monastery, if it did not originate from there. Acquisition: As for No. 6.

†
2 † αϊϫϳ ϻͼϲ;ͽϫϳ νπαχοεις νιΦτ ͼτταϊ προς [...]
3 νπαςοӎ πάμογν ντατετνεμντιστ τμογός εάτ[...]
4 πμογτε εάρεε ερφτν ±3 νογμηθε νρομ[πε ...]
5 ναϊ εϊςεαϊ μοογ τιπροσκγνει αγφ τιαςπά[zε ...]
6 νιμ είτν ναςεαϊ ετχοση ερεπεγχαϊ .[...]

2. l. Mina- l. ettäihy 3 l. Minacon, l. Ntatetn-, l. Tnooycoy 5 l. Mmooy 6 l. 60× $\overline{9}$ 

1
2 † I have received the letter of my honoured lordly father as [...]
3 of my brother Pamoun which your fatherhood sent them for [...]
4 God guard you ... for a multitude of yea[rs ...]
5 these things I am writing, I welcome and salu[te ...]

every ... through my humble letter, may the well-being [...]

6. Nacrai етховч: compare the ending of No. 73 which refers to neicrai етвохч (1. 7).

2. אוֹאָן אָפּכְּיָאוָ: this epistolary formula is widely attested in 7th-8th-century documents (Biedenkopf-Ziehner 1983: 233, No. 1), including Balayza Monastery of Apollo papyri, *P.Bal.* 180.3, 249.1, 257.1.

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#### 75

# ORDER FOR PAYMENT TO A BEEKEEPER

P.Vindob. K 11375 side (A) Plate XXXI

 $85 \times 145 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 24)

Preservation: The first 5 lines of this text are preserved intact. The papyrus was later re-used for No. 24.

Palaeography: An experienced, semi-cursive hand employing numerous ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See I.15.

Bibliography: Corrigenda in Clackson, *Tyche* 17 (2002) p. 261 (*Korr. Tyche* 285); *ed. pr.* Hasitzka 2001; briefly described in Hakkert 1967: 41, item 118, reproduced pl. 11.

This order was concerned with a payment of wine to a beekeeper for harvesting bees, and was authorized by Phib (see *P.Mon.Apollo* 50 for further evidence of the monastery's apicultural activities).

- 1 Τι ογλακοότε ΝΗ[p]π Νπειέβι-
- 2 ειτ 2λ ΝΑΫ ΝΤΑΥΧΟΟΛΟΥ δ(ιὰ) Φιβ Τ
- 3 Αγω τι ογλά ε Νφ..κογ Νας Νήτι
- 4 πειγηστής νης έρος αυφ παι πε πμαείν
- 5  $\times \in AKXNOY\overline{4} \times \in TNOOY POME NCA ENOX KE$

The papyrus breaks off.

2 l. A9 Nebiω,  $\delta_{\ell}$  pap. 3 l. Aath? 4 l. Nnet 5 l. Tnooy ογρωμε, l. Kai

- 1 \(\frac{1}{2}\) Give a *lakoote* of wi|n|e to this beekeep-
- er for the bees which he harvested. (Greek:) By Phib +
- 3 (Coptic:) And sell a *lahê* (?) of ... (*posca*?) to him and let him pay
- 4 this sextarius of oil for it. This is the sign
- 5 that you asked him—send <a> man for Enoch and

[A personal name is expected as the first element of the now-lost l. 6.]

2. 22 ΝΑΘ ΝΤΑΘΣΟΟΛΟΥ δ(ιὰ) Φιβ: the ed. pr. read 22 (Π)ΝΑΥ ΝΤΑΘΣΟΟΛΟΥ Α' ΦΙΒ, and interpreted it as 'für die Zeit, in welcher er sie gesammelt hat 1512' (Hasitzka 2001: 56–57). The context of the document, however, strongly suggests that A9—meaning 'fly'—stands for A9 ΝΕΒΙΦ, 'bee' (literally 'honey-fly'), here.

xοολογ: it is noteworthy that the verb, xωωλε 'gather harvest' (Crum, *Dict.* 766a), can be applied to apiculture as well as agriculture (fruit, corn, and flowers).

3. AAXE: as the ed. pr. posits, it seems most likely that this is a form of the common wine measure, the lahê.

Nφ..κογ: the *ed. pr.* suggests that the drink known as φοῦσκα (*posca*) may have been intended here (Hasitzka 2001: 57), see *CPR* XII 12.4, *SB Kopt.* I 679.5–6 (not 679, 19 as given in the *ed. pr.*). The confusion of Greek neuter forms with feminine, and *vice versa*, is not uncommon in Coptic documents; see Förster *WB* p. xxxvii, and *P.Mon.Apollo* 51.6 comm.

5. enæx κε: the ed. pr. read enoxxe 'Enouche', an unattested personal name (Hasitzka 2001: 57). The form κε is, however, well attested for καί which is used in *CPR* IV 110.6–7 to connect a list of personal names, as was perhaps the case in the missing lines of the present text.

### 76

# PRACTICE FORMULAE

P.Leiden RMO F1965/4.2 side (A) Plate XXXII

 $96 \times 115 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 58)

Preservation: The left-hand side of 5 lines of text is preserved, inscribed on top of a protocol executed with a characteristically thick pen. No. 58 was written later in the same hand on the other side of the papyrus.

IT IS OUF
Palaeogr
Provena

Acquisit

1. тҳ ±4 anok па §3.2.1).

P.Louvai Plate XX

Preservat

Palaeogra
Anoaad
Provenan
Acquisiti
The mon

states that

Palaeography: An experienced, right-sloping majuscule with a few ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: As for No. **58**.

```
† ΑΝΟΚ ΤΑ ±4 [ ... ]

2 † πεν † ±3 [ ... ]

3 † πεν ±4 [ ... ]

4 πενειωτ π[ε]τονλί ε[ ...]

5 [ ... ].ε ±4 [...]
```

5 І. Мпєч-

- 2 \( \dagger \) Our \( \dagger \) ... [...]
- 3 ∱ Our ... [...]
- 4 It is our father w[h]o writes to [...]
- 5 [...] ... [...]

1. דָאַ ±4: a name may have been written here. It does not appear possible to reconstruct here the formula anok fiacon NN eiclai, which I have linked with the Bawit monastery of Apollo (*P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 16, §3.2.1).

### 77

### DOCUMENT MENTIONING EISBATIKON

P.Louvain Lefort copt. 24 side (B) Plate XXXII

n

10

al

 $55 \times 165 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 43)

Preservation: The left-hand side of the first 4 lines of this text is preserved, with numerous small lacunae. Palaeography: An experienced, fluent semi-cursive hand. Noteworthy is the An ligature (ANA (X 2) and ANOAAO, I. 2; ANETN[...], I. 3) which features a tall, central vertical.

Provenance: Unknown. Possibly issued to the *dikaion* of the Monastery of the holy Apa Apollo at Bawit. Acquisition: As for No. **43**.

The monk Kolthe writes to the *dikaion* of the Monastery of the holy Apa Apollo through its head. He states that he has not paid the monastery any *eisbatikon*, which may be a type of tax (*P.Lond.* II 333).

- . anok пасон колбе .e.ane пмонохо Seal .[...]
- 2 ΝΦΑΓΙΟς ΑΠΑ ΑΠΟλλΦ 2ΙΤΟΟΤΊ ΝΠΜΑΙΝΟΥΤΕ ΝΕΙΦΤ ΑΠΑ [...]
- 3 NMOTH AYO HEITI AAAY NEICBATIKON HITH ARETH[...]
- 4 мите м.фанмеј..таплої з ми тпафе итко[...]
- 1 ... I, brother (pason) Kolthe (son of?) ..., the monk ... [... of the Monastery]
- of the holy Apa Apollo, through the God-loving father, Apa [...]
- you, and I have not given you any eisbatikon ... [...]
- 4 ... and the half ... [...]

1. It is not now possible to determine whether this document began with a + or a +.

.ε.λης: probably a name, the initial letter of which may be a M or a λ—possibly read Με+λης, Μεψαης, or Meiang, or these combinations beginning λ-, none of which are attested in Heuser or NB. It does not seem possible to read the name λεκλημ (Hasitzka et al. JJP 29, 1999: 20, No. 22), or λεκληος (Heuser 89). Possibly a variant of L(e)ia (P.Mon.Apollo 53 ad 1. 2).

4. м. фанмет. тапаоїаг:? read м. фанмете. тапаоїаг от м. фтнмет etc.

### 78

## RECEIPT FOR OIL?

BL Or. 6201B (204) side (A) Plate XXXII

 $65 \times 115 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 28)

Preservation: The central part is all that is preserved of this 3-line text which was written on papyrus later re-used for No. 28.

Palaeography: A fairly large, right-sloping majuscule hand.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

That this is a receipt for oil is suggested by the format of this document, and the presence of the standard oil measure, the *sextarius*, in 1. 3.

. 1 [ ... ]..е іфганне пр[...]

 $2 \quad [ \quad \dots ]$  NTEQNH NEPA2T 2A ПКАРПО[С ...]

3 [... mn] tchooyce prepath yí(netai)  $\kappa(\epsilon \rho \acute{\alpha} \tau \imath \alpha)$  ib  $\xi \eta [\sigma \tau \alpha \imath \ ? \ ... ]$ 

3 Ι. ΚΕΡΑΤΙΟΝ, γι κ pap., Ι. ξέσται

1 [....] Iohannes ... [...]

2 [...] of Teshnê-neraht/the fullers' garden for the harvest ...]

3 [... t]welve carats. (Greek:) Total 12 carats, se[xtarii ...]

1. ..е: it may be possible to read пет]çҙѧ; [мпч]Фнре '[who] writes [to his] son'.

πρ[...]: possibly restore here a title such as πρεσβύτερος 'priest', πρω- 'the man from ...', or one of the many personal names beginning Pr-.

2. ΤΕΦΝΗ ΝΕΡΑΣΤ: this could be interpreted as 'the fullers' garden', or, as Crum (*Dict.*, 311 ρωΣΕ, citing ΤΦΝΗ ΝΕΡΑΣΤ) believed it to be in this text, as a place name, Teshnê-neraht. John Shelton (1990: 113) interpreted Teshnê as a personal name.

For the presence of fullers in monasteries, compare the Monastery of Jeremias at Saqqara (Wietheger 1992: 288, PA2T).

# FRAGMENTARY LETTER TO A SUPERIOR

BM EA 75309 side (A) Plate XXXIII

 $80 \times 92 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century

Light brown papyrus (see No. 41)

Preservation: The left-hand side of 7 central lines of this text is preserved; later the papyrus was reused for No. 41.

Palaeography: An elegant, right-sloping majuscule hand employing a few ligatures; the left diagonal of  $\gamma$  is almost horizontal (COOYN, l. 5); 2 begins with a small, tight curl; M can be wide and large.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

This is a fragment of a formal letter to a superior which frames a request which is made in connection with a decision to be taken by unnamed persons (note the rare use of  $\alpha$ ipeois, 1. 7).

- 1 ±12 ογφω[...] 2 ΠΑΪ ΕΤΦΟΟΠ ΜΝ ΤΕΚΜΝ[Τ-...] 3  $\varepsilon$ T $4\varepsilon$ 2 $\overline{N}$ AIAKON $\varepsilon$ IA  $\varepsilon$ [ ... ] 4 POME 2A TETNMNTE[ ... ] 5  $\overline{\mathsf{N}}$ EIOT COOYN XE M $\overline{\mathsf{N}}$  A[ ... ] 6 Етрасгаї єппаракале[і ... ] 7 EYCMN 2AIPECIC 2N TM[ ... ] 8 MNTEIOT NAANEXE .[...]
- 3 l. AIAKONIA
  - 1 ... wish [...]
  - 2 this which is with your [...]
  - 3 ... diakonia [...]
  - 4 man for your [...]
  - 5 father knows that there is no [...]
  - 6 that I write, askin[g ...]
  - 7 their making a choice in the [...]
  - 8 fatherhood will approve [...]

7. εγαμπ γλιρεσια: refers to the people responsible for making the αἵρεσις, 'choice', a rare word, listed in Förster WB only as occurring in O.Brit.Mus.Copt. II 41.7, where it refers to the Chalcedonian heresy (θλιρεσια Νκλρχηλώνν).

8. ANEXE: may also be interpreted as 'hold (back)' or 'be patient' here.

## **END OF A LETTER**

P.CtYBR inv. 1824 side (B) Plate XXXIII

 $70 \times 109 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 17)

Preservation: The central part of (the first?) 6 lines of this text is poorly preserved; in addition to several lacunae, the ink has sometimes faded to illegibility, especially II. 2 and 3. The papyrus was later reused for No. 17.

Palaeography: An informal semi-cursive hand.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

[SJC noted 'the transcription needs a lot more attention!']

1 [...].TI  $\varepsilon$ ПІСТОХН ИНТИ ИЧТ[N]ООУС[...] 2 [...] AI NAI XEP ±10 [±2] AN.[...] 3 АПА2НТ 21[С]€ [...] [...]Р.ПА..А ±9 [...] MNNOY  $\pm 2$  [ $\pm 3$ ]  $\pm 2 \times \varepsilon$  T. $\varepsilon$   $\pm 7$  [...] 4 5 [...]TMMTQA NNAY EPON KAL.[...] 6 [...]  $\star$  poi  $\pm 6$  mn necg)  $\star$  pe [...] [...] give you letter(s) and he sent it/them [...] 1 [...] ... to me that ... [...] 2 3 [...] ... I was dishear[t]ened [...] 4 [...] ... that/because ... [...]

[...] you are worthy of seeing us and [...]

[...] ...and her children [...]

3. апагнт 21[c]e: this may be a set topos in letters, cf. P.Mon.Epiph. 459 пагнт 21Се гарок; testament of Abraham 230 (I. Guidi, Rendiconti Accademia dei Lincei 1900) пагнт ысе евитк=.

## 81

# FRAGMENT OF A MONASTIC LETTER

BL Or. 6201A (179) side (A) Plate XXXIV

5

6

 $143 \times 175 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Papyrus (see No. 20)

Preservation: The left-hand side of the last 10 lines of this text is preserved. The papyrus was later reused for No. 20.

Palaeography: A small, experienced, essentially majuscule hand, employing numerous cursive forms and ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

The purpose of

The purpose o reference to no commodities incommodities in the commodities in the commodi

2 *l.* MINCA.
5 *l.* MMOC 10 *l.* HENME

4

5

9 10 3. Gytia M-: the in poi eae: literally ntayei[: either i restored ntayeit

7. прос пложе: P.KRU 7.28. Asop: literally 'P. 8. ..e.: read mne-...esh tecxpla to possibly influence

χρεία). Is this read ΔΝΤΙ: read εΔΝΤΙ COYMNTE: looks ΔΥΚΑ[...]: a readin 9. ΔΚΗ: this word link with ikyt (OK entury No. 17)

everal

reused

The purpose of this letter is obscure—it contains several different elements, possibly including a reference to not being given something because of a lack of AKH, possibly a container used for commodities including wine. The field of Le and a person named Acôr are mentioned.

1 ]P.[...] 2 ΑΥΦ ΜΝΟΑ ΤΡΈΝΕΙ ΕΝΝΗΟΥ ΕΣΗΤ ΑΤΕΚΜΕΤΜΑΙΝΟΥΤΕ [...] 3 **ΦΤΙΑ ΜΦΟΙ ΈλΕ ΝΗΤΝ 2Ν ΑλΑΥ Ν2Φ9 ΑΝΕCΝΗΟΥ ΝΤΑΥΕΙ[...]** 4 2N TMHTE NOYON NIM TNOYTE COOYN XE AIEI XE NAK .[...] 5 ΠλΜλΙΝΟΥΤΕ ΝΧΟΕΙΟ ΝΕΙΦΤ ΚΕλΕΥΕ ΝΜΟΟ ΤΗΦλ.[...] 6 SOAN EXON XH YNXKO UHLE NLYN EROY WYNLENE! Eb'[...] ΝΑΝ ΠΡΟΟ ΠΑΟΣΕ ΝΤΑΥΦΟΠ ΣΝ ΤΕΚΜΗΤΕ. ΜΠΟΥΤΙ ΑΘΦΡ ΝΑ.[...] ...EGN TECXPIA TE NEP2OU AYO .ANTI COYMNTE AYKA[...] 9 ETBE TEXPIA NTAKH MITOYTAAC NAN NAI ENCZAI NMOY[...] 10 ΑΥΦ ΑΡΙ ΠΕΝΜΗΟΥΕ 3Ν ΝΕΚΦΑΗΥ ΕΤΟΛΑΥΡ ΠΕΝΧΟ[ΕΙС ...]

2 l. Μπνία, εννής, ατέκμντμαινούτε 3 l. Φτία $\langle \dots ? \rangle$  μφοί ναε 3, 8 l. 208 3 l. Ανέκινη 4 αίει  $\{xe\}$  5 l. Μπος τέφα-? 6 l. Χε ανχής πετέ νταν 7 l. Αρένιν νταμφώπε 8, 9 l. Χρέια 8 l.  $\{te\}$ ? 9 l. Μποού 10 l. Πενμέξε

- 1 [ ... ]...[...]
- and after we came north, your devoutness [...]
- 3 ... Phoiele/the field of Le for you in any way. The brothers ... [...]
- in the midst of everyone. God knows that I came (?) to you [...]
- 5 my devout lord father order[s/ed?] it ... [...]
- 6 in on us (ε20γN ε×ωΝ?) because we sold what was ours until we came ... [...]
- 7 ... us according to the opinion that has arisen amongst you. They did not give Acôr [...]
- 8 need[ed?] to work, we gave ... [...]
- because of the lack of  $ak\hat{e}$ , they did not give it to us. These things we write [...]
- and remember us in your holy prayers, our lo[rd ...]

3. QTIA M-: the interpretation of this word or combination of words is obscure.

Φοι ελε: literally the 'field of le', involving the same component, λε, as πμληλε (I.13).

NTAYEI[: either involves a relative past tense form NTAY-, followed by a verb ει or ει[...]; or may be restored NTAYEIT 'of Taueit (David)'?

7. προς πλοχε: for a similar usage of δόξον, compare προς τοχον μν προς τλοκιμάζια μπέκωτ, P.KRU 7.28.

λεφρ: literally 'Hagrite'; for this personal name, see NB Dem. 766 (hgr), and Heuser 34, 42, 45.

8. ..е-: read мпе-?

... ε εν τεσχριλ το νερνως: I have taken the το have been wrongly included by the scribe, who was possibly influenced by the common phrase το τεσχριλ το (numerous examples are listed at Förster WB χρεία). Is this reading better than - εν τεσχριλ τονερνως (for ντνορνως)?

ANTI: read EANTI?

COYMNTE: looks like 'day fifteen'!

AYKA[...]: a reading of AYKA[...] is also possible.

9. AKH: this word has been variously interpreted as a utensil or a product. Westendorf (KH 484) favours a link with ikyt (OKE) 'sesame', whereas Cerny (CED 3) preferred ikyt 'instrument'. Crum posited that the

ament

century No. 20)

reused

ns and

occupation 2λμλκΗ in *P.Sarga* 171.5 may designate an iron tool-maker, suggesting a connection with ἀκίς, 'pointed object, needle, arrow'; see No. **65** ad 1. 6 for this title. In BL Or. 6201B (66), an unpublished Coptic document from the same collection as the present text, λκΗ is spoken of in connection with a quantity of wine, λλκοοτε ΝΗΡΠ 21 ΤΕΥλΚΗ (cited in Crum, *Dict.*, p. xv addendum to p. 3b λκΗ). If 21 is to be interpreted in this text as 'in' rather than 'on' or 'and' (Crum, *Dict.* 643a), then it may be that an λκΗ was a container used for wine.

The same text also mentions that argum tark nnitalamopoc, 'you took the akê from these unfortunates'. Two unpublished Turin ostraca provide further clues to the identification of akê: it could be purified—tbbo tark εbol, 'purify the akê' (Farina 426), and it could be found in a passage (πάροδος): τark μππαρ20Δος, 'the akê of the passage' (Farina 651). Both ostraca are cited by Crum (Dict., p. xv addendum to p. 3b arh) together with a Bodleian Library papyrus, MS d 203, which records what appears to be a plural form, arooye.

Three other occurrences of AKH are known to me: in *P.Fay.Copt.* 53 frag. B I. 3, and unpublished P.Mich. inv. 1200 (AYKAY AKH EBOA, I. 4, 'they dispatched  $ak\hat{e}$ '; [...] KA TAKH EBOA, I. 6, '[...] dispatch[ed?] the  $ak\hat{e}$ '), and inv. 4555 (ITAIO NAKE, 'the gift of  $ak\hat{e}$ ').

### 82

## LETTER (GREEK)

P.Camb. UL Michael. 830 side (A) text 2 236 × 138 mm Plate XXXV (script) 7th century Papyrus (see No. 45)

Preservation: The right-hand side of a 12-line text is preserved, with numerous small lacunae. This is the second text written on this side of the papyrus; 11 lines of an earlier text are now barely visible and so have not been transcribed. For the Coptic text subsequently written on the other side, see No. 45.

Palaeography: A large, right-sloping, fluent cursive hand, similar to 7th-century hands such as that found in *CPR* XIV 52.

Provenance: Unknown. Since this letter mentions '[(y)ou]r father, Abba Apollo' (I. 5), and the other side of the papyrus was reused for an *Our father*-formula text (No. 45), it may well be that this text originates at Bawit.

Acquisition: As No. 45.

$\rightarrow$	
1	[ ] ἐν Χριστῶ· ἀσπάζομαι τὴν ὑμετέραν
2	[ εὖ πρά]ττουσαν · ε σι ὁ ὁσίος λαὸς ἐπί
3	[ ] ω καὶ ἀφ ου ὑμῶν οἴκου
4	[ ] μέχρι μικροῦ οὕτως
5	[ ὁ ἡ-/ὑμέτερ]ος πατὴρ "Αββα ' Απολλω διαφυλάξαι
6	[ ύμα]ς εὖ πράττοντες γεωργῖν
7	[ ἔ]στειλα πρὸς ὑμᾶς ὀφίλοντα
8	[ εἰς?] χρείαν τοῦ ὁσίου λαοῦ καὶ τῶν
9	[ ] ήμας συνελθεῖν αὐτῷ σύν
10	[ ] καὶ ἡμῖν συγχωρῆσαι αὐτόν
11	[ ἐν] τούτῳ ὤσπερ καὶ ἐν ἄπασιν
12	[ ] ἐν Κυρίφ <del>†</del>

6 πράττοντας γεωργείν 7 ὀφείλοντα

εὖ πρά]ττοι ε σι: can καί right.
 ὁ ὅσιος λαός it may stand

4. μέχρι μικρο

10. ήμιν: or r

IT IS OUR FAT

BM EA 753( Plate XXXIV

Preservation Palaeograph Acquisition:

21. MM

1 2

3

1	[]	in	Christ, I	salute	yo	ur
_	-			_	-	

- 2 [... prosperling ... the holy people ...
- 3 [...] ... your house
- 4 [...]... until a little (?) so
- 5 [... (y)ou]r father, Abba Apollo watch over
- 6 [... yo]u, doing well to farm (?)
- 7 [... I have] sent to you, being owed (?)
- 8 [... for?] need of the holy people and of the
- 9 [...] ... us to come together with him with
- 10 [...]... and to us to permit him/it(?)
- 11 [... in] this as in everything
- 12 |...| in <the> Lord +

2. εὖ πρά]ττουσαν: restore before this an abstract noun such as φιλανθρωπίαν, 'philanthropy'? ε σι: can καί be read instead? Klaas Worp suggested reading ἐπεί but could not convince himself it was right.

ὁ ὅσιος λαός occurs in SB VIII 9807 where it is suggested that it refers to the Jews or the Christians. Here it may stand for the monastic community.

4. μέχρι μικροῦ: not attested in the Duke Database of Documentary Papyri.

10. ἡμῖν: or read νῦν as Klaas Worp suggests.

### 83

### FRAGMENTARY DOCUMENT

BM EA 75301 side (A) Plate XXXIV

SO

nd

tes

 $28 \times 106 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 67)

Preservation: The left-hand side of 4 central lines of this text is preserved. Palaeography: A large, right-sloping majuscule hand with some ligatures. Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12.

<b>V</b>			
1	т[		]
2	ΜΜΟΒ (ὑπὲρ) ς ἰνδ(ικτίωνος)	пеже	их[е …]
3	∝ε εις εμμ⊥ε ολνιεινί[		]
4	[ ]. <u>π</u> π[		]

2 l. ΜΜΟΨ ὑπέρ =  $\checkmark$  pap.,  $ινδ_{/}$  pap.

- 1 ...[...]
- 2 it/him for indiction 6. Said [...]
- 3 Behold, you have [...]
- 4 [...] ... [...]

## END OF A CONTRACT?

P.Louvre E 27616 side (A) Plate XXXIV

 $39 \times 167 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 9)

Preservation: The left-hand side of 4 lines from the final part of this text is preserved. Traces of an earlier text are preserved, most noticeably in between 11. 2–3 of the later text. The other side of this papyrus was later used for No. 9.

Palaeography: A right-sloping majuscule which employs few ligatures.

Provenance: Excavated at Bawit by Jean Clédat.

Acquisition: Donated to the Louvre in October 1993 by Clédat's daughter, Mme Jean Mallet (personal communication, Dominique Bénazeth, 18/11/2002).

Bibliography: Edited by Boud'hors (1995: 33–34); reproduced by Clédat (1999: 349, plate 310, middle), and in *L'Égypte en Périgord* (catalogue item 22.2, plate 99, middle).

Only the names of the scribe of, and some of the signatories to, this contract are preserved. One signatory begins his declaration with the formula ANOK MACON [NN] (see *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 20); another is from Tepôt in the Hermopolite nome (I.13).

- <sup>↓</sup>
  1 .[±3] ±5 [±6].[±4].[ ... ]
- 2 mac aya aiceai ntagix  $\uparrow$  anok fiac[on NN ...]
- 3 MN HACON  $\phi$ IB NTEHOT AYO  $\overline{MN}[...]$
- 4 [十] λνοκ παπα πτολεμαι αγκορώτ α[ic2ai 2αρφογ? ...]
- 1 [...] ... [...]
- 2 ... and I wrote with my hand. † I, broth[er (pason) NN ...]
- and brother (pason) Phib from Tepôt, and [...]
- 4 [中] I, Papa Ptolemai, was asked and I [wrote on their behalf? ...]
- 3. λγω MN: Crum (Dict. 20a, λγω, part iv) suggested that this seemingly tautologous usage may be archaic.
- 4. [†] ¬NOK ПАПА ПТОЛЕМАІ: the ed. pr. read [±5] АПА ПТОЛЕМАІ (Boud'hors 1995: 34). A Papa Ptolemy is commemorated in an inscription from the north wall of Bawit 'chapelle 55' (Clédat 1999: 151, ПАПА: ТЕЛЕМН), and Pteleme in the Bawit inscriptions (Maspero and Drioton 1931–43: Nos. 225, 231, 343). A Papa Ptolemai also occurs in P.HengstenbergCopt. 4, text II, together with someone called Papohe, a name thought by Crum to be 'common at Bawit' (P.Ryl.Copt. 237). Ptolemies also occur in P.Mon.Apollo 27.24, 48.7.

85

# LIST OF PAYMENTS

P.Camb. UL Green 8 side (A) Plate XXXVI

 $165 \times 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 10)

Preservation: The central part of the last 13 lines of this text is preserved, with only part of the bottom margin extant; later the papyrus was reused for No. 10, which was written at 180° to the present text.

Palaeograforms. N

Provenal this papy Acquisit Bibliogr

List of palso mer

2

3. ±2: w 6. 21×N Possibly

7. εγτα 9. ].ογΝ 10. κελ XTS

tury

lier

vas

nal

m

Palaeography: A mixed hand, employing occasionally elaborate majuscule forms with some cursive forms. Noteworthy are  $\triangle$  (l. 2) and  $\triangle$  (l. 6), both of which feature serifs.

Provenance: Unknown. The presence of Keri's signature (I.11) on the document subsequently written on this papyrus, No. 10, suggests that it was used at the Bawit monastery.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 13.

Bibliography: Transcribed by Kahle in the 1950s (KahlePap notebook 24).

List of payments to various individuals, including 'two alert watchmen' (l. 7). Compare No. 52 which also mentions the father of the field.

```
1
         ... ].
                  ±7 .2λΠε ±4 [...]
2
         ... ]NE600M ..T( )N A
3
     [ ... NE2\lambda]MO)HOYE — ..T( )N \lambda\pm2?
4
         ... ].16 ..T( )N B
5
         ... ]ρι πέκωτ με απολλώ εγέω.
6
       … ] в зіхи шьо́ — —[…]
7
     [ ... PE4]POEIC CNAY EYTO2P
8
         ... ]тєпістікос —
9
         ... ].ογνενμ.λτε —
10
       ... ]ΜΝ ΚΕλΚΆς ΜΠ ΠΙΦΤ ΜΦΟΪ
11
         ... ] MOOÏ MAKAPE MN ΠΙΦΤ ΜΟΟ[Ï ...]
12
     [... EKKA]HCIA CENTE 21[T]N HAHA .[...]
13
                          γί(νεται) () κ() σν[...]
```

2, 3, 4 ..<sup>т</sup> N pap. 7 l. торг 8 l. ппістікос 13 үу / к/ рар.

```
[...] ... for the ... [...]
1
2
       [...] the gardeners ... 4
3
       [... car penters — ... 4
4
       [...]...-2
5
       [...-|ri the builder and Apollo
6
       [...] on the door —
7
       |...| two alert watch men|
8
       [...o]f the pistikos —
9
       [...] ... —
10
       [...] and Kelkas (?) and the father of the field
11
       [...] of the field of Makare and the father of the fiel[d ...]
12
       [...] two [chur]ches through Papa [...]
13 (Greek:) [...]
                                 Total ... [...]
```

3.  $\pm 2$ : what is this? one of the letters is superscript, perhaps a  $\pi$ ?

9. ].OYNENM.ATE: is this the place name Nemhate which occurs in P.Mon.Apollo 51.4?

10. κελκλς: unattested personal name? Closest parallel = κελκε, Heuser 97, 123.

<sup>6. 21×</sup>N προ: literally 'upon the door', translated by analogy to current English usage 'to be on the door', possibly a variant of the title πλπρο, 'doorkeeper' (Crum, *Dict*. 289a po). The o is oversized.
7. εγτω2ρ: 'alert'.

## **END OF A LETTER**

BL Or. 6201B (241) side (A) text 1 Plate X

 $80 \times 130 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 19)

Preservation: The central part of the last 3 lines of this text are preserved, written in ink which is still very black. Beneath this text at 180° are 3 lines from the second text written on this papyrus; for the text written on the other side, see No. 19.

Palaeography: Large, informal, right-sloping majuscule hand which features a number of ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, pp. 10-11.

This fragment of the end of a letter employs the same formula as found in No. 88.2, NAI EIC2AI M'MOOY TIACHAZE ...

1 [...] ±3 [ ±5 ]..ωρ[] ±6 [...]
2 [...] κα Νεν...ν. ±2? αγω ναναεμ[...]
3 [...] ναὶ ειαεαὶ μ΄ μοογ τιααπάζ[ε ...]
1 [...] ... [...]
2 [...] ... and may he save [...]
3 [...] Writing these things, I salut[ε ...]

2. ขณ..พุн: Teshnê?

#### 87

# END OF A LETTER TO A SUPERIOR

BM EA inv. 75330 side (A) Plate XXXVII

 $115 \times 175 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Mid-brown papyrus (see No. 21)

Preservation: All but the left-hand edge of the last 9 lines of this text is preserved.

Palaeography: Experienced, right-sloping majuscule hand with some cursive forms and ligatures.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See *P.Mon.Apollo*, p. 12.

Much remains unclear in this fragment of the end of a private letter to a monastic superior; oil is mentioned, and the writer refers to the fact that he has come and greets his addressee and 'all the devout people', no doubt referring to a monastic community.

1 ±6 ҳүс. инти итетиеби телку[іы ...]

- 2  $T...ce\pm 4$ 0ychc oyn ak6 $\phi$   $\overline{N}$ 2paï Tai[...]
- 3 ийоой етве ойфим енез фунтевсыве і...]
- 4 ΝΜΟΥΝ.. ŅΗΤ $\overline{N}$  επες  $\overline{N}$  εχ $\overline{M}$  εχ $\overline{M}$  10 γω[ $\overline{M}$ ]
- 5 νπνούτε τινήν εφφτ επέτητ ταπροτκλύ[ει]
- 6 Ντετνεμντχοεις Νειστ μη πλλός [ΤΗΡΚ]

IT IS O

6. пҳл

P.Yal. P.CtY No Pl

Presento write 51 in Palae

Prove Acqui Biblio

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. 21)

il is vout

- 7 ΠΜΑΪΝΟΥΤΕ ΤΑΧΙ ΠΕΤΝΕΌΜΟΥ ΑΥ.[...]
- 8 NËMHL $\underline{M}$   $\downarrow$  enyolæy thb $\underline{M}$  sith [netne-]
- 9 ϢλΗλ ΕΤΟΥΆΑΚ ΠΝΧΌΕΙΟ ΝΕΙΦΤ Τ

1,6,8 l.  $\overline{\text{NT}}$ ет $\overline{\text{N}}$ - 3 l.  $\overline{\text{M}}$ ПООУ, l.  $\overline{\text{NN}}$  E2 Фантечерче 5 l.  $\overline{\text{M}}$ ПНОУТЕ

6 l. тнр $\overline{q}$  7 l.  $\overline{m}$ ма $\overline{n}$ ноуте  $\overline{n}$ тах $\overline{n}$ ет $\overline{n}$ - 8 l.  $\overline{n}$ ммн $\overline{n}$  9 l.  $\overline{n}$ ел-

- 1 ... [...] to you and you find the oppor[tunity ...]
- 2 ... he remained (?)... [...]
- 3 today about a small (amount of) oil until he has time [to ...]
- 4 ... down to you. By the will!
- of God, I myself and coming down and will greet
- 6 your lordship father and [all] the devout people
- 7 and I will receive your blessing ... [...]
- 8 with you † We shall all farewell through [your]
- 9 holy prayers, our lord father †

6. падос [тнрв]: for several occurrences of this phrase, see Förster WB λαός.

### 88

### END OF A LETTER

P.YaleCopt. 28
P.CtYBR inv. 2037 side (B)
No Plate

 $69 \times 160 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 51)

Preservation: The left-hand side of the final 2 lines of this text is preserved; later the papyrus was reused to write No. 51. The two texts are separate, despite the present text being interpreted as the address of No. 51 in the *ed. pr.* (see below).

Palaeography: A small, right-sloping semi-cursive hand.

Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

Bibliography: Edited in *P.YaleCopt.*, p. 50 as No. 28. [A scan of this papyrus can be found on the web at <a href="http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2037>.">http://highway49.library.yale.edu/papyrus/oneSet.asp?pid=2037>.</a>]

A reference to the city of Antinoe is the only detail of interest preserved in the final fragment of this letter. It employs the same formula as found in No. 86.3, NAI GICZAI M MOOY TIACHAZE ...

- † ±12 τ ±3 ογμονίο [ ±5 ]..[...]
- 2 NA9 ΦA ANTINOOY NAI EICZĄΪ M MOOY TIACΠ[AZE ...]
- 1 ... [...]
- to him, to Antinoou. Writing these things, I sal[ute ...]
- 1. This line was not transcribed in the ed. pr.

## FRAGMENT

BM EA 75308 side (A) Plate XXXVIII  $80 \times 272 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 7th–8th century Papyrus (see No. **50**)

Preservation: The right-hand side of the final 6 lines of this text is preserved; later the papyrus was used for No. 50.

Palaeography: Large, informal, right-sloping mainly majuscule hand which employs some cursive forms. Provenance: Unknown.

Acquisition: See P.Mon.Apollo, p. 12.

The writer of this now fragmentary letter invokes Apa Apollo, probably to bless his addressee.

$\downarrow$	
1	[ ±18
2	[ ]n nelnedyhy ėlolyyr
3	[]εππαγτ[ ±3 ].ΜΝ.ΫΓ.[.]ός απά [α]πολλω τησολ ολήος
4	[]e.ywm[] $\pi$ anw[ $\pm 2$ ] $00$ y ayw anay etke tepmeci a
5	[]. Nanzaaфma nay n.[ $\pm 2$ ] $ m ne + оухаі гм пхо m e[і]с +$
6	[]. NГЕ́NЄ́ІА N.[.]м ±3 [±2]П. Ӈ

 $2 l. \overline{\text{N}} \text{Te} \overline{\text{N}} - 4.^{\omega} e. pap. l. \text{TPIMHCION}??$ 

- 1 [...]...[...]
- 2 [...] ... your holy prayers
- 3 [...] ... Apa Apollo send a great
- 4 [...] ... and see, about 1 tremissis??
- 5 [...] expenses to them ... † Farewell in the Lord. †
- [...]... 廿
- 3. eππλγτ: [SJC wondered whether the γ could be read differently]. λΓ.[.]oc: read (2)λΓιος, 'saint'?
- 4. τερμέσι λ: very uncertain—note that Förster WB does not record this form of τριμήσιον; the M is hard to read. Perhaps the final sign could be read not as an alpha, but an open beta.
- 6. ΓΕΝΕΙΑ: perhaps a form of γενεά?

90

# FRAGMENTARY LETTER

P.Vindob. K 11394 side (A) Plate XXXIX

 $70 \times 90 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 71)

Preservation: The right-hand side of what may have been a 3-line text is preserved.

Palaeography: A confident, right-sloping, essentially majuscule hand with a few cursive forms.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See **I.15**.

This frag

IT IS OUR

religious reverence epithet oo

1 *l*.

P.Vindob Plate XX

Palaeogra Provenan Acquisiti Only the

Preservat

1 .,

4. п<sub>а</sub>пак

century No. **50**)

as used

forms.

is hard

No. 71)

This fragmentary letter mentions a theft of utensils, and may have been addressed to a high-ranking religious official such as the head of a monastery, judging from the use of the title τεκ20ClΦτHC, 'your reverence' (l. 3). Compare *P.Bal.* 208 in which a *proestôs* is addressed in this way (l. 10). Similarly, the epithet ὁσιώτατος is commonly used when addressing bishops (Förster *WB*).

1 [ ... ]2ΦΕΤ ΝΥΣΚΗΥΕ
2 [ ... ]ΑΨΙ ΟΥΝ ΕΡΟΟΥ ΝΤΕΤΝΕΙΡ.[...]
3 [... ΑΣΠΑ?]ΖΕ ΝΤΕΚ2ΟΣΙΦΤΗΣ ΝΕ[ΙΦΤ? ...]
1 l. 2ΦΨΤ 2 l. ΝΤΕΤΝ- 3 l. 2ΟΣΙΟΤΗΣ

1 [... | stole his utensils
2 [... | he then went to them and you ... |... |
3 [... salu]te your reverence f[ather? ... |

#### 91

### FRAGMENTARY END OF A GUARANTEE

P.Vindob. K 11383 side (A)
Plate XXXIX

 $43 \times 125 \text{ mm}$ 

(script) 8th century Light brown papyrus (see No. 42)

Preservation: The central part of 4 lines of this text is preserved. Palaeography: An erratic, but not inexpert, semi-cursive hand.

Provenance: Unknown. Acquisition: See **I.15**.

Only the final part with the dating formula and witnesses' signatures is preserved of this guarantee.

1 [ ... ]...() ±4 κικτ(ωρ)[...]
2 [...]. ΝθΗ εθCΗ2 ΜΟΟ Νλλαγ ΝΑΦΟΙΒΟλίλ [...]
3 [... ἀσ]φαλίας μηνὸς Φαωφ(ι) κε = ἰνδικ(τίωνος) ϊε λΝΟ[κ ...]
4 [...] Τ΄ ΑΝΟΚ ΑΒΡΆΑΜ ΠΟΘΕΝ ΠΑΝΑΚΕ ΑΝ[ΟΚ ...]
1 ... ραρ. κικτ. ραρ. 2 l. μμος l. λμφιβολίλ 3 l. ἀσφαλείας, ινδικ. ραρ.
1 [... ] ... Vikt(or) [...]
2 [... ] as it was written, without any objection [...]
3 (Greek:) [... gu]arantee, in the month of Phaophi, (day) 25 //, indiction 15. (Coptic:) I [...]

4. панаке: for the name Panake, see Heuser 85, 90.

[...] + I, Abraam, son of Panake, I [...]

PART III

**INDEXES** 

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5. Titles

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9. Taxes

10. Genera

11. Genera

# 1. Person

ABPARAM AMMONE ANAPEAC

ΝΟΥΠ

λΠλ ...

ATTA ABP2

ΑΠΑ ΒΕΚΤ

АПА Ï(D2) АПА К.[

λΠλ ΚλΟ

апа коа. апа курі

АПА NO6 АПА ПЕТ

апа фоів

Φλλοπλ ΙΦλλοπλ

yaai yaai

RHN6 RYNON

BIKTOP PEPMANO

LEBONLCE LEMBLE

LEOPLIOC TYALELL

AANIHA AAMIANO(

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- 2. Place names
- 3. Months
- 4. Religion
- 5. Titles
- 6. Professions, trades and occupations
- 7. Weights and measures
- 8. Money
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- 10. General (Coptic)
- 11. General (Greek)

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αλλοπλ Απλ	<b>77</b> .2; <b>82</b> .5; <b>89</b> .3
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	IND
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**Ө**ЕИН

3. Μ. Αθύρ Θώθ

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IT IS OUR FATH
ἀπαρχή
ΑΠΑΡΧ

δημόσιον ΤΕΜΟΟ εἰσβατικόν

10. General

MA26

ANOK AYO

Aq (bee)

80X 680Υ

6-6PO= 6BIGIT 6KOT

€PTO9 €MNT €CHT

€П€СНТ €Т-

€90000 €90000 €80000

НЪЦ

61

NHOY

EIME EIME

127 IT IS OUR FATHER WHO WRITES άπαρχή 24.4 апарх δημόσιον 22.4 темос€ **77**.3 είσβατικόν 10. General (Coptic) 81.9 AKH 9.2; 10.5; 11.3 AMARE (AMARTE) 3.2; 5.2; 10.3 MA26 **73**.6; **76**.1; **77**.1; **84**.2, 4; **91**.3, 4 ANOK **4.**5; **29.**7; **31.**5; **37.**4, 12; **40.**3, 4; **55.**4; **63.**3; **74.**5; **75.**3, 4; **77.**3; WYA 81.2, 8, 10; 84.2, 3; 86.2; 87.4; 89.4 75.2 A4 (bee) 29.5; 58.5 вшк BOX **6**.5; **35**.6; **55**.5; **58**.4; **59**.3, 4; **81**.6 ebox6-74.4; 75.4; 80.5 €PO= see index 6 ERIEIT see index 6 ek $\omega$ T see index 7 (s.v. ἀρτάβη) **ЕРТО**Ч **66**.3 **EMNT** €СНТ 87.4, 5 епеснт 1.2; 2.1; 3.1; 4.1; 5.1; 6.1; 7.1; 8.1; 9.1; 10.1; 11.1; 12.1; 13.1; 14.1; **€T-15**.1; **16**.1; **17**.2; **18**.1; **19**.2; **20**.1; **21**.2; **22**.1, 7; **23**.1; **24**.1; **25**.1; 26.1; 27.2; 28.1; 29.1; 30.2; 31.1; 32.1; 33.1; 34.1; 36.2; 37.1; 38.1; 39.1; 41.1; 43.2; 44.1; 45.1; 46.2; 47.2; 48.1; 49.1; 50.1; 51.1; 52.1; 53.1; 54.1; 55.1; 56.1; 57.1; 58.1; 59.1; 60.1; 61.1; 62.1; 63.1; 64.1; **65**.1; **66**.2; **67**.1; **68**.2; **69**.1; **70**.1; **71**.1; **72**.3; **73**.7; **74**.2, 6; **76**.4; **79**.2; **81**.10; **87**.9; **89**.2 **55**.5; **81**.9; **87**.3; **89**.4 етке-21.4  $\epsilon$   $\alpha$   $\alpha$   $\alpha$ see 20YN **ESOAN** 14.2; 16.3; 37.14; 39.3; 40.3; 41.3; 47.4; 60.3; 75.1 нрп 1.5; 4.4; 11.3; 12.4. 15.2; 35.6; 52.5; 59.3; 81.4, 6  $\epsilon_1$ 22.3; 90.2 81.2 ИНОҮ 21.5 616 **53**.2 (100) EIW (ass)

**29**.7

73.5

етме

етие

EXES

```
€1P€
                                      26.3; 37.7; 49.3; 81.10
     API-
                                      73.1; 81.8 (?)
     P-
                                      73.6;
     €P-
                                      1.4; 4.2; 12.4; 15.2; 21.6; 22.2; 25.2; 54.3; 55.2; 56.2; 83.3
610
                                      1.2; 2.1; 3.1; 4.1; 5.1; 6.1; 7.1; 8.1; 9.1; 10.1; 11.1; 12.1; 13.1; 14.1;
EIWT
                                      15.1; 16.1; 17.2; 18.1; 19.2; 20.1; 21.2; 23.1; 24.1; 25.1; 26.1; 27.1;
                                      28.1; 29.1; 30.2; 31.1; 32.1; 33.1; 34.1; 35.1; 36.2; 37.1; 38.1; 39.1;
                                      40.1; 41.1; 42.1; 43.2; 44.1; 45.1; 46.2; 47.2; 48.1; 49.1; 50.1, 6;
                                      51.1; 52.1, 3; 53.1; 54.1; 55.1; 56.1; 57.1; 58.1; 59.1; 60.1; 61.1;
                                      62.1, 4; 63.1; 64.1; 65.1; 66.2; 67.1; 68.2; 69.1; 70.1; 71.1; 72.3;
                                      74.2, 3; 76.4; 77.2; 79.5, 8; 81.5; 85.10, 11; 87.6, 9; 90.3
                                      59.2
      ειωτε (pl.)
                                      29.3
EIOT (barley)
KOD
                                      6.5
      KA
                                      24.3
      KH
                                      52.2
KAOM
KOPQ)
                                      84.4
      KOPOT
                                      15.2, 4; 85.5
κωτ, εκωτ
кштє
      KOT=
                                      6.5; 10.3; 11.2; 24.2; 32.2; 33.3
κογϊ
                                      29.6
KA2
                                       48.3:63.2
λΟ
                                       50.4, 8
γεγωςε (γιγοοςε)
                                       55.5
λλΜϪλΤΠ
                                       29.3; 77.3; 81.3; 91.2
AAAY
                                       5.3; 13.2, 3; 16.3; 23.2; 29.3; 31.6; 36.5; 62.2
MA
                                       72.3; 77.2; 81.2, 5; 87.7
MAI-
MEPIT (ME)
                                       37.2
\overline{M}N
                                       6.2; 8.2, 3; 15.2; 16.2; 17.2; 24.2; 27.6; 32.2; 37.11; 38.3; 49.5, 6;
                                       50.2, 4, 5; 54.5; 55.2; 77.4; 79.2, 5; 80.6; 84.3; 85.10, 11; 87.6
                                       54.5
      MNN
                                       85.5
      ме
MNNCA-
      MNCA-
                                       81.2
MAEIN
                                       75.4
MNT- (prefix forming abstracts)
                                       74.3; 79.2, 4, 8; 87.6
                                       81.2
 мпі-
       ипеі-
                                       77.3
МПР-
                                       52.5; 73.6
       ипер-
                                       3.2; 5.2; 9.2; 10.2, 5; 47.4
```

IT IS OUR F

NП€) МПФ МПФ) А

MACE
MHT (10)
MHT
MEN
MNT

MHTE

M€€Y€ MOOÛ€ MOY2 M€€Y€

NIM

NCA-

NANOY=

NCO NOYTE NAY ANA' NEE9 NE2 NA2

Модх Модх Модх

NH2

CAPN

CAPO COPO OK€ AK[.]

061K

ON

NA- (<sub>|</sub>ПАЇ, ТАЇ, NПАФЕ ПЕХЕ-

P0

(ES

1.1;

6:

6;

```
11.3
    \overline{N}\Pi P-
                              48.2
    ипех-
                              58.6
    МПФР
                              1.4 (ємпа)х); 80.5
A (D) IM
                              71.2
MACE
мнт (10)
                              36.4; 43.3
  мнтє
                              37.8
    MENT-
                              44.3; 78.3
   MNT-
                              81.4, 7
мнтє
                              81.10 (мноує)
MEEYE
                              74.4 (MHQ)€)
мнна)€
                              48.5
мооф€
моүг
                              37.13; 54.6
   ME3
                              74.6; 81.4
NIM
                              43.3 (NANOOY)
NANOY=
                              47.3; 49.4; 75.5
NCA-
                              15.3; 18.4; 54.7; 58.3 (COOYTN), 58.5 (COOYTN)
    NC \omega =
                               see index 4
NOYTE
                               80.5
NAY
                               11.2; 89.4
    ANAY
                               see index 6
иееч
                               37.12; 54.6; 55.3; 87.3
иез
                               40.5
    NA2
                               75.4
    NH2
                               20.2; 40.5
    CYDNH5 (N€5)
                               86.2
MSYON
                               21.7
моүж
                               50.6; 53.2; 89.3
NO6
                               2.3; 35.5; 36.4; 37.9
061K
                               2.2
  CAPOEIK
                               40.4
  COPOEIK
ok€
                               65.6 (2AMAK[.])
     λK[.]
                               51.3
ON
                               5.3; 13.2; 14.4; 16.3; 23.2; 25.9; 27.9; 29.2; 36.5; 42.2, 3; 44.5;
ПА-
                               60.2; 62.2; 63.1
                               50.19
 NA- (pl.)
                               1.4; 12.3; 22.6; 73.6; 81.9
ΠΑΪ, ΤΑΪ, ΝΑΪ
                               4.7; 7.3; 8.4; 47.3; 77.4
пуфе
                               83.2
пеже-
                               85.6
```

0

01

```
14.3; 19.4; 21.3; 43.4; 55.5; 72.1; 75.5; 79.4
рфме
                                    9.2; 51.3;
     РФМ-
     PE4-
                                    37.3; 40.3 (PEB-); 50.14 (P9-), 17 (P9-); 63.2 (P9-); 85.7
                                    1.4; 9.3; 12.3; 22.6; 74.4
РОМПЕ
PIP
                                    5.3
     MANNEPIP
POEIC
                                    50.18
                                    40.3; 63.2; 85.7
     речроетс
                                    59.4
PACTE
рточ
                                    see index 7 (s.v. ἀρτάβη)
b an an e
                                    73.1
                                    see pwme
PE9-
byst (bose)
                                    78.2
CA (N-)
                                    see index 6
coy- (day)
                                    22.5
сфк
                                    24.3 (СФК АПАРХН)
CIKE (grind)
                                    16.4
CMINE
                                    79.7
  CMN-
                                    4.6
  CMNT-
смоү
                                    50.7; 87.7
CON
                                    see index 4
CNAY
                                    12.4; 34.3; 37.11, 13; 85.7
     CENTE
                                    42.2; 85.12
     CNTE
                                    21.3
    -CNOOYC€
                                    44.4; 78.3
CNOY9
                                    10.4
                                    73.2
сеепе
CAP-, COP-
                                    see index 6
COPT
                                    43.3; 49.3
CP46
                                    87.3 (CPB€)
COT (manure)
                                    27.9
CITE
                                    29.6
     CAT=
COT9
                                    37.14
COOY
                                    30.3
     CAY
                                    40.3
     сфол
                                    40.4; 54.7
COYO
                                    17.4; 18.2
COOYN
                                    79.5; 81.4
CZĄÏ
                                    1.2; 2.1; 3.1; 4.1; 5.1; 6.1; 7.1; 8.1; 9.1; 10.1; 11.1; 12.1; 13.1; 14.1;
                                    15.1; 16.1; 17.2; 18.1; 19.2; 20.1; 21.2; 22.1, 7; 23.1; 24.1; 25.1;
                                    26.2; 27.2; 28.1; 29.1; 30.2; 31.1; 32.1; 33.1; 34.1; 35.1; 36.2; 37.1;
                                    38.1; 39.1; 40.1; 41.1; 42.1; 43.2; 44.1; 45.1; 46.2; 47.2; 48.1; 49.1;
                                    50.1; 51.1; 52.1; 53.1; 54.1; 55.1; 56.1; 57.1; 58.1; 59.1; 60.1;
                                    61.1; 62.1; 63.1; 64.1; 65.1; 66.2; 67.1; 68.2; 69.1; 70.1; 71.1; 73.5,
                                    6; 74.5; 76.4; 79.6; 81.9; 84.2, 4; 86.3; 88.2
```

4.1;

7.1;

9.1;

0.1;

3.5,

```
15.3; 49.4; 91.2
     CH<sub>5</sub>
                                     73.7; 74.2, 6
     CZAÏ, n.
                                     see index 5
     CA2
case
                                     13.2
     CAU)T-
                                     see index 6
     CY5600AN€
                                     2.2; 4.5; 6.4, 6; 7.3; 8.4; 13.2; 16.2; 17.3; 18.2; 19.3; 20.2; 21.3;
TI
                                     23.3; 24.2; 26.4; 27.5; 28.2; 29.8; 30.3; 32.2; 33.2; 34.3; 36.3; 37.8;
                                     38.2; 39.2; 40.2, 3, 4; 41.3; 42.2; 43.3, 4; 44.3; 45.2; 46.3; 47.4;
                                     50.17; 52.2; 60.2; 71.2; 73.4; 75.1, 3; 77.3; 81.7, 8
                                     1.4; 15.3; 35.5; 49.6; 50.11; 52.4; 81.9
      T\lambda\lambda^{=}
                                     27.7
TET
                                     26.5
      TEBT
                                     1.4; 12.3; 22.6
TAI (demonstr.)
TAEIO
                                     74.2 (ETTAÏ)
      ETTAIHY
TNNOOY
                                      21.5; 50.9; 54.4; 55.3; 74.3 (TNOY<sup>=</sup>); 80.1
      TNOOY=
                                      55.4; 75.5; 89.3
      TNOOY-
TOPE
                                      22.3
     ETOT=
                                      1.5; 12.4; 15.2
     \varepsilon TOOT=
                                      14.3
     NTOOT=
                                      4.4
     TOOT=
                                      77.2
     2ITOOT=
                                      7.6; 54.7; 61.3; 62.4; 73.7 (21TEN-); 74.6; 85.12; 87.8
      21TN-
                                      59.2
     2ATN-
TPIM
                                      30.4
      APIM
toy (five)
                                      37.8; 54.3
      -TH
τοογ (mountain)
                                      11.2
                                      85.7
48 TO SP
                                      54.4
TA2T
                                      13.3
TW6
                                      20.3, 4
ογοεϊε
                                      see index 6
 OYOEIEMACE
                                      83.3
 OYNTE-
                                      81.4
 мии иоуо
 ΥΟΝΥΟ
                                      23.2; 31.2; 40.2; 58.2
      TEYNOY
 ΠΟΥΟ
                                      72.3; 81.10; 87.9; 89.2
      \varepsilonTOYAAB
                                      29.8
 ОҮНР
                                      19.3 (оүотє); 32.2; 33.4
 оуоотє
                                      73.4; 79.1; 87.4
 (DOYO)
```

oyawep	<b>26</b> .6
ογΦ2	73.2
ογχλϊ	<b>73</b> .7; <b>74</b> .6; <b>87</b> .8; <b>89</b> .5
ων ε	<b>15</b> .2, 3, 6, 7
πΦ	
ОП=	8.6; 73.5
(Until)	55.4
(be worth)	21.4
Φ.ε	<b>31</b> .4; <b>50</b> .16
ФH	<b>39</b> .3
фноλε	<b>85</b> .3
0)€1	<b>39.2</b> ; <b>40.</b> 3
Φωλκ	36.5
<b>Ϣ</b> λΗλ	<b>81</b> .10; <b>87</b> .9; <b>89</b> .2
Ϣλλιογ	see index 5
Фнм	87.3
Фмфе	37.3
Фмоли	38.2; 39.2; 40.2
фомит	17.4
фомет	35.4
фомтє	<b>25</b> .5
Ø)IN€	<b>47</b> .3; <b>54</b> .6
<b>(3)</b> N H	<b>19</b> .3 (?); <b>23</b> .3 (?); <b>65</b> .4; <b>78</b> .2
фоите (ффит)	<b>21</b> .3
фоше	<b>79</b> .2 (அ௦௦ௗ); <b>81</b> .7 (அஶп)
α)нь€	1.2; 2.1; 3.1; 4.1; 5.1; 6.1, 4, 5, 6; 7.1; 8.1; 9.1; 10.1; 11.1; 12.1;
	13.1; 15.1; 16.1; 17.2; 18.1; 19.2; 20.1; 21.2; 23.1; 24.1; 25.1; 26.2;
	28.1; 29.1; 30.2, 4; 31.1; 32.1; 33.2; 34.2; 35.2; 36.3; 38.1; 39.1;
	41.2; 42.1; 43.2; 44.2; 45.1; 46.2; 47.2; 48.1; 49.2; 50.1; 51.1; 52.1;
	53.1; 54.2; 55.1; 56.1; 57.2; 58.1; 59.1; 60.1; 62.1; 63.1; 64.2;
	<b>65</b> .1; <b>66</b> .2; <b>67</b> .2; <b>68</b> .3; <b>69</b> .2; <b>70</b> .2; <b>71</b> .1; <b>80</b> .6
феи-	<b>14</b> .3; <b>41</b> .4; <b>72</b> .1; <b>91</b> .4
⊕xx€	5.4
વા	
BIT=	12.5; 23.5
чтооү	16.2 (9TOOY NXOYOT); 18.2; 71.2
βτοογ	17.3 (B[TOOY]); 56.2
970	4.2, 7
RTO	41.3
-A9TE	<b>46</b> .3
2λ-	1.4; <b>4</b> .4, 7; <b>6</b> .4, 6; <b>25</b> .5; <b>78</b> .2; <b>79</b> .4
2APO=	12.5; 84.4
2€	51.2; 91.2

1T IS OUR FAT 21 210= 201 208

2009 2AM-2N 2M

20YN
620YN
2PE
2PEEY
2PAI

62PA1 N2PA1 2AP62 21C6

2ATH=
2A2TH2HT (north)
2OT6
2OïT6

2HHT€ 2ATN-

2HT (heart)

21TN-2TOOY 200Y 100Y N

209T

50,40

XI XH XM X

xK0 six0= sixN- ex0= x0

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....
```

ES

0.1;

1.2;

```
30.6
     51W=
                                      20.3; 52.3, 4; 64.4; 81.3; 85.10, 11
100
SMR
                                      1.3; 12.2; 81.3, 8
     2009
                                      31.4; 39.3; 50.16; 65.6 (2AMAKH); 85.3
2AM-
                                      1.3; 7.3; 12.2; 15.3; 30.5; 79.7; 81.3, 4, 7, 10
                                      73.4; 87.4; 89.5
     2M
                                      81.6
SOAN
                                      65.4
     ESOLN
36€
                                      31.3
      speen (bl.)
                                      12.2
2PA1
                                      1.3, 5; 52.5; 58.3
      EZPAI
                                      87.2
      Napai
                                      74.4
59488
                                      80.3
31CE
                                      80.3
2HT (heart)
                                      31.5
     2ATH=
                                      10.3
      2A2TH-
                                      81.2
2HT (north)
                                      40.2
SOLE
                                      24.3
50ite
                                      83.3
ЗННТЄ
                                      see TOPE
2ATN-
                                      see TOPE
-NTIS
                                      55.4
TOOY
                                      22.5; 35.5
YOOS
                                      22.4
      μοολ ησοολ
                                      21.4
5000
                                      90.1 (2WBT)
TPWS
                                      1.3;\ 2.2;\ 3.2;\ 4.2;\ 5.2;\ 7.3;\ 8.4;\ 9.2;\ 10.2;\ 11.2;\ 12.2;\ 13.2;\ 14.2;
X.E
                                       15.2; 16.2; 17.3; 18.2; 19.3; 20.2; 21.3; 22.2, 3; 23.2; 24.2; 25.2;
                                       26.3; 27.5; 28.2; 29.3, 7; 30.3; 31.2; 32.2; 33.2; 34.3; 35.3; 36.3;
                                       37.7; 38.2; 39.2; 40.2; 41.3; 44.3; 45.2; 46.3; 49.3; 50.3; 51.2; 52.2;
                                       53.2; 54.3; 55.2; 56.2; 59.2; 63.1; 65.3; 71.2; 73.2, 3, 4, 5; 75.5;
                                       79.5; 80.2; 81.4; 83.3
                                       42.2; 43.3
       \chi_{l}
                                       81.6
      xH
                                       48.2
      \chi_M
                                       73.6
       \mathbf{x}
                                       30.5
 x_0
 XW
                                       81.6
       exm_=
                                       85.6
       51XV-
                                       4.6
       21XW=
                                       81.6
 XKO
```

$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{\omega}\mathbf{\omega}\lambda\mathbf{\varepsilon}$	75.2 (xoo <sub>\lambda</sub> =)
×νογ	$75.5 (\times NOY^{=})$
X061C	<b>73</b> .3; <b>74</b> .2; <b>81</b> .5, 10; <b>87</b> .6, 9; <b>89</b> .5
ΧΟΥΦΤ	16.2
XOYT-	<b>46</b> .3; <b>54</b> .3
<b>Χ</b> 00Υ	<b>18</b> .3; <b>50</b> .6
XH6€	41.4
6W	4.5; 87.2
60 <b>\%</b> €	44.4
6€λ <b>₿</b> ₩Т	44.3
CA NEEABOT	see index 6
6X00TE	<b>50</b> .19
6 <b>0</b> M	
воом (pl.)	85.2
61NE	87.1 (6N-)
600 Y N €	<b>4.</b> 2, 3, 7
60 YN E	<b>28</b> .2
CA2600YNE (600YNE)	see index 6
6 <b>0</b> P6	<b>51</b> .2, 3
6OC	<b>65</b> .5
6AYON	73.2
61.X	84.2
60X <del>\( \alpha\)</del>	<b>73</b> .7; <b>74</b> .6
11 General (Greek)	

#### 11. General (Greek)

11. General (Green)	
άγαθός	37.4
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αἵρεσις	
2AIPECIC	<b>79</b> .7
ἀλλά	10.4; 52.5; 73.5
άλωμα	
AAWMA	89.5
άμελέω	<b>52</b> .5
άμφιβολία	
<b>Α</b> ΦΟΙΒΟλΙΑ	91.2
ἀνάλωμα	
ANDAASMA	89.5
άνδρισμός	see index 9
ανδρον	<b>66</b> .3
ἀνέχειν	<b>79</b> .8
ἀπαρχή	see index 9
<b>άπας</b>	<b>82</b> .11
ἀπό	<b>82</b> .3
<b>ἄρακος</b>	
APAKE	<b>20</b> .2; <b>28</b> .3
αρακ/	<b>20</b> .4–7

ὰσπάζ ὰσφάλ αὐτός γάρον γενεά Γεν γεωργι γίγνομ

IT IS OU

γι/
γνώσι
γράφο
εγρ
έγρ
δέκατ
τε
δημόσο
διά

διαφυ. δόξον ΑΟ εἰς εἶς εκ εν ενδέκο

ΕΝΑ Εντάγιι ΕΝΤ Επί Επιστολ εὖ εὐκαιρί

ίνδικτία 1Δ/ 1δ/ ίνδ

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Abbreviation and K.A. <a href="http://scr">http://scr</a> and A. Ka

S.J. Clack Oxford, pp

CrPap = Pa

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KahlePap = L'Égypte e

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#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

Abbreviations follow J.F. Oates, R.S. Bagnall, S.J. Clackson, A.A. O'Brien, J.D. Sosin, T.G. Wilfong, and K.A. Worp, *Checklist of Greek, Latin, Demotic and Coptic Papyri, Ostraca and Tablets*, <a href="http://scriptorium.lib.duke.edu/papyrus/texts/clist.html">http://scriptorium.lib.duke.edu/papyrus/texts/clist.html</a>, September, 2003; P.M. Sijpesteijn, J.F. Oates and A. Kaplony 'Checklist of Arabic Papyri', *BASP* 42 (2005) pp. 127-166; *L'Année philologique*; and S.J. Clackson, 2000. *Coptic and Greek Texts relating to the Hermopolite Monastery of Apa Apollo*. Oxford, pp. 158-162. Note also the following:

CrPap = Papers of Walter Ewing Crum in the archive of the Griffith Institute, Oxford

Cerny, J. CED = Coptic etymological dictionary. 1976. Cambridge

Erman, A. and Grapow, H. Wb = Wörterbuch der aegyptischen Sprache. 1926-1963. Leipzig/Berlin

Hommes et richesses = Hommes et richesses dans l'Empire byzantin. Vol. 1. IVe-VIIe siècle. 1989. Paris

KahlePap = Papers of Paul Kahle in the archive of the Griffith Institute, Oxford

L'Égypte en Périgord = L'Égypte en Périgord. Dans les pas de Jean Clédat 1991. Cahiers de la Bibliothèque copte 7. Paris/ Louvain

P.Leiden Papy. Inst. = Papyrus belonging to the collection of the Papyrologisch Instituut of Leiden University

P.Leiden RMO = Papyrus belonging to the collection of the Rijksmuseum van Oudeheden, Leiden

P.Leuven = Papyrus belonging to the collection of the Universiteitsbibliotheek of the Katholieke Universiteit Leuven

P.Louvain Lefort = Papyrus belonging to Louvain-la-Neuve, Archives de l'Université catholique de Louvain, Collection Lefort

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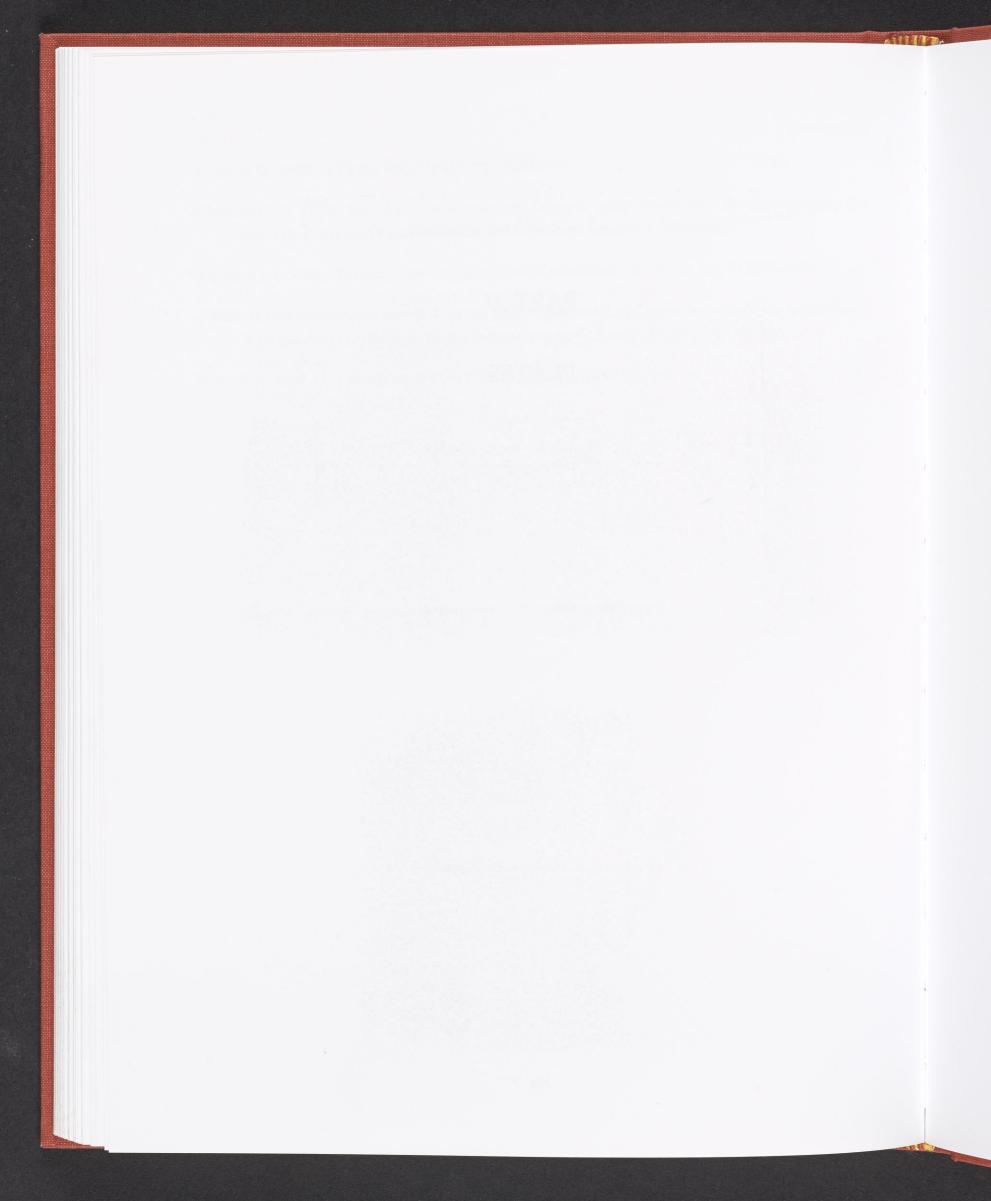
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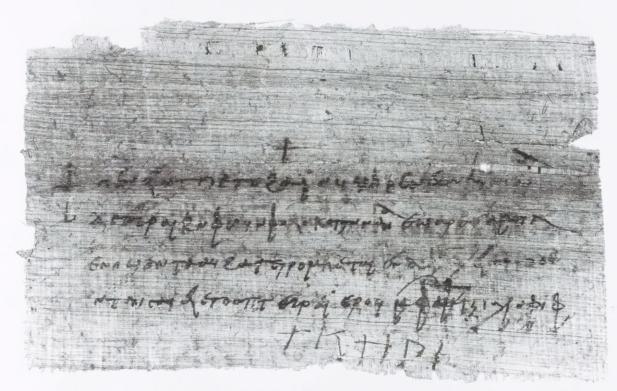
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PART V

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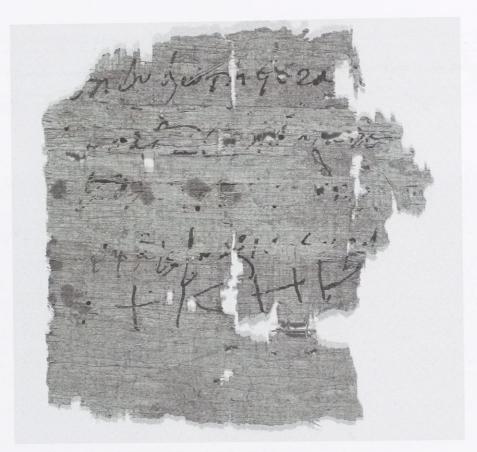




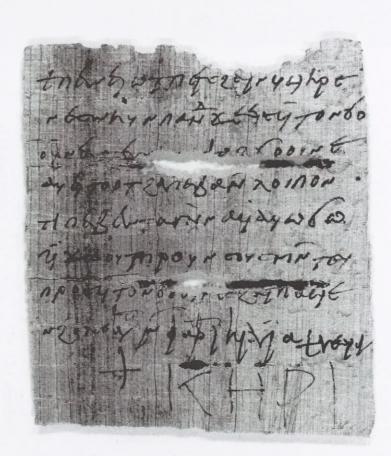
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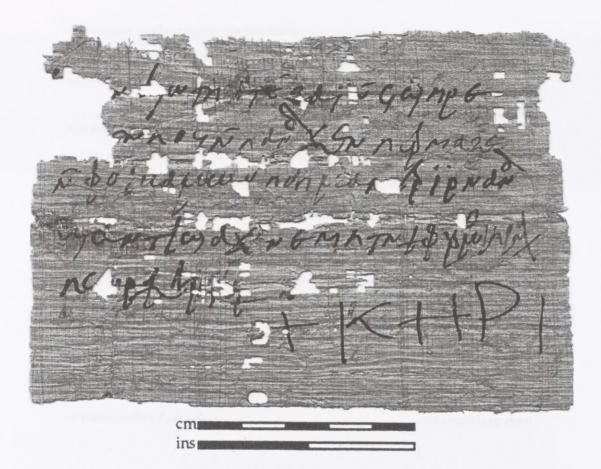
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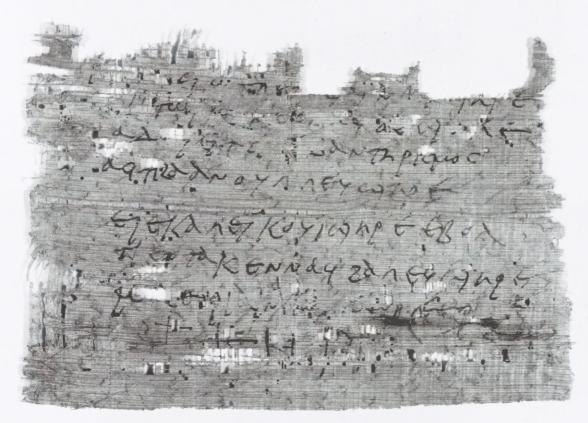
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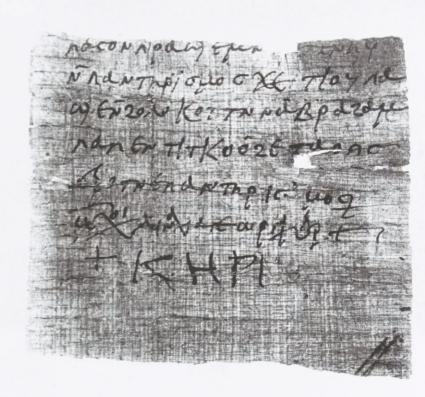
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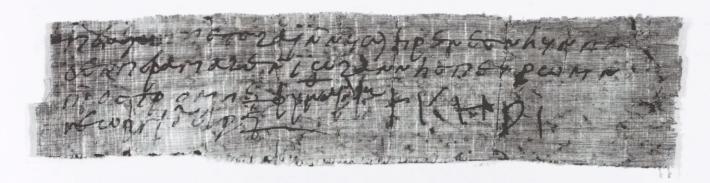




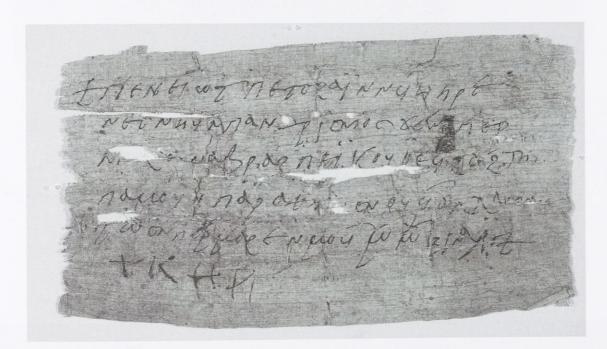
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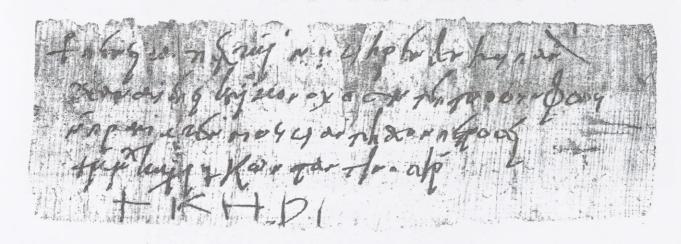




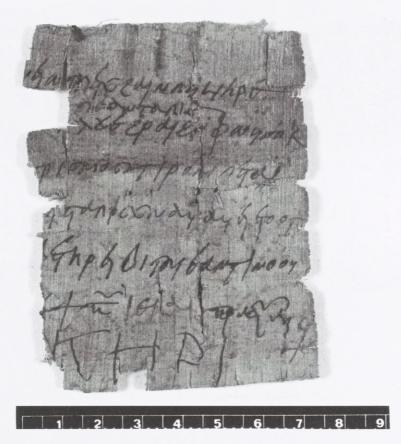
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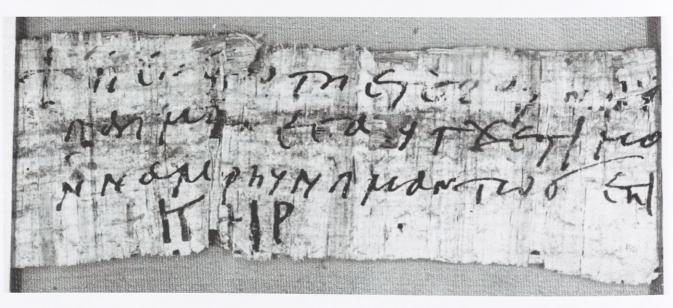
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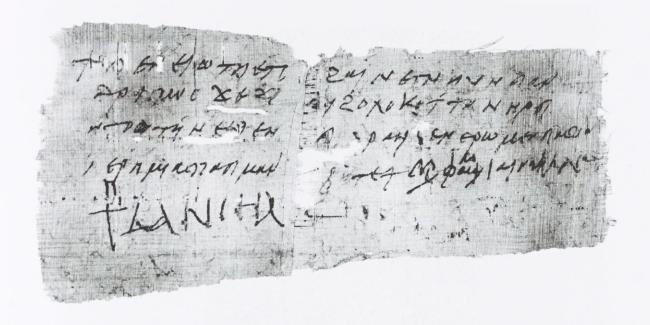
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No. 13

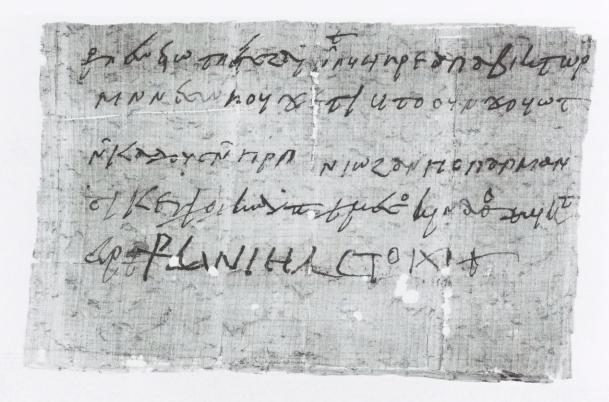


1 2 3 4 5

No. 14

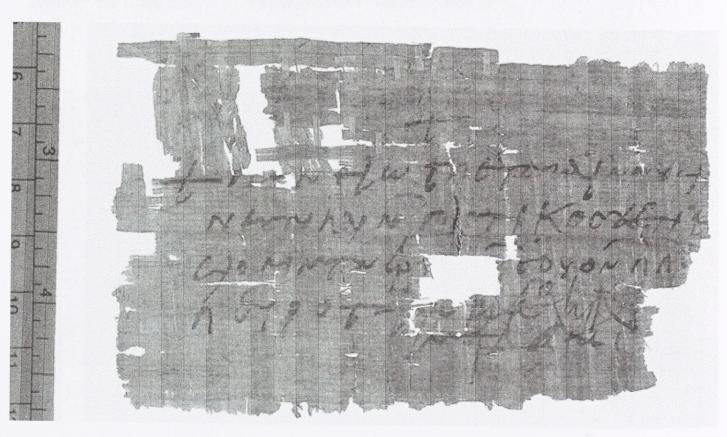
Androgen on forespinnen proportions

Appendix on for the constraint of the constrain

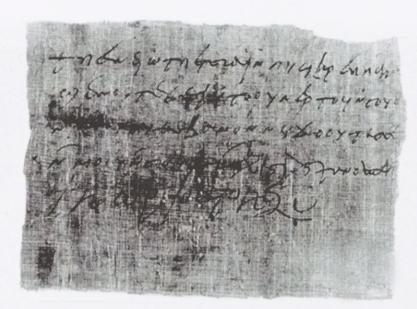


Se te 64 84 74 84 84 54 54 54 54 14 68 88 indiminished in the control of the cont

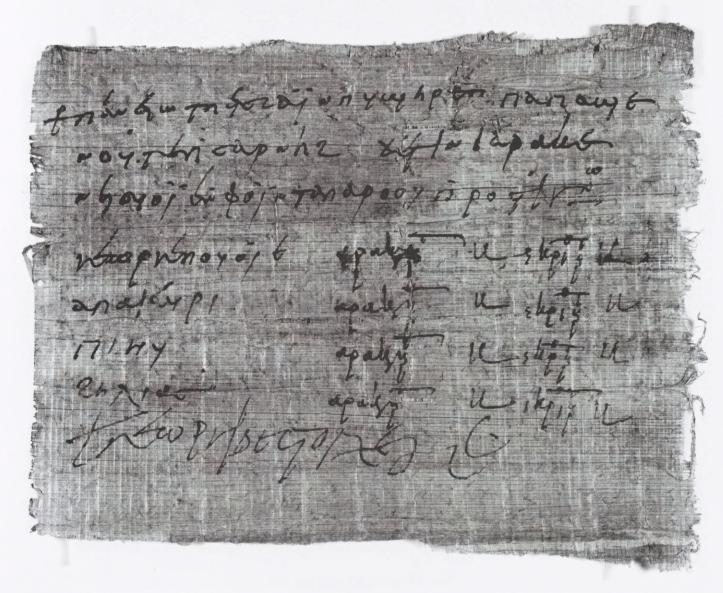
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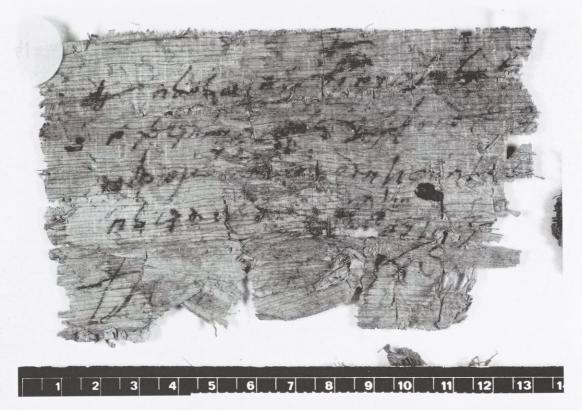


No. 17

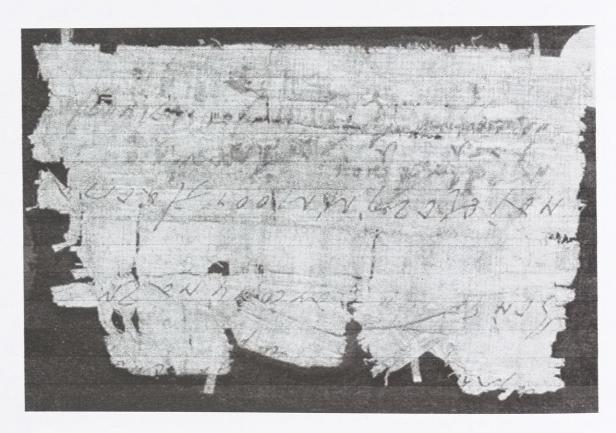


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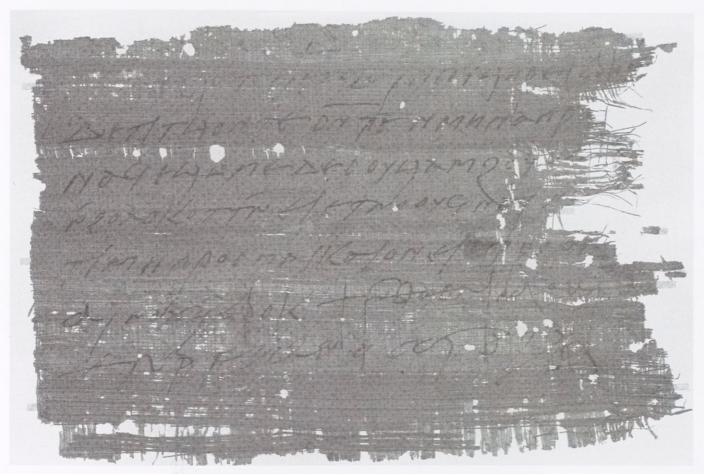




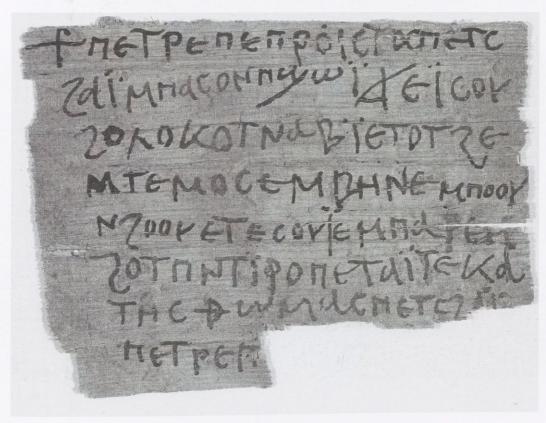
No. **19** side (B)



No. 19 side (A) and No. 86

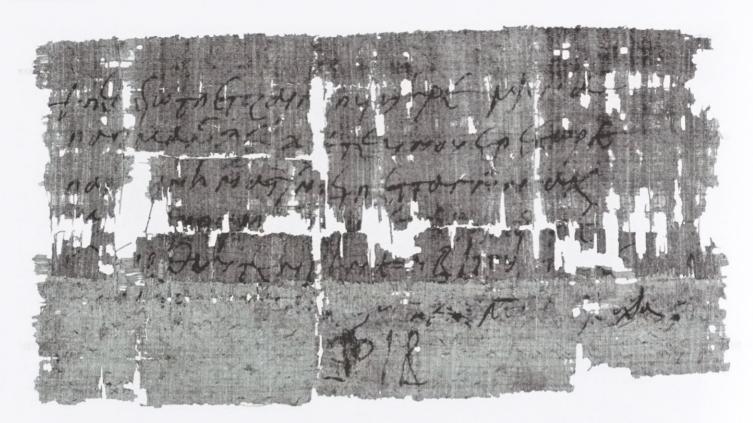


No. 21



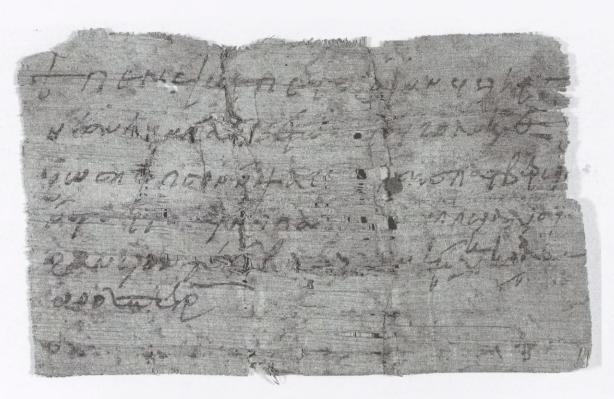
No. 22

## PLATE XII

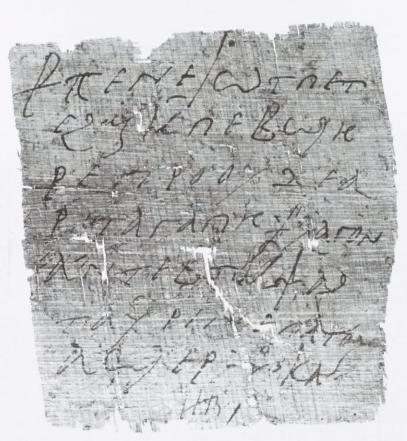


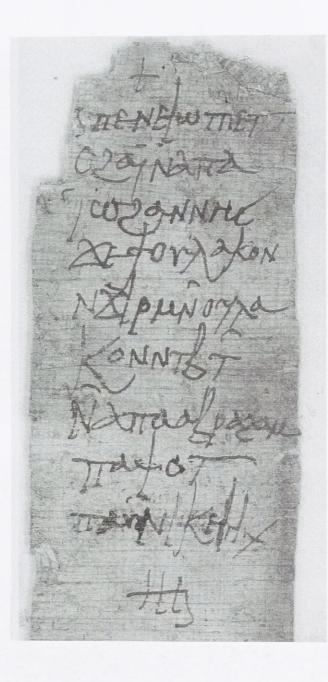
No. 23





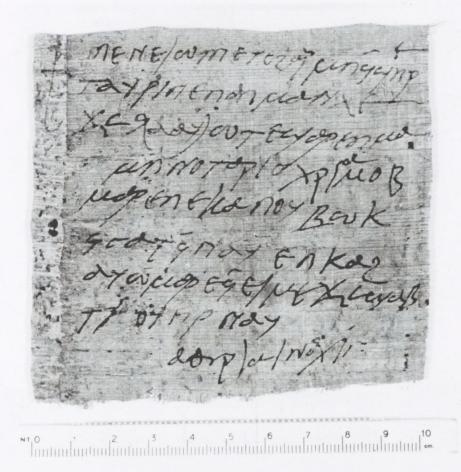
No. **25** 



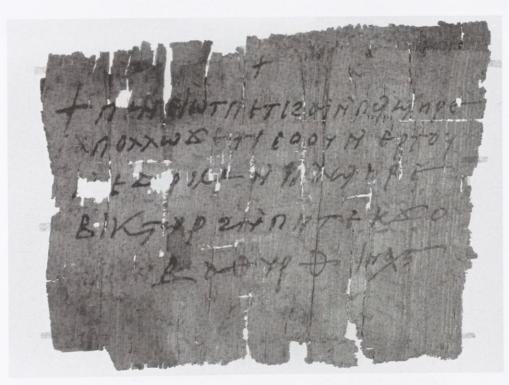


No. 27

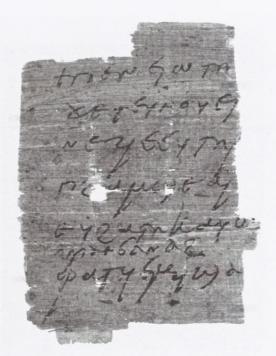




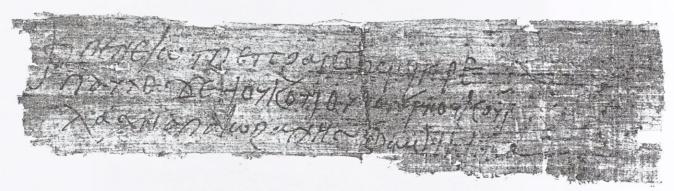
No. **29** 



No. 30



No. 31



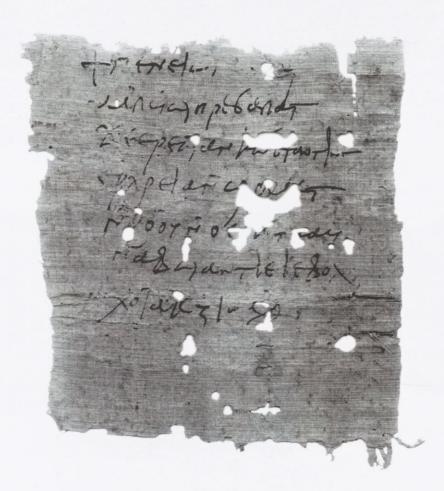
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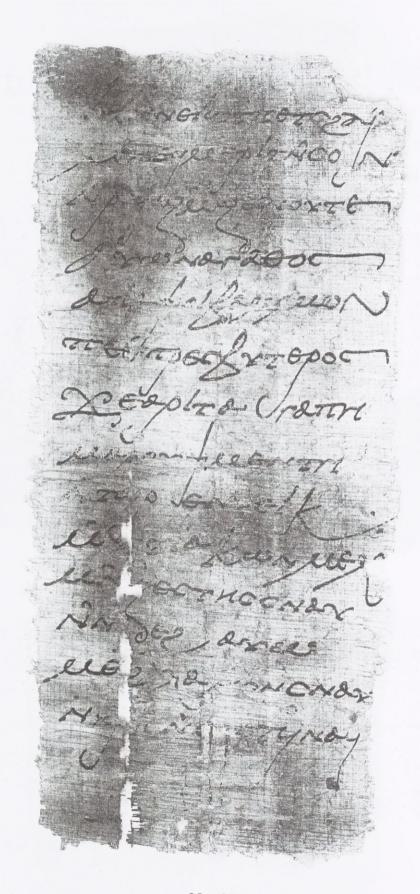


No. 33

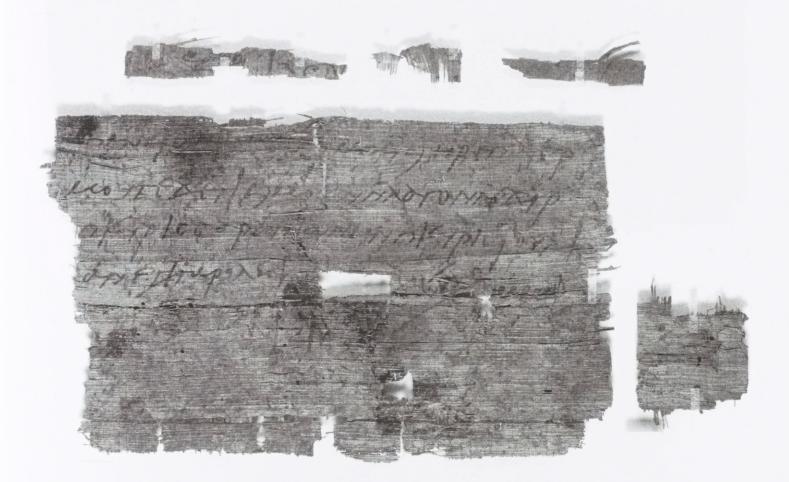


No. 34

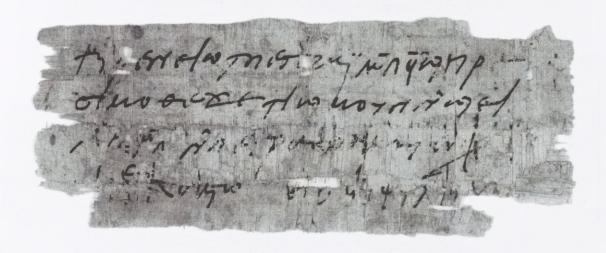




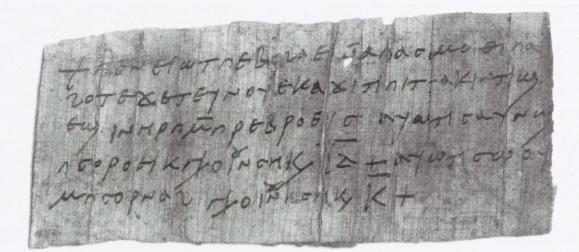
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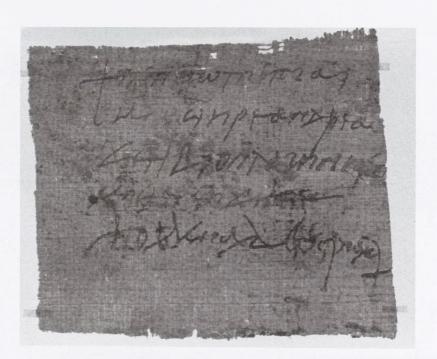
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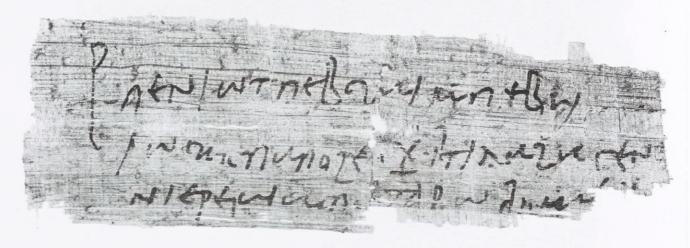
No. 39



No. 40



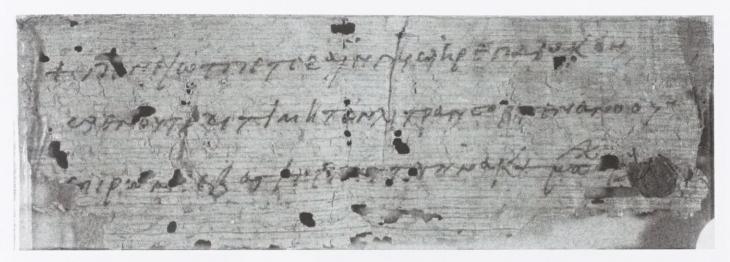
No. 41



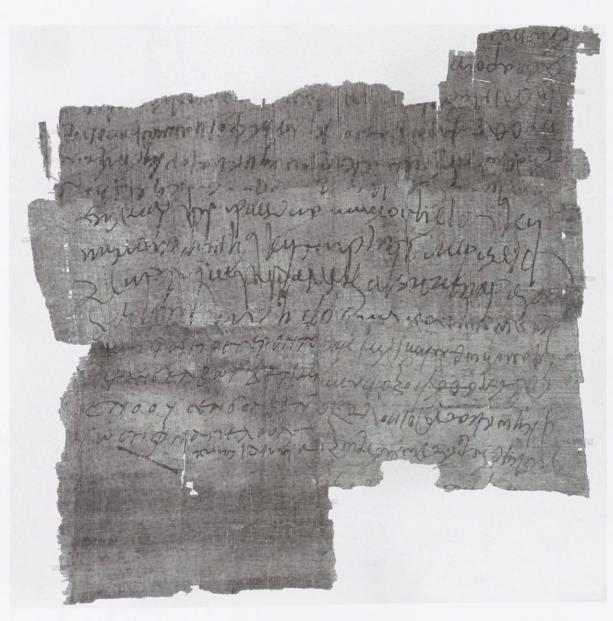
No. 42



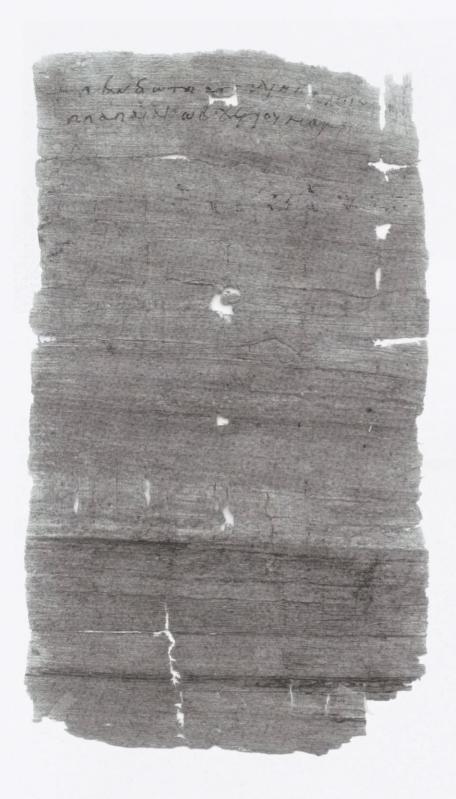
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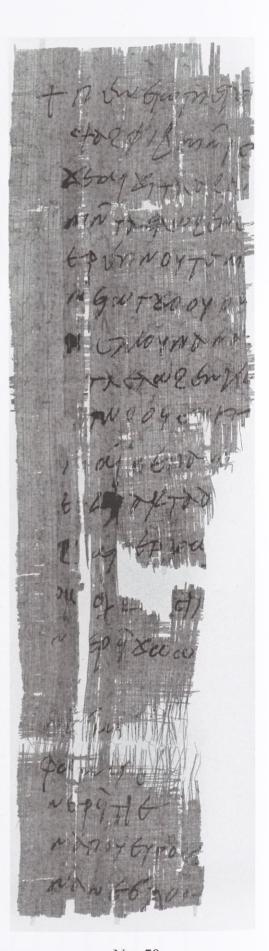
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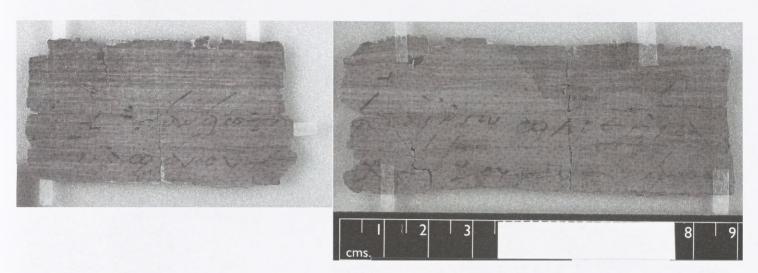
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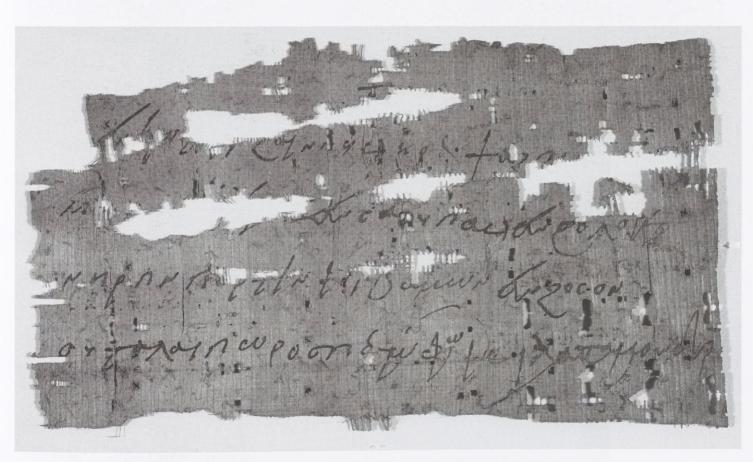
No. 45



No. **50** 

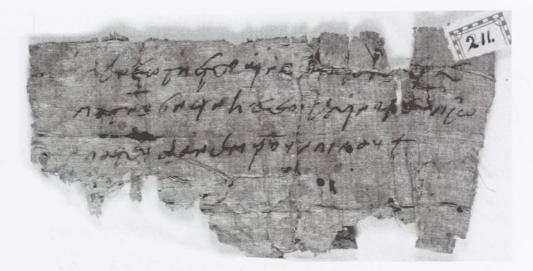


No. 46

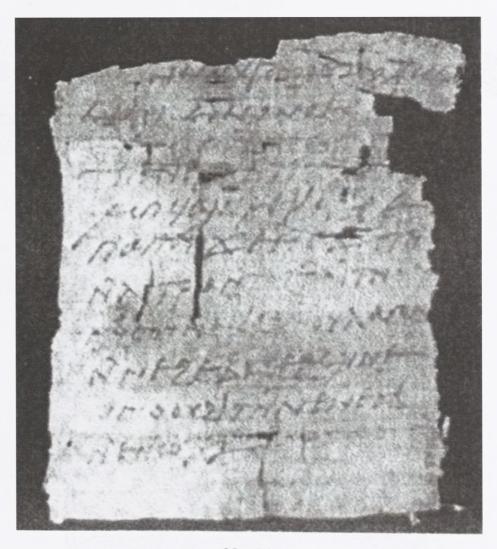


No. 47

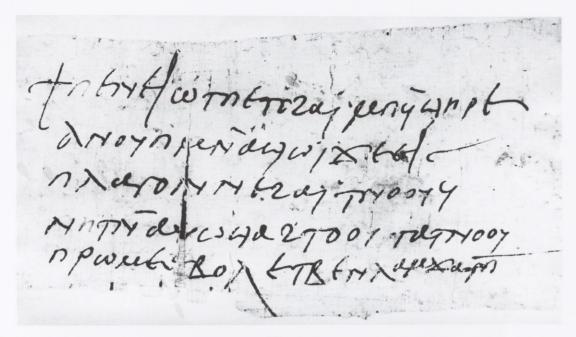
## PLATE XXIV



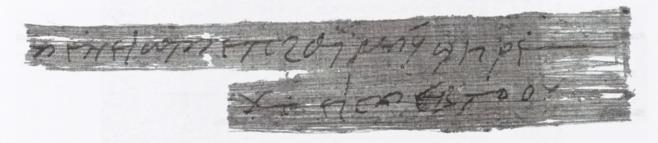
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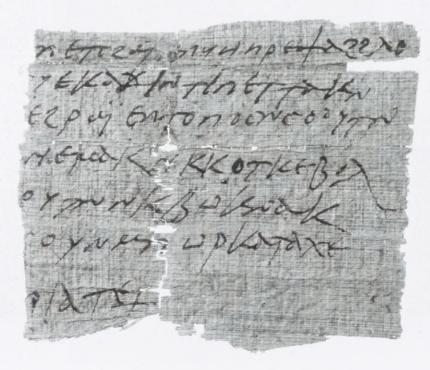
No. 54



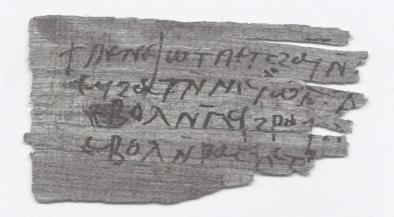
No. 55



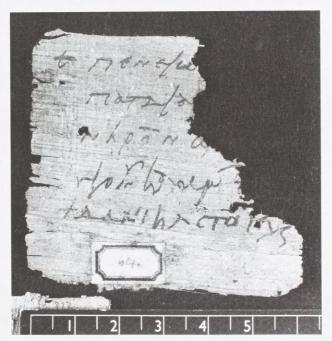
No. 56



No. 58



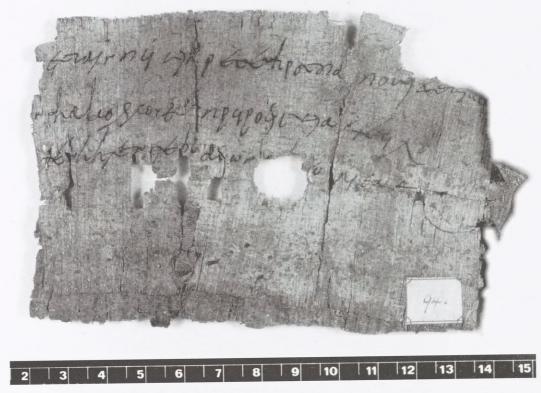
No. **59** 



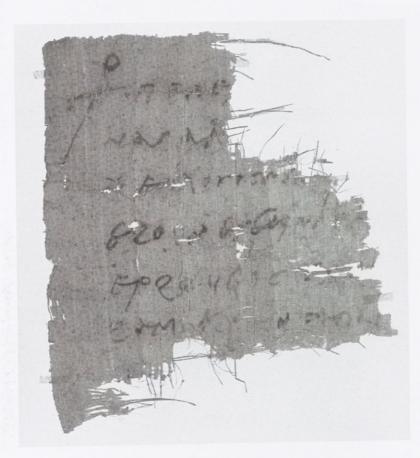
No. **60** 



No. **61** 



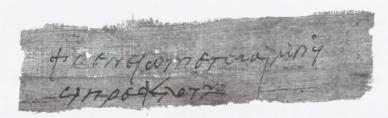
No. **63** 



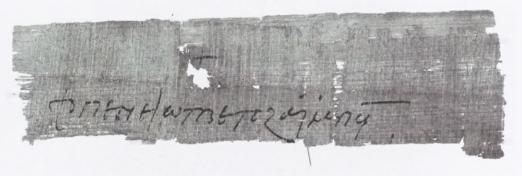
No. 65



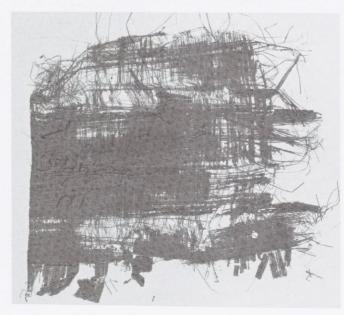
No. **66** 

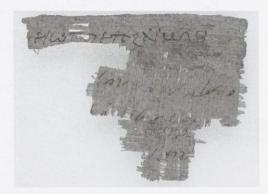


No. **67** 

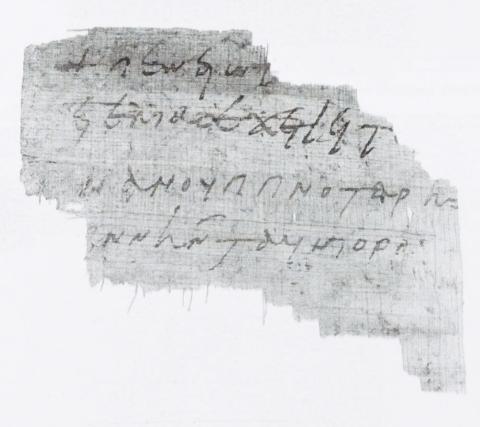


No. **68** 





No. **70** 



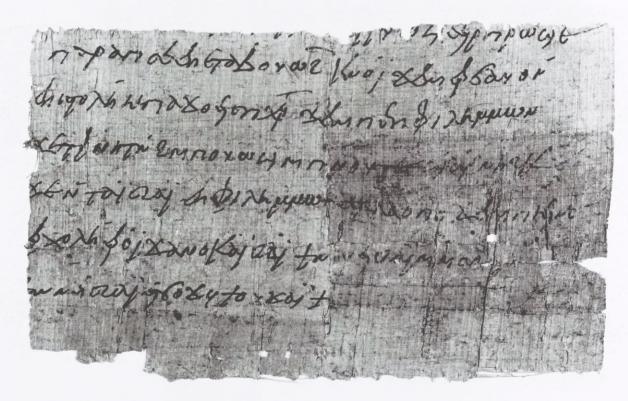
0 1 2 3 4 5 cm

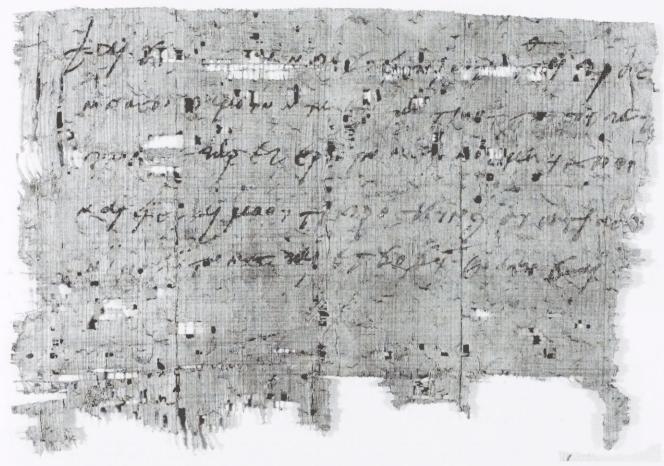
No. 71



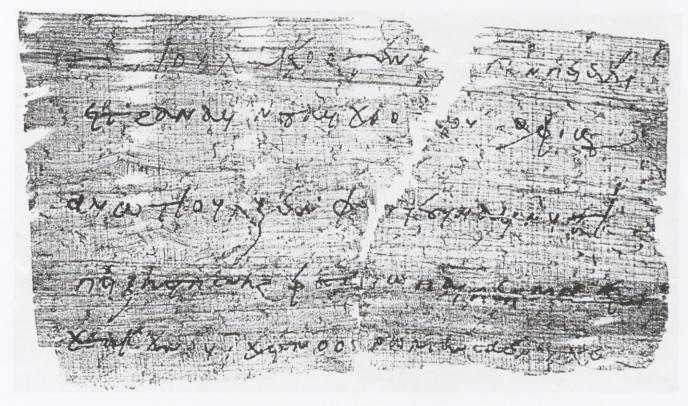


No. 72





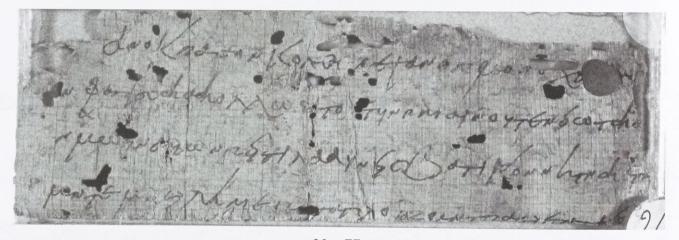
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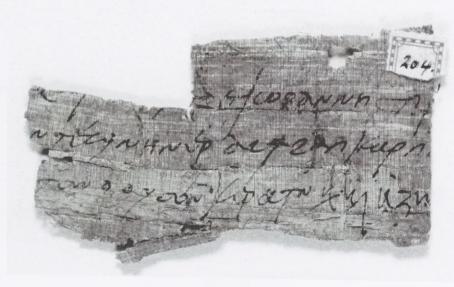
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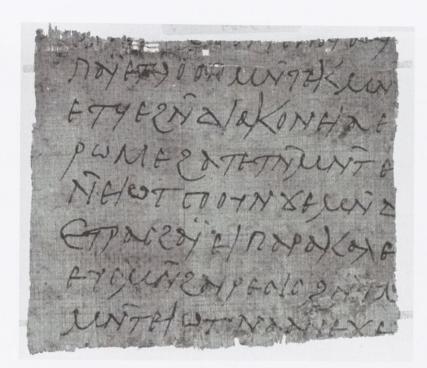
No. **76** 



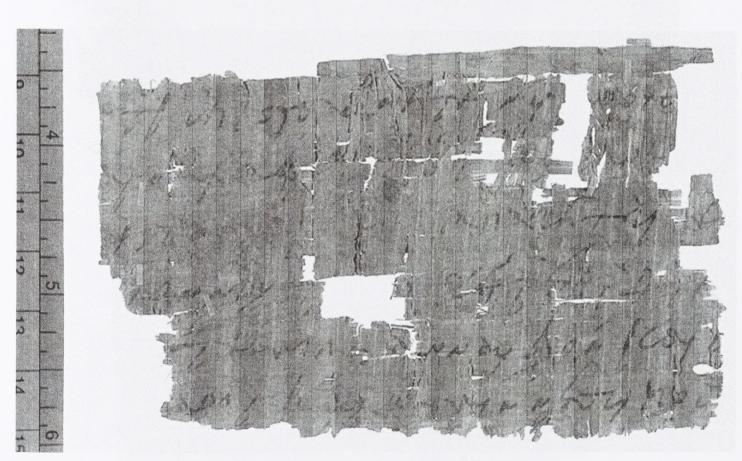
No. 77



No. 78



No. **79** 



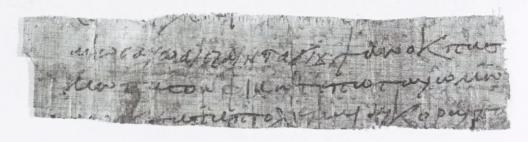
No. 80



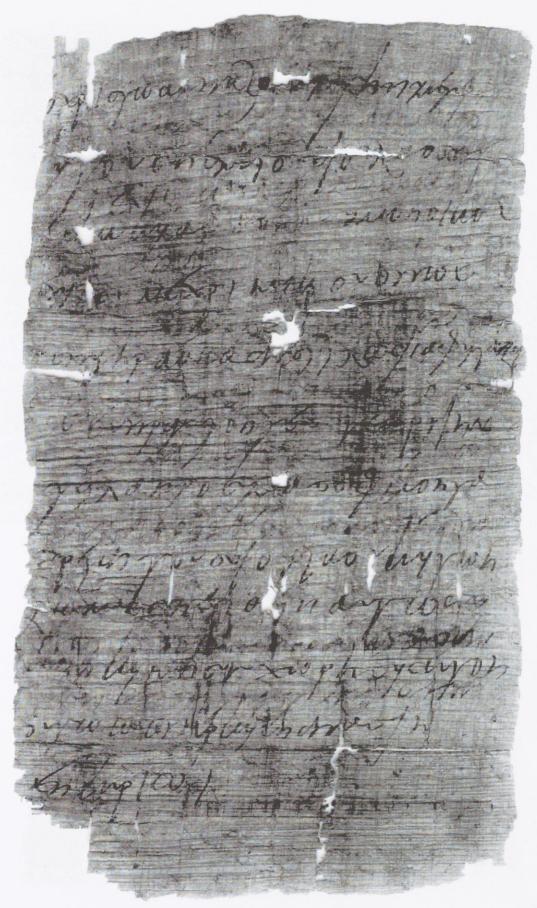
No. 81



No. 83

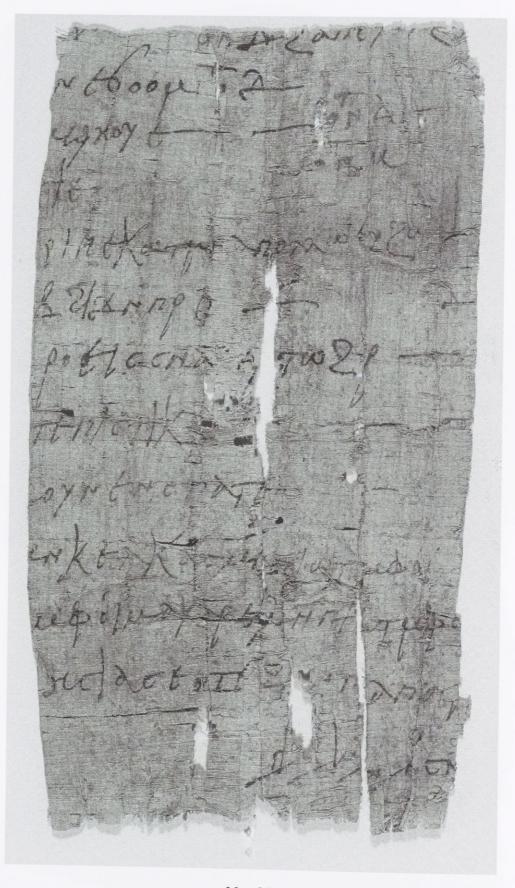


No. 84

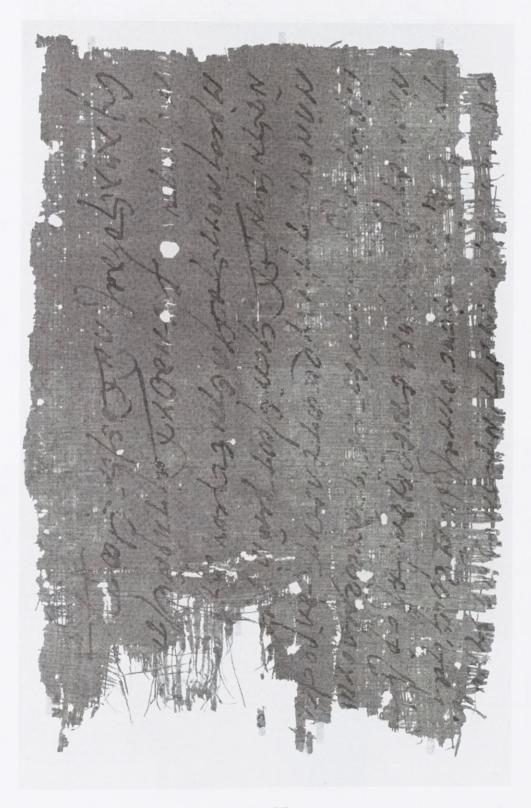


No. 82

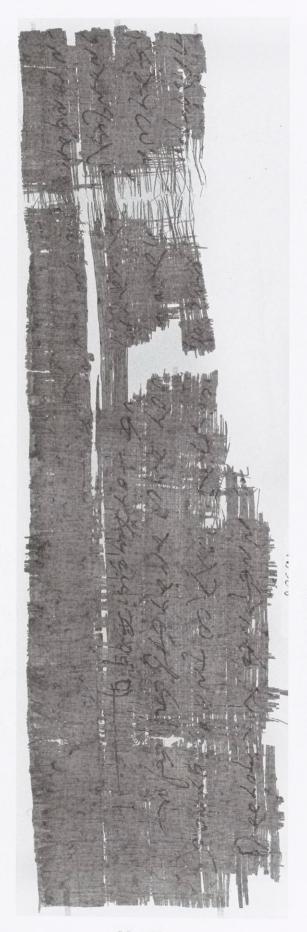
## PLATE XXXVI



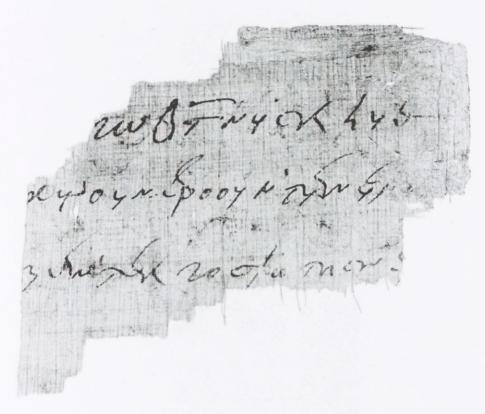
No. 85



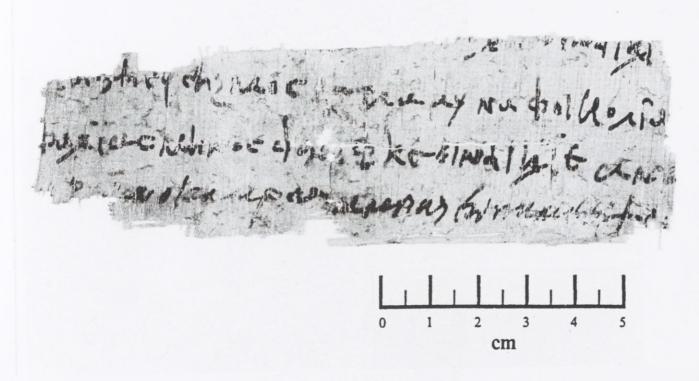
No. 87



No. 89

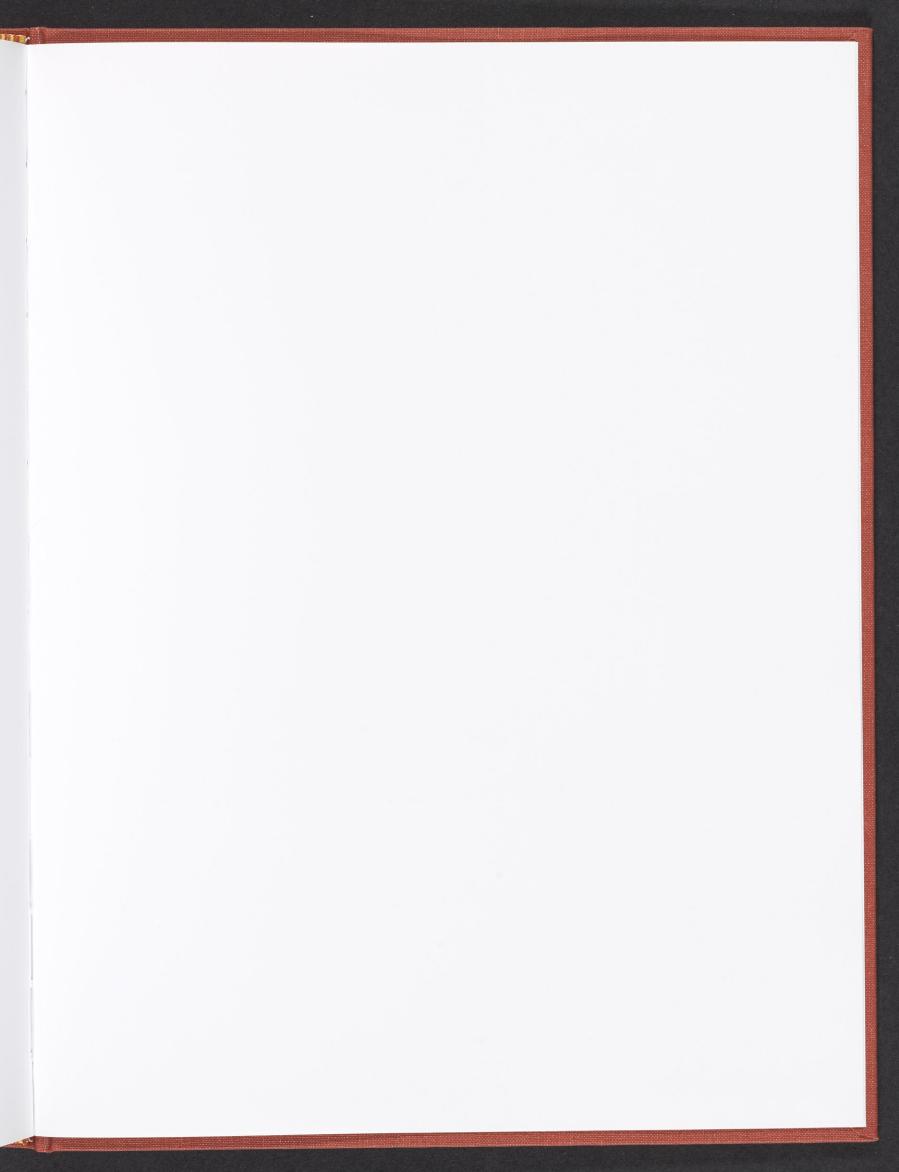


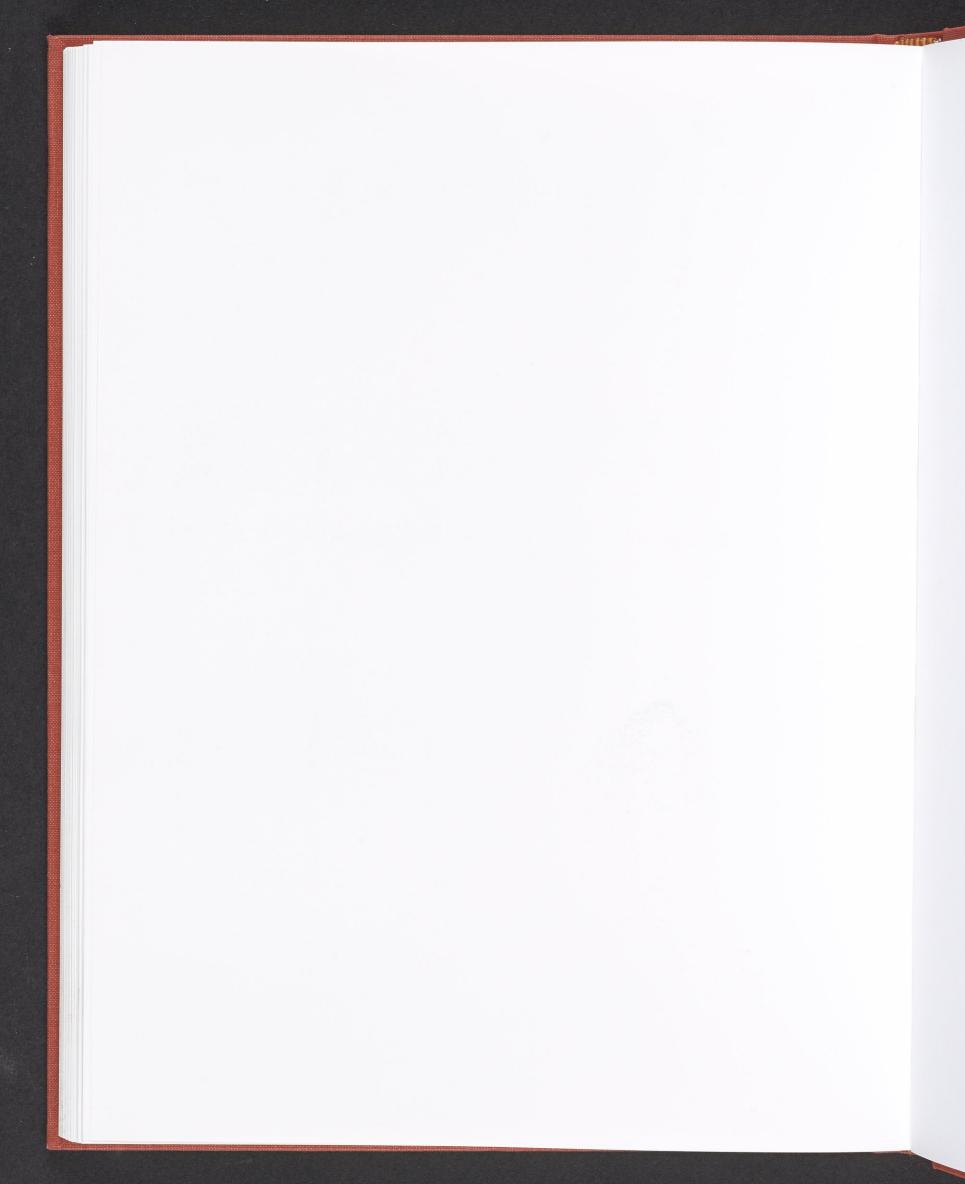
No. 90

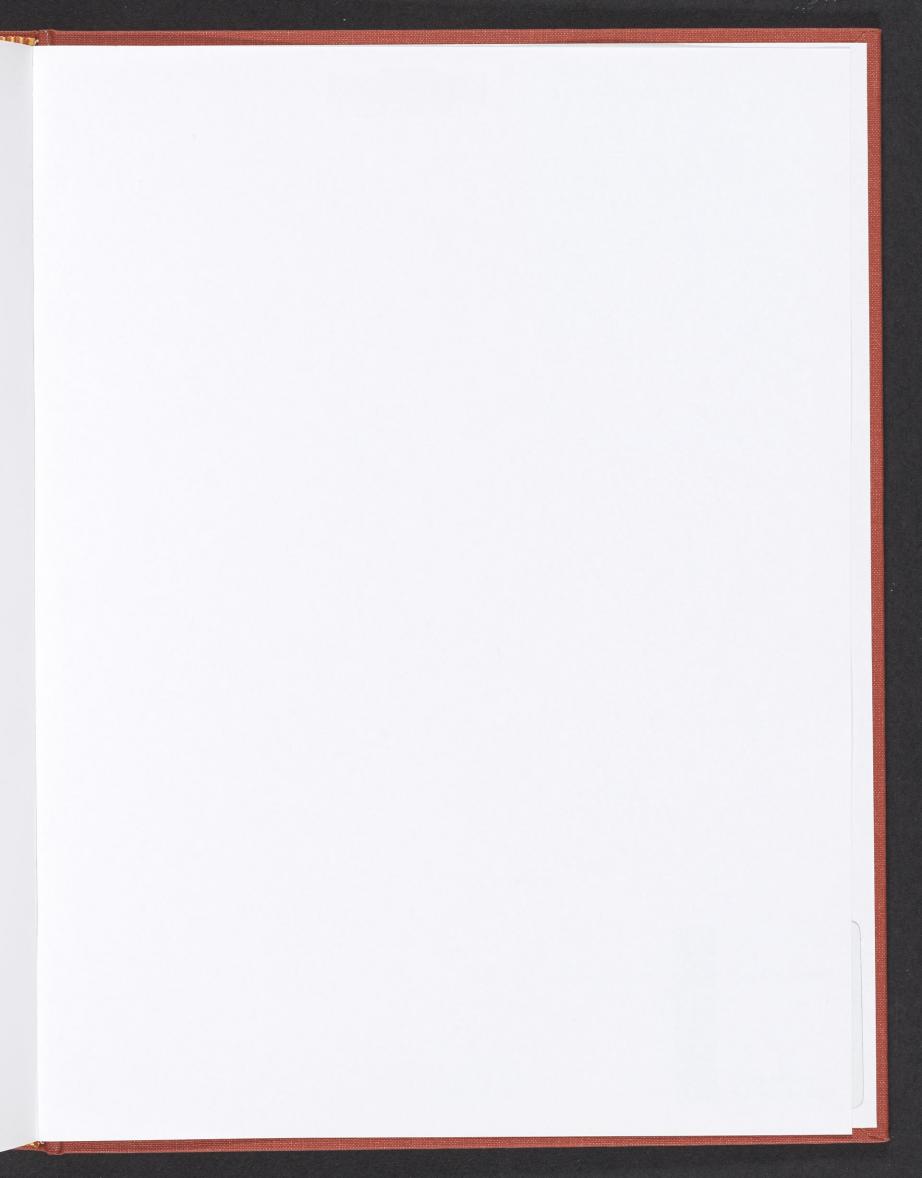


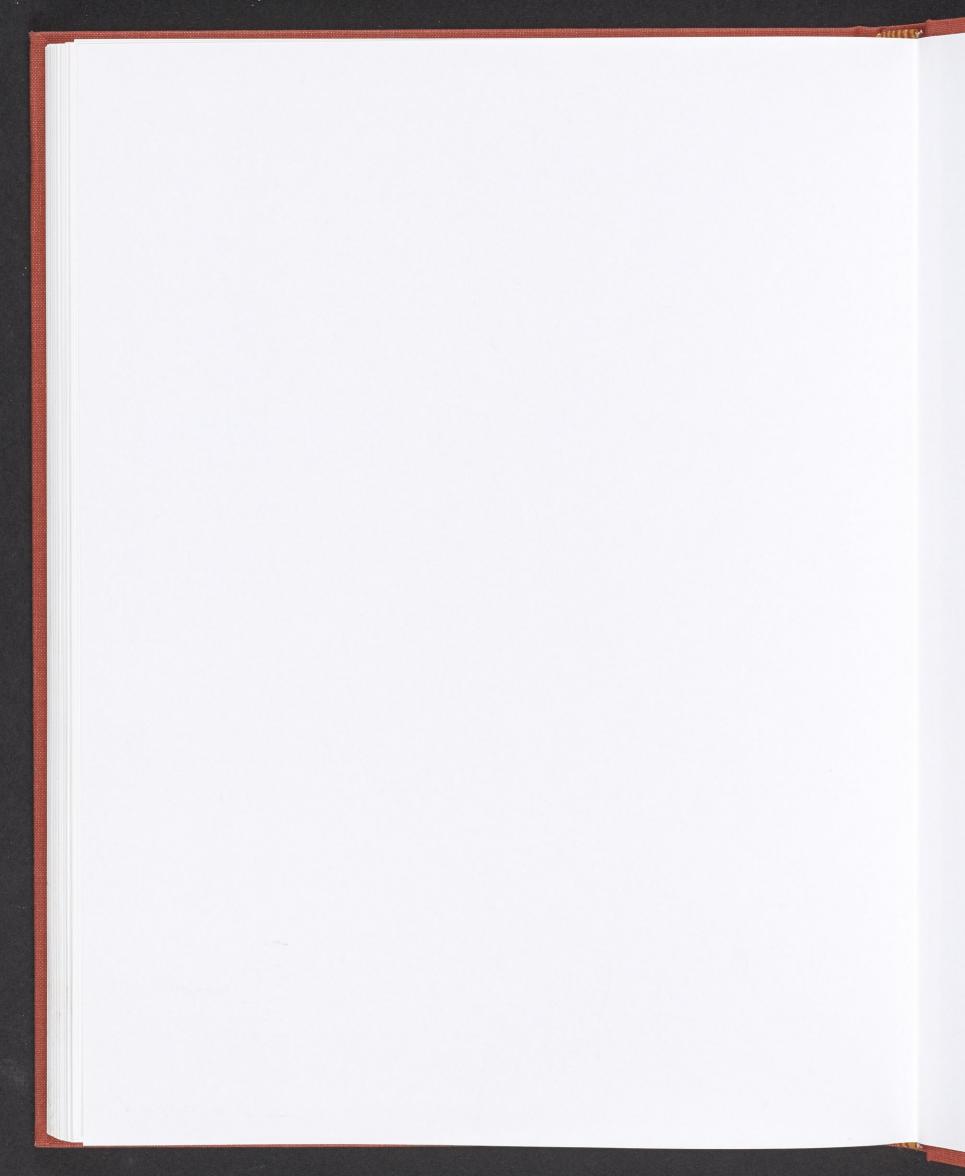
No. 91



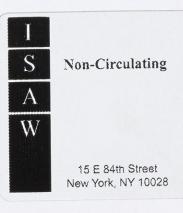












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